

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 183.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, JAN. 12, 1899.

TWO CENTS

FIGHT FOR SENATOR.

Both Houses Resumed at Harrisburg Today.

SENATORIAL SQUABBLE GROWS.

Jenks and Black Both After the Democratic Nomination—Quay Can't Be Elected as Long as the Anti-Quayites Remain Firm.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 12.—Both branches of the legislature reconvened this morning.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 12.—The selection of a successor to Matthew Stanley Quay in the United States senate created almost as much contention among the Democrats in the legislature as in the Republican ranks. With the Democracy the question was whether George A. Jenks of Brookville or Chauncey F. Black of York should be the nominee of today's caucus in the supreme court chamber. With the Republicans, it was the field against Senator Quay, with neither faction certain as to the outcome. The Republicans have a majority of 74 on joint ballot, and the only way the Democrats hope to win is by a split among the Republicans.

Senator Quay has a majority of votes to start with in his own party, but so long as the anti-Quay legislators stand together he cannot be re-elected. While the Democrats are divided on the selection of a candidate to be voted for against Quay they agree that the senator will not poll any Democratic votes. The senate and house will vote separately next Tuesday and jointly the following day. Many of the legislators are predicting that there will be a deadlock and that a senator will not be elected until after the trial of the Quay-Haywood conspiracy cases in the Philadelphia courts.

A new and interesting phase is placed on the election of a senator by the general agreement among the leaders that the man receiving a majority of the votes cast in the joint session of the legislature will be the next senator. On joint ballot there are 254 votes. A majority of these would be 128, therefore only 65 votes are necessary to a choice, assuming that only 128 or a bare majority are present. Of the 109 Republicans who voted in the caucus last week, 98 named Senator Quay as their choice. At that time it was agreed that the action of the caucus was binding upon all of those present and that Senator Quay still lacked 19 of the 128 necessary to elect. Under the condition, as it really exists, if a number of members are absent from sickness or other cause when the joint ballot is cast, it is possible that a much smaller number than 128 will decide the senatorship.

It was stated that a secret conference had been held between the leaders of the Quay faction and certain Democratic leaders with a view to preventing fusion on the senatorship between the Democrats and the anti-Quay Republicans. The Democrats who took part in the conference will, it is stated, endeavor to hold the 84 Democratic members of the legislature in line for a straightout Democrat, thus defeating the selection of an anti-Quay Republican.

Senator Quay reached Harrisburg from Washington to take personal direction of his campaign. Senator Penrose came with him.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Republican state committee an address was adopted calling upon the Republican members of the two houses to stand by the action of the senatorial caucus in naming Colonel Quay as the party's candidate for the United States senatorship. One paragraph accused John Wanamaker and Judge Gordon with unwarranted interference in Republican and Democratic affairs, Wanamaker being charged with trying to defeat Stone for governor and Gordon having been repudiated by his party as aspirant for the governorship.

The 13 Democratic senators and 71 members are to meet this morning to nominate their candidate. Col. James M. Guffey of Pittsburgh, member of the national Democratic committee; ex-Governor Pattison of Philadelphia, chairman John M. Garman of the state committee and other party leaders from over the state were here in Jenks' interest. Ex-Judge James Gay Gordon of Philadelphia, ex-Congressman Howard Mutchler of Easton and Jere S. Black, Jr., were directing Mr. Black's canvass.

Mr. Jenks' friends claimed he was entitled to the honor for having borne the brunt of the fight in the last gubernatorial campaign. He was the Democratic nominee and was beaten by over 100,000 plurality by Governor-elect Stone. The Jenks people said it was the party custom to accord this honor to the defeated candidate for governor. Mr. Black was the nominee about two years ago and was claiming the nomination on the ground that Jenks promised him his support during the campaign.

Senator William Flinn of Allegheny, chairman of the 53 Republican senators and members who refused to take part in any senatorial caucus until Senator Quay had been acquitted of the conspiracy charges, and secretary of the Commonwealth David Martin of Philadelphia were directing the movements of the opposition. The anti caucus leg-

islators were intending to have a secret conference this morning to outline their plan of campaign for next Tuesday.

Ex-Postmaster General Wanamaker and a committee from the Business Men's League were also on the ground fighting Quay. They reached the city from Philadelphia and were joined by Congressman John Dalzell of Pittsburgh, Charles W. Stone of Warren and other prominent anti-Quay leaders.

JUST TO FILIPINOS.

Foraker Said This Country Would So Act—Self-Government Can Be Determined.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Mr. Foraker (O.) addressed the senate in opposition to the declaration of the Vest resolution that the United States has no constitutional power to acquire foreign territory to be maintained as colonies. While much of his speech was devoted to a constitutional argument in support of the right of this country as a nation to acquire and govern outlying territory, he gave particular attention to the utterances that have been made in contravention of that position, especially those of Mr. Vest and Mr. Hoar. He laid down the broad proposition that to adopt the Vest resolution was to declare that our fathers had brought forth a nation that was inferior to all other nations regardless of the generally accepted idea that one nation was the equal of another and all equally restricted. He maintained that the right to acquire territory was an inherent right of nationality, and that as we have the right to make war and to enter into treaty agreements, it follows logically that we have the power to acquire territory by conquest and to assume the responsibilities that may accrue therefrom.

In answer to a query by Mr. Hoar, Mr. Foraker said:

"With the determination of the ultimate policy respecting the Philippines these feelings will have much to do. No one, so far as I am able to learn, is preparing by force and violence to take and hold them. I am willing to trust the administration. I have no sympathy with those who talk of making war on Aguinaldo any more than I had with those who talked of making war on Gomez."

"I repeat," continued Mr. Foraker, "that we had four choices as to what we should do and I affirm that the president acted wisely. It is now for congress to investigate whether the Filipinos are capable of self-government and whether they desire self-government. We will know in a short time what the feeling of the islands is. Then we can act intelligently and I know we will act justly."

In conclusion, Mr. Foraker said he would place in the record the recent proclamation of the president to the insurgents as a declaration of the spirit and purpose of the United States. When he took his seat there was a demonstration of approval from the galleries which was unchecked by the presiding officer.

At the conclusion of Mr. Foraker's speech Mr. Allen (Neb.) continued briefly the debate upon the constitutional questions relating to the acquisition of the Philippines. He combated the position taken by Mr. Foraker, maintaining that the United States government could not constitutionally acquire the Philippine islands without the ultimate object in view of admitting them into the union as a state.

HIGH LICENSE FOR ALASKA.

This a Provision of the Criminal Laws Passed In the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The house completed and passed the bill for the codification of the criminal laws of Alaska, upon which it has been working intermittently for a week. An amendment was adopted providing a high license system in the territory with a species of local option. Liquor dealers, by its provisions, are to pay a license of \$1,000 per year, and the consent of a majority of the white citizens residing within two miles of a liquor dealer's establishment must be obtained before a license can issue.

An attempt to recommit the bill for the purpose of securing the adoption of a provision excluding convicts from service on juries was defeated.

THE PEACE TREATY REPORTED.

A Motion Made to Have Public Debates In the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Senator Davis reported the peace treaty when the senate convened in executive session, stating that it had not been amended in any respect in the committee.

Senator Barry moved that the debate upon the treaty should be conducted in open senate, but the motion went over until today. There were only casual remarks upon the policy of publicity and these were generally favorable to the removal of the secrecy injunction from the treaty and as generally opposed to the opening of the doors of the senate for the debate upon the treaty.

Senator Davis gave notice that he would ask for the earliest possible consideration, giving the impression that he would move to take up the treaty today.

M. E. Freedmen's Aid Society.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 12.—The Freedmen's Aid society of the Methodist church was holding its annual session here. Part of the session was devoted to hearing reports and routine business.

COMPLAINED OF OTIS.

Americans From Manila Said He Was Inactive.

ALARMING REPORT TO MADRID.

Rios Sent Word That the Rebels Were About to Attack Manila—New Proposition For Control Eminating From Madrid—Opinion In Washington.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Daily Mail publishes the following dispatch from Hongkong:

"The Americans who are arriving here from Manila complain bitterly of the inaction of Major General Otis, particularly in leaving the Manila water supply at the mercy of the rebels. They say a collision between the Americans and insurgents is inevitable. Aguinaldo's dispatches to the Filipino junta here have been stopped."

MADRID, Jan. 12.—General Rios, the Spanish commander, cabled from Manila reiterating the assertion that the situation of affairs in the Philippine islands was most grave. The rebels, it appeared, were concentrating in the neighborhood of Manila with the intention of attacking that place. Great preparations were being made for the defense of the city. The Spanish general also asserted that the natives of the Visayas had again refused to permit the Americans to land, threatening to resist by force if an attempt was made to do so. The Americans, therefore, according to General Rios, had abandoned the idea of disembarking and he confirmed a previous statement to the effect that they were unwilling to bombard Iloilo "because the European houses are soaked with petroleum with the view of being set alight by the American shells."

General Rios also alleged the rebels were determined to fight the Americans before reinforcements arrived from the United States.

In conclusion, General Rios said Aguinaldo's proclamation had "produced immense enthusiasm among the rebels."

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Madrid correspondent of The Times said:

"It is not to the advantage of Spain that a settlement in the Philippines is delayed. The fact is fully realized that Spanish shipping is suffering from the uncertainty as well as the interests of the religious orders whose property is at stake and many of whose members are prisoners."

"It is not true that the Spanish commanders have been ordered to give the Americans trouble. Spain desires to bury the hatchet. A scheme is being seriously discussed for the government of the Philippines by an international company, or by three companies like the British South African company, which would be more acceptable to the natives than the rule of the United States and would enable Spanish investments without loss of markets in the archipelago."

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Berlin correspondent of The Standard says that Prof. Blumentritt, Aguinaldo's representative there, wrote to The Tagblatt as follows:

"The Americans, being addicted to drink, are less able to fight in the tropics than the sober Spaniards. A guerrilla war could be kept up for six or eight years, during which the inevitable conflict between the powers in Eastern Asia would afford the Filipinos a chance."

"All the Jesuits and Benedictines are at liberty; only the other orders have been kept prisoners. The former are now pro-American, because American rule offers the only hope of retrieving their fortunes. Ill treatment of prisoners is severely punished, while nuns are not molested, most of them being natives. The Americans imagine they can buy the insurgent army for \$3,000,000, but the Filipinos anticipate that an American party inspired by Washington's spirit will yet come into power and grant them independence."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—At the war department, when inquiry was made relative to a report that there had been a meeting near Manila of a commission selected jointly by General Otis and Aguinaldo, it was pointed out that under the large discretionary authority conferred upon him by the department and in conformity with the president's express instructions to exhaust all peaceful means of adjusting the difficulty with the insurgents, General Otis had full authority to adopt such a course without asking express permission from the department.

A rather interesting question was raised by the meeting of this commission as to whether it did or did not constitute a recognition of the insurgents, but the general opinion was that it did not, the matter being one of purely internal concern, with which no foreign nation had a right to interfere. Meanwhile the meeting of the commission had served at least to avert the crisis which seemed impending in the Philippines and there was now fair grounds for the supposition that the statu quo would be maintained, at least until the ratification of the pending peace treaty.

Depew to Address Railroaders.

CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—Arrangements were completed for a congress of rail-

way employees to be held in this city, Feb. 18, under the auspices of the Railway and Telegraph Employees' Political League. Chauncey M. Depew of New York will deliver an address.

DEFENDED THE BEEF.

Employees of Several Companies Testified. A Volunteer Nurse Told of the Seneca.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The war investigating commission examined as witnesses several employees of Libby, McNeill & Libby and Armour & Co., packers. All testified that the beef furnished the government, including tinned beef, was good and no chemical process was used for its preservation.

Jeannette Jennings, a newspaper woman and a volunteer worker of the Red Cross, told her experience as a nurse aboard the Seneca. She was sent aboard her to care for the sick who were returning from Cuba. She said that except for a single case of beef extract the vessel had not aboard it a single article for the use of the sick. The captain was very attentive and supplied many meals to the sick soldiers from the passengers' table, but he protested before starting that the vessel had not been cleaned and was in no condition to receive sick or convalescents and that she had no supplies nor even eating utensils for the sick aboard.

Witness, seeing this condition, had hastily collected as many supplies as possible from the Texas, but the time did not permit getting much.

The ship passengers, who were foreign attaches and correspondents, gave up their state rooms to the sick and with the hastily collected supplies, the ship managed to get through without losing a patient.

Transferred to American Flag.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Jan. 12.—The Menendez line of steamers, the most important Cuban coastwise mail company, transferred all its vessels from the Spanish to the American flag, celebrating the event here at a luncheon given on board the Josefita.

RYAN AN OLD TIME BANDIT.

Identified as the Leader in a Recent Robbery.

MANSFIELD, Mo., Jan. 12.—Bryum, the self-confessed trainrobber, positively identified John Kennedy, arrested in Kansas City, as the organizer and leader of the gang who held up and robbed a Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis passenger train at Macomb, Mo.

Kennedy was identified beyond question of doubt as Bill Ryan, the famous bandit, who was connected with the Jesse James gang for many years. Ryan carried scars received in some of his raids. Kennedy was brought here from Kansas City for his preliminary hearing.

FIFIELD REFUSED THE PLACE.

Jonathan Ross Accepted the Vacant U. S. Senatorship From Vermont.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., Jan. 12.—Hon. B. F. Fifield of Montpelier notified Governor Smith that on account of family reasons he was compelled to decline the appointment as United States senator to succeed the late Senator Morrill. The appointment was at once offered to Hon. Jonathan Ross of St. Johnsbury, chief justice of the supreme court of Vermont.

Ross accepted the appointment, resigning his office as chief justice.

Jonathan Ross was born in Waterford, Vt., April 30, 1826. He is a lawyer, was elected to the state supreme court in 1870, and in 1890 he was elected to the chief justiceship, which position he held until he sent in his resignation.

WRANGLING AMONG MINERS.

Trouble Over Proposal to Send a Committee For Certain Books.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 12.—After much delay and a recess the miners' national convention was called together again to hear a report from a special committee appointed to learn the progress of the investigations appointed to go over the books of the organization. This special committee stated that the records of the organization were not complete and a motion was offered to send a committee to Indianapolis to get the books of the Indiana organization.

Hot discussions occurred between Warner and Dolan and Hatchford and McBride and others. Hot discussion occurred for and against sending a committee for the books.

To Provide Consumptive Hospital.

ALBANY, Jan. 12.—The report of the special committee of the senate to investigate the question of the spread of consumption found that consumption was contagious and recommended that the state establish a hospital or hospitals for the treatment of cases of tuberculosis, the hospital to be located somewhere in the forest preserve in the Adirondack mountains, the site to be selected by trustees and approved by the forest preserve board. An accompanying bill provided for an appropriation of \$200,000.

Brought Back Sick Soldiers.

HAMPTON, Va., Jan. 12.—The United States hospital ship Relief, with 135 sick and convalescent soldiers from Santiago de Cuba and Ponce, Porto Rico, arrived at Old Point. The patients were transferred to the Josiah Simpson general hospital. Only 18 were too ill to walk.

MORE MUSTERED OUT.

The Fourth Kentucky Ordered Sent Home.

OTHER VOLUNTEERS TO FOLLOW.

Remaining Organizations In Southern Camps May Get Orders by Feb. 1. Those Afar to Be Released Last—Those In Philippines to Have Preference.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Orders were issued by Maj. Gen. Miles for the muster out of the Fourth Kentucky volunteer infantry now in camp at Anderson, Ala., officers and men to be provided transportation to their places of enrollment in Kentucky. The Sixty-ninth New York infantry is the only one of the volunteer regiments recently selected for honorable discharge that will be mustered out at its home station. The others are expected to be all mustered out at their present stations in the south.

In the selection of regiments for muster out the main consideration has been the interests of the government, and in every case the selection fell upon organizations whose services could be spared with the least impairment to the policy of the administration for the use of the military in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines. Consequently, the troops on duty in those countries will be the last of the volunteers to be mustered out. The volunteers in the Philippines are likely to be the first of those abroad selected for discharge. There will be no general discharge of regulars who enlisted till the war was over and until after the ratification of the treaty of peace with Spain.

If no more reinforcements were needed in Cuba and the Philippines between now and the Feb. 1, it was stated on good authority that all the remaining volunteer organizations held in reserve in southern camps would be mustered out within the next few weeks.

Wheeler Head For Pensions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—General Wheeler appeared before the house committee on pensions and made a fervid appeal for a special pension bill giving to the widows and relatives of those who fell at Santiago and other battles of the Spanish war an amount commensurate with the gallantry of those who lost their lives.

War Vessels Left Callao.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Captain Barker cabled the navy department from Callao, Peru, that he was about to sail with the Oregon, the Scindia and the Iris directly to Honolulu, on the way to Manila. At the same time the battleship Iowa started northward for San Francisco in company with the collier Justin and the supply steamer Celtic.

BAD YEAR FOR WOOL.

A Discouraging Report Was Made by North—New Officers Chosen.

BOSTON, Jan. 12.—The thirty-fourth annual meeting of National Wool Manufacturers' association was held here. William H. Haile was re-elected president; Benjamin Phipps, treasurer; S. N. D. North, secretary.

Secretary North's report was an exhaustive review of the year. He said in part:

The number of failures and assignments in the wool manufacture have been larger probably than in any previous year since the panic of 1857.

These many disasters among woolen mills are not due merely to the bad business conditions of the current year. They are the culmination of a series of years of short business at less than living prices.

The year's experience has again sharply raised the question whether it is not possible, by concerted action, to provide and enforce some remedy for the vicious methods of business which have crept into the trade.

The secretary then gave statistics showing the total foreign value of the imports of wools of every description for consumption under the present tariff, under the McKinley tariff and under the Wilson tariff, and said:

These figures enable us to be sure that foreign goods are no longer a serious element in the market situation, except as a few of those 18-month old importations may be still unsold.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED.

Skaters on the Way Home Struck by a Train, Near Irwin, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 12.—Four persons were run down and instantly killed by an express train near Larimer station, on the Pennsylvania railroad. The list of the dead was as follows:

Mary Miller, 17 years old.
Thomas Miller, her brother, 23 years old.

Albert Watson, aged 17 years.
Walter Brown, 20 years.

About a mile from Larimer is a pond known as the "Bald Eagle" dam, which affords skating for the young people in that vicinity. The victims of the accident had been skating there and were on their way home when killed.

Universalists' Convention Met.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The trustees of the general convention of Universalists met here. The chief business was the appointment of a missionary to Japan, appropriations and the election of a financial secretary.

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 183.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, JAN. 12, 1899.

TWO CENTS

FIGHT FOR SENATOR.

Both Houses Resumed at Harrisburg Today.

SENATORIAL SQUABBLE GROWS.

Jenks and Black Both After the Democratic Nomination—Quay Can't Be Elected as Long as the Anti-Quayites Remain Firm.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 12.—Both branches of the legislature reconvened this morning.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 12.—The selection of a successor to Matthew Stanley Quay in the United States senate created almost as much contention among the Democrats in the legislature as in the Republican ranks. With the Democracy the question was whether George A. Jenks of Brookville or Chauncey F. Black of York should be the nominee of today's caucus in the supreme court chamber. With the Republicans, it was the field against Senator Quay, with neither faction certain as to the outcome. The Republicans have a majority of 74 on joint ballot, and the only way the Democrats hope to win is by a split among the Republicans.

Senator Quay has a majority of votes to start with in his own party, but so long as the anti-Quay legislators stand together he cannot be re-elected. While the Democrats are divided on the selection of a candidate to be voted for against Quay they agree that the senator will not poll any Democratic votes. The senate and house will vote separately next Tuesday and jointly the following day. Many of the legislators, are predicting that there will be a deadlock and that a senator will not be elected until after the trial of the Quay-Haywood conspiracy cases in the Philadelphia courts.

A new and interesting phase is placed on the election of a senator by the general agreement among the leaders that the man receiving a majority of the votes cast in the joint session of the legislature will be the next senator. On joint ballot there are 254 votes. A majority of these would be 128, therefore only 65 votes are necessary to a choice, assuming that only 128 or a bare majority are present. Of the 109 Republicans who voted in the caucus last week, 98 named Senator Quay as their choice. At that time it was agreed that the action of the caucus was binding upon all of those present and that Senator Quay still lacked 19 of the 128 necessary to elect. Under the condition, as it really exists, if a number of members are absent from sickness or other cause when the joint ballot is cast, it is possible that a much smaller number than 128 will decide the senatorship.

It was stated that a secret conference had been held between the leaders of the Quay faction and certain Democratic leaders with a view to preventing fusion on the senatorship between the Democrats and the anti-Quay Republicans. The Democrats who took part in the conference will, it is stated, endeavor to hold the 84 Democratic members of the legislature in line for a straightout Democrat, thus defeating the selection of an anti-Quay Republican.

Senator Quay reached Harrisburg from Washington to take personal direction of his campaign. Senator Penrose came with him.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Republican state committee an address was adopted calling upon the Republican members of the two houses to stand by the action of the senatorial caucus in naming Colonel Quay as the party's candidate for the United States senatorship. One paragraph accused John Wanamaker and Judge Gordon with unwarranted interference in Republican and Democratic affairs, Wanamaker being charged with trying to defeat Stone for governor and Gordon having been repudiated by his party as aspirant for the governorship.

The 13 Democratic senators and 71 members are to meet this morning to nominate their candidate. Col. James M. Guffey of Pittsburgh, member of the national Democratic committee; ex-Governor Pattison of Philadelphia, chairman John M. Garman of the state committee and other party leaders from over the state were here in Jenks' interest. Ex-Judge James Gay Gordon of Philadelphia, ex-Congressman Howard Mutchler of Easton and Jere S. Black, Jr., were directing Mr. Black's canvass.

Mr. Jenks' friends claimed he was entitled to the honor for having borne the brunt of the fight in the last gubernatorial campaign. He was the Democratic nominee and was beaten by over 100,000 plurality by Governor-elect Stone. The Jenks people said it was the party custom to accord this honor to the defeated candidate for governor. Mr. Black was the nominee about two years ago and was claiming the nomination on the ground that Jenks promised him his support during the campaign.

Senator William Flinn of Allegheny, chairman of the 53 Republican senators and members who refused to take part in any senatorial caucus until Senator Quay had been acquitted of the conspiracy charges, and secretary of the Commonwealth David Martin of Philadelphia were directing the movements of the opposition. The anti-caucus leg-

islators were intending to have a secret conference this morning to outline their plan of campaign for next Tuesday.

Ex-Postmaster General Wanamaker and a committee from the Business Men's League were also on the ground fighting Quay. They reached the city from Philadelphia and were joined by Congressman John Dalzell of Pittsburgh, Charles W. Stone of Warren and other prominent anti-Quay leaders.

JUST TO FILIPINOS.

Foraker Said This Country Would So Act—Self-Government Can Be Determined.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Mr. Foraker (O.) addressed the senate in opposition to the declaration of the Vest resolution that the United States has no constitutional power to acquire foreign territory to be maintained as colonies. While much of his speech was devoted to a constitutional argument in support of the right of this country as a nation to acquire and govern outlying territory, he gave particular attention to the utterances that have been made in contravention of that position, especially those of Mr. Vest and Mr. Hoar. He laid down the broad proposition that to adopt the Vest resolution was to declare that our fathers had brought forth a nation that was inferior to all other nations regardless of the generally accepted idea that one nation was the equal of another and all equally restricted. He maintained that the right to acquire territory was an inherent right of nationality, and that as we have the right to make war and to enter into treaty agreements, it follows logically that we have the power to acquire territory by conquest and to assume the responsibilities that may accrue therefrom.

In answer to a query by Mr. Hoar, Mr. Foraker said:

"With the determination of the ultimate policy respecting the Philippines these feelings will have much to do. No one, so far as I am able to learn, is preparing by force and violence to take and hold them. I am willing to trust the administration. I have no sympathy with those who talk of making war on Aguinaldo any more than I had with those who talked of making war on Gomez."

"I repeat," continued Mr. Foraker, "that we had four choices as to what we should do and I affirm that the president acted wisely. It is now for congress to investigate whether the Filipinos are capable of self-government and whether they desire self-government. We will know in a short time what the feeling of the islands is. Then we can act intelligently and I know we will act justly."

In conclusion, Mr. Foraker said he would place in the record the recent proclamation of the president to the insurgents as a declaration of the spirit and purpose of the United States. When he took his seat there was a demonstration of approval from the galleries which was unchecked by the presiding officer.

At the conclusion of Mr. Foraker's speech Mr. Allen (Neb.) continued briefly the debate upon the constitutional questions relating to the acquisition of the Philippines. He combated the position taken by Mr. Foraker, maintaining that the United States government could not constitutionally acquire the Philippine islands without the ultimate object in view of admitting them into the union as a state.

HIGH LICENSE FOR ALASKA.

This a Provision of the Criminal Laws Passed in the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The house completed and passed the bill for the codification of the criminal laws of Alaska, upon which it has been working intermittently for a week. An amendment was adopted providing a high license system in the territory with a species of local option. Liquor dealers, by its provisions, are to pay a license of \$1,000 per year, and the consent of a majority of the white citizens residing within two miles of a liquor dealer's establishment must be obtained before a license can issue.

An attempt to recommit the bill for the purpose of securing the adoption of a provision excluding convicts from service on juries was defeated.

THE PEACE TREATY REPORTED.

A Motion Made to Have Public Debates in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Senator Davis reported the peace treaty when the senate convened in executive session, stating that it had not been amended in any respect in the committee.

Senator Barry moved that the debate upon the treaty should be conducted in open senate, but the motion went over until today. There were only casual remarks upon the policy of publicity and these were generally favorable to the removal of the secrecy injunction from the treaty and as generally opposed to the opening of the doors of the senate for the debate upon the treaty.

Senator Davis gave notice that he would ask for the earliest possible consideration, giving the impression that he would move to take up the treaty today.

M. E. Freedmen's Aid Society.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 12.—The Freedmen's Aid society of the Methodist church was holding its annual session here. Part of the session was devoted to hearing reports and routine business.

COMPLAINED OF OTIS.

Americans From Manila Said He Was Inactive.

ALARMING REPORT TO MADRID.

Rios Sent Word That the Rebels Were About to Attack Manila—New Proposition For Control Eminent From Madrid—Opinion in Washington.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Daily Mail publishes the following dispatch from Hongkong:

"The Americans who are arriving here from Manila complain bitterly of the inaction of Major General Otis, particularly in leaving the Manila water supply at the mercy of the rebels. They say a collision between the Americans and insurgents is inevitable. Aguinaldo's dispatches to the Filipino junta here have been stopped."

MADRID, Jan. 12.—General Rios, the Spanish commander, cabled from Manila reiterating the assertion that the situation of affairs in the Philippine islands was most grave. The rebels, it appeared, were concentrating in the neighborhood of Manila with the intention of attacking that place. Great preparations were being made for the defense of the city. The Spanish general also asserted that the natives of the Visayas had again refused to permit the Americans to land, threatening to resist by force if an attempt was made to do so. The Americans, therefore, according to General Rios, had abandoned the idea of disembarking and he confirmed a previous statement to the effect that they were unwilling to bombard Iloilo "because the European houses are soaked with petroleum with the view of being set alight by the American shells."

General Rios also alleged the rebels were determined to fight the Americans before reinforcements arrived from the United States.

In conclusion, General Rios said Aguinaldo's proclamation had "produced immense enthusiasm among the rebels."

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Madrid correspondent of The Times said:

"It is not to the advantage of Spain that a settlement in the Philippines is delayed. The fact is fully realized that Spanish shipping is suffering from the uncertainty as well as the interests of the religious orders whose property is at stake and many of whose members are prisoners."

"It is not true that the Spanish commanders have been ordered to give the Americans trouble. Spain desires to bury the hatchet. A scheme is being seriously discussed for the government of the Philippines by an international company, or by three companies like the British South African company, which would be more acceptable to the natives than the rule of the United States and would enable Spanish investments without loss of markets in the archipelago."

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Berlin correspondent of The Standard says that Prof. Blumentritt, Aguinaldo's representative there, wrote to The Tageblatt as follows:

"The Americans, being addicted to drink, are less able to fight in the tropics than the sober Spaniards. A guerrilla war could be kept up for six or eight years, during which the inevitable conflict between the powers in Eastern Asia would afford the Filipinos a chance."

"All the Jesuits and Benedictines are at liberty; only the other orders have been kept prisoners. The former are now pro-American, because American rule offers the only hope of retrieving their fortunes. Ill treatment of prisoners is severely punished, while nuns are not molested, most of them being natives. The Americans imagine they can buy the insurgent army for \$3,000,000, but the Filipinos anticipate that an American party inspired by Washington's spirit will yet come into power and grant them independence."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—At the war department, when inquiry was made relative to a report that there had been a meeting near Manila of a commission selected jointly by General Otis and Aguinaldo, it was pointed out that under the large discretionary authority conferred upon him by the department and in conformity with the president's express instructions to exhaust all peaceful means of adjusting the difficulty with the insurgents, General Otis had full authority to adopt such a course without asking express permission from the department.

A rather interesting question was raised by the meeting of this commission as to whether it did or did not constitute a recognition of the insurgents, but the general opinion was that it did not, the matter being one of purely internal concern, with which no foreign nation had a right to interfere. Meanwhile the meeting of the commission had served at least to avert the crisis which seemed impending in the Philippines and there was now fair grounds for the supposition that the statu quo would be maintained, at least until the ratification of the pending peace treaty.

Depew to Address Railroaders.

CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—Arrangements were completed for a congress of rail-

way employees to be held in this city, Feb. 18, under the auspices of the Railway and Telegraph Employees' Political League. Chauncey M. Depew of New York will deliver an address.

DEFENDED THE BEEF.

Employees of Several Companies Testified. A Volunteer Nurse Told of the Seneca.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The war investigating commission examined as witnesses several employees of Libby, McNeill & Libby and Armour & Co., packers. All testified that the beef furnished the government, including tinned beef, was good and no chemical process was used for its preservation.

Jeannette Jennings, a newspaper woman and a volunteer worker of the Red Cross, told her experience as a nurse aboard the Seneca. She was sent aboard her to care for the sick who were returning from Cuba. She said that except for a single case of beef extract the vessel had not aboard it a single article for the use of the sick. The captain was very attentive and supplied many meals to the sick soldiers from the passengers' table, but he protested before starting that the vessel had not been cleaned and was in no condition to receive sick or convalescents and that she had no supplies nor even eating utensils for the sick aboard.

Witness, seeing this condition, had hastily collected as many supplies as possible from the Texas, but the time did not permit getting much.

The ship passengers, who were foreign attaches and correspondents, gave up their state rooms to the sick and with the hastily collected supplies, the ship managed to get through without losing a patient.

Transferred to American Flag.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Jan. 12.—The Menendez line of steamers, the most important Cuban coastwise mail company, transferred all its vessels from the Spanish to the American flag, celebrating the event here at a luncheon given on board the Josefita.

RYAN AN OLD TIME BANDIT.

Identified as the Leader in a Recent Robbery.

MANSFIELD, Mo., Jan. 12.—Brynm, the self-confessed train robber, positively identified John Kennedy, arrested in Kansas City, as the organizer and leader of the gang who held up and robbed a Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis passenger train at Macomb, Mo.

Kennedy was identified beyond question of doubt as Bill Ryan, the famous bandit, who was connected with the Jesse James gang for many years. Ryan carried scars received in some of his raids. Kennedy was brought here from Kansas City for his preliminary hearing.

FIFIELD REFUSED THE PLACE.

Jonathan Ross Accepted the Vacant U. S. Senatorship From Vermont.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., Jan. 12.—Hon. B. F. Fifield of Montpelier notified Governor Smith that on account of family reasons he was compelled to decline the appointment as United States senator to succeed the late Senator Morrill. The appointment was at once offered to Hon. Jonathan Ross of St. Johnsbury, chief justice of the supreme court of Vermont.

Ross accepted the appointment, resigning his office as chief justice.

Jonathan Ross was born in Waterford, Vt., April 30, 1826. He is a lawyer, was elected to the state supreme court in 1870, and in 1890 he was elected to the chief justiceship, which position he held until he sent in his resignation.

WRANGLING AMONG MINERS.

Trouble Over Proposal to Send a Committee For Certain Books.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 12.—After much delay and a recess the miners' national convention was called together again to hear a report from a special committee appointed to learn the progress of the investigators appointed to go over the books of the organization. This special committee stated that the records of the organization were not complete and a motion was offered to send a committee to Indianapolis to get the books of the Indiana organization.

Hot discussions occurred between Warner and Dolan and Hatchford and McBride and others. Hot discussion occurred for and against sending a committee for the books.

To Provide Consumptive Hospital.

ALBANY, Jan. 12.—The report of the special committee of the senate to investigate the question of the spread of consumption found that consumption was contagious and recommended that the state establish a hospital or hospitals for the treatment of cases of tuberculosis, the hospital to be located somewhere in the forest preserve in the Adirondack mountains, the site to be selected by trustees and approved by the forest preserve board. An accompanying bill provided for an appropriation of \$200,000.

Brought Back Sick Soldiers.

HAMPTON, Va., Jan. 12.—The United States hospital ship Relief, with 135 sick and convalescent soldiers from Santiago de Cuba and Ponce, Porto Rico, arrived at Old Point. The patients were transferred to the Josiah Simpson general hospital. Only 18 were too ill to walk.

MORE MUSTERED OUT.

The Fourth Kentucky Ordered Sent Home.

OTHER VOLUNTEERS TO FOLLOW.

Remaining Organizations in Southern Camps May Get Orders by Feb. 1. Those Afraid to Be Released Last—Those in Philippines to Have Preference.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Orders were issued by Maj. Gen. Miles for the muster out of the Fourth Kentucky volunteer infantry now in camp at Anderson, Ala., officers and men to be provided transportation to their places of enrollment in Kentucky. The Sixty-ninth New York infantry is the only one of the volunteer regiments recently selected for honorable discharge that will be mustered out at its home station. The others are expected to be all mustered out at their present stations in the south.

In the selection of regiments for muster out the main consideration has been the interests of the government, and in every case the selection fell upon organizations whose services could be spared with the least impairment to the policy of the administration for the use of the military in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines. Consequently, the troops on duty in those countries will be the last of the volunteers to be mustered out. The volunteers in the Philippines are likely to be the first of those abroad selected for discharge. There will be no general discharge of regulars who enlisted till the war was over and until after the ratification of the treaty of peace with Spain.

If no more reinforcements were needed in Cuba and the Philippines between now and the Feb. 1, it was stated on good authority that all the remaining volunteer organizations held in reserve in southern camps would be mustered out within the next few weeks.

Wheeler Pleads For Pensions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—General Wheeler appeared before the house committee on pensions and made a fervid appeal for a special pension bill giving to the widows and relatives of those who fell at Santiago and other battles of the Spanish war an amount commensurate with the gallantry of those who lost their lives.

War Vessels Left Callao.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Captain Barker cabled the navy department from Callao, Peru, that he was about to sail with the Oregon, the Scindia and the Iris directly to Honolulu, on the way to Manila. At the same time the battleship Iowa started northward for San Francisco in company with the collier Justin and the supply steamer Celtic.

BAD YEAR FOR WOOL.

A Discouraging Report Was Made by North—New Officers Chosen.

BOSTON, Jan. 12.—The thirty-fourth annual meeting of National Wool Manufacturers' association was held here. William H. Haile was re-elected president; Benjamin Phipps, treasurer; S. N. D. North, secretary.

Secretary North's report was an exhaustive review of the year. He said in part:

"The number of failures and assignments in the wool manufacture have been larger probably than in any previous year since the panic of 1857."

These many disasters among woolen mills are not due merely to the bad business conditions of the current year. They are the culmination of a series of years of short business at less than living prices.

The year's experience has again sharply raised the question whether it is not possible, by concerted action, to provide and enforce some remedy for the vicious methods of business which have crept into the trade.

The secretary then gave statistics showing the total foreign value of the imports of wools of every description for consumption under the present tariff, under the McKinley tariff and under the Wilson tariff, and said:

"These figures enable us to be sure that foreign goods are no longer a serious element in the market situation, except as a few of those long-moth old importations may be still unsold."

FOUR PERSONS KILLED.

Skaters on the Way Home Struck by a Train, Near Irwin, Pa.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 12.—Four persons were run down and instantly killed by an express train near Larimer station, on the Pennsylvania railroad. The list of the dead was as follows: Mary Miller, 17 years old.

Thomas Miller, her brother, 23 years old.

Albert Watson, aged 17 years.

Walter Brown, 20 years.

About a mile from Larimer is a pond known as the "Bald Eagle" dam, which affords skating for the young people in that vicinity. The victims of the accident had been skating there and were on their way home when killed.

Universalists' Convention Met.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The trustees of the general convention of Universalists met here. The chief business was the appointment of a missionary to Japan, appropriations and the election of a financial secretary.

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 183.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, JAN. 12, 1899.

TWO CENTS

FIGHT FOR SENATOR.

Both Houses Resumed at Harrisburg Today.

SENATORIAL SQUABBLE GROWS.

Jenks and Black Both After the Democratic Nomination—Quay Can't Be Elected as Long as the Anti-Quayites Remain Firm.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 12.—Both branches of the legislature reconvened this morning.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 12.—The selection of a successor to Matthew Stanley Quay in the United States senate created almost as much contention among the Democrats in the legislature as in the Republican ranks. With the Democracy the question was whether George A. Jenks of Brookville or Chauncey F. Black of York should be the nominee of today's caucus in the supreme court chamber. With the Republicans, it was the field against Senator Quay, with neither faction certain as to the outcome. The Republicans have a majority of 74 on joint ballot, and the only way the Democrats hope to win is by a split among the Republicans.

Senator Quay has a majority of votes to start with in his own party, but so long as the anti-Quay legislators stand together he cannot be re-elected. While the Democrats are divided on the selection of a candidate to be voted for against Quay they agree that the senator will not poll any Democratic votes. The senate and house will vote separately next Tuesday and jointly the following day. Many of the legislators are predicting that there will be a deadlock and that a senator will not be elected until after the trial of the Quay-Haywood conspiracy cases in the Philadelphia courts.

A new and interesting phase is placed on the election of a senator by the general agreement among the leaders that the man receiving a majority of the votes cast in the joint session of the legislature will be the next senator. On joint ballot there are 254 votes. A majority of these would be 128, therefore only 65 votes are necessary to a choice, assuming that only 128 or a bare majority are present. Of the 109 Republicans who voted in the caucus last week, 98 named Senator Quay as their choice. At that time it was agreed that the action of the caucus was binding upon all of those present and that Senator Quay still lacked 19 of the 128 necessary to elect. Under the condition, as it really exists, if a number of members are absent from sickness or other cause when the joint ballot is cast, it is possible that a much smaller number than 128 will decide the senatorship.

It was stated that a secret conference had been held between the leaders of the Quay faction and certain Democratic leaders with a view to preventing fusion on the senatorship between the Democrats and the anti-Quay Republicans. The Democrats who took part in the conference will, it is stated, endeavor to hold the 84 Democratic members of the legislature in line for a straightout Democrat, thus defeating the selection of an anti-Quay Republican.

Senator Quay reached Harrisburg from Washington to take personal direction of his campaign. Senator Penrose came with him.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Republican state committee an address was adopted calling upon the Republican members of the two houses to stand by the action of the senatorial caucus in naming Colonel Quay as the party's candidate for the United States senatorship. One paragraph accused John Wanamaker and Judge Gordon with unwarranted interference in Republican and Democratic affairs, Wanamaker being charged with trying to defeat Stone for governor and Gordon having been repudiated by his party as aspirant for the governorship.

The 13 Democratic senators and 71 members are to meet this morning to nominate their candidate. Col. James M. Guffey of Pittsburgh, member of the national Democratic committee; ex-Governor Pattison of Philadelphia, chairman John M. Garman of the state committee and other party leaders from over the state were here in Jenks' interest. Ex-Judge James Gay Gordon of Philadelphia, ex-Congressman Howard Mutchler of Easton and Jere S. Elack, Jr., were directing Mr. Black's canvass.

Mr. Jenks' friends claimed he was entitled to the honor for having borne the brunt of the fight in the last gubernatorial campaign. He was the Democratic nominee and was beaten by over 100,000 plurality by Governor-elect Stone. The Jenks people said it was the party custom to accord this honor to the defeated candidate for governor. Mr. Black was the nominee about two years ago and was claiming the nomination on the ground that Jenks promised him his support during the campaign.

Senator William Flinn of Allegheny, chairman of the 53 Republican senators and members who refused to take part in any senatorial caucus until Senator Quay had been acquitted of the conspiracy charges, and secretary of the Commonwealth David Martin of Philadelphia were directing the movements of the opposition. The anti-caucus leg-

islators were intending to have a secret conference this morning to outline their plan of campaign for next Tuesday.

Ex-Postmaster General Wanamaker and a committee from the Business Men's League were also on the ground fighting Quay. They reached the city from Philadelphia and were joined by Congressman John Dalzell of Pittsburgh, Charles W. Stone of Warren and other prominent anti-Quay leaders.

JUST TO FILIPINOS.

Foraker Said This Country Would So Act—Self-Government Can Be Determined.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Mr. Foraker (O.) addressed the senate in opposition to the declaration of the Vest resolution that the United States has no constitutional power to acquire foreign territory to be maintained as colonies. While much of his speech was devoted to a constitutional argument in support of the right of this country as a nation to acquire and govern outlying territory, he gave particular attention to the utterances that have been made in contravention of that position, especially those of Mr. Vest and Mr. Hoar.

He laid down the broad proposition that to adopt the Vest resolution was to declare that our fathers had brought forth a nation that was inferior to all other nations regardless of the generally accepted idea that one nation was the equal of another and all equally restricted. He maintained that the right to acquire territory was an inherent right of nationality, and that as we have the right to make war and to enter into treaty agreements, it follows logically that we have the power to acquire territory by conquest and to assume the responsibilities that may accrue therefrom.

In answer to a query by Mr. Hoar, Mr. Foraker said:

"With the determination of the ultimate policy respecting the Philippines these feelings will have much to do. No one, so far as I am able to learn, is preparing by force and violence to take and hold them. I am willing to trust the administration. I have no sympathy with those who talk of making war on Aguinaldo any more than I had with those who talked of making war on Gomez."

"I repeat," continued Mr. Foraker, "that we had four choices as to what we should do and I affirm that the president acted wisely. It is now for congress to investigate whether the Philippines are capable of self-government and whether they desire self-government. We will know in a short time what the feeling of the islands is. Then we can act intelligently and I know we will act justly."

In conclusion, Mr. Foraker said he would place in the record the recent proclamation of the president to the insurgents as a declaration of the spirit and purpose of the United States. When he took his seat there was a demonstration of approval from the galleries which was unchecked by the presiding officer.

At the conclusion of Mr. Foraker's speech Mr. Allen (Neb.) continued briefly the debate upon the constitutional questions relating to the acquisition of the Philippines. He combated the position taken by Mr. Foraker, maintaining that the United States government could not constitutionally acquire the Philippine islands without the ultimate object in view of admitting them into the union as a state.

HIGH LICENSE FOR ALASKA.

This a Provision of the Criminal Laws Passed in the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The house completed and passed the bill for the codification of the criminal laws of Alaska, upon which it has been working intermittently for a week. An amendment was adopted providing a high license system in the territory with a species of local option. Liquor dealers, by its provisions, are to pay a license of \$1,000 per year, and the consent of a majority of the white citizens residing within two miles of a liquor dealer's establishment must be obtained before a license can issue.

An attempt to recommit the bill for the purpose of securing the adoption of a provision excluding convicts from service on juries was defeated.

THE PEACE TREATY REPORTED.

A Motion Made to Have Public Debates in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Senator Davis reported the peace treaty when the senate convened in executive session, stating that it had not been amended in any respect in the committee.

Senator Barry moved that the debate upon the treaty should be conducted in open senate, but the motion went over until today. There were only casual remarks upon the policy of publicity and these were generally favorable to the removal of the secrecy injunction from the treaty and as generally opposed to the opening of the doors of the senate for the debate upon the treaty.

Senator Davis gave notice that he would ask for the earliest possible consideration, giving the impression that he would move to take up the treaty today.

M. E. Freedmen's Aid Society.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 12.—The Freedmen's Aid society of the Methodist church was holding its annual session here. Part of the session was devoted to hearing reports and routine business.

COMPLAINED OF OTIS.

Americans From Manila Said He Was Inactive.

ALARMING REPORT TO MADRID.

Rios Sent Word That the Rebels Were About to Attack Manila—New Proposition For Control Eminent From Madrid—Opinion in Washington.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Daily Mail publishes the following dispatch from Hongkong:

"The Americans who are arriving here from Manila complain bitterly of the inaction of Major General Otis, particularly in leaving the Manila water supply at the mercy of the rebels. They say a collision between the Americans and insurgents is inevitable. Aguinaldo's dispatches to the Filipino junta here have been stopped."

MADRID, Jan. 12.—General Rios, the Spanish commander, cabled from Manila reiterating the assertion that the situation of affairs in the Philippine islands was most grave. The rebels, it appeared, were concentrating in the neighborhood of Manila with the intention of attacking that place. Great preparations were being made for the defense of the city. The Spanish general also asserted that the natives of the Visayas had again refused to permit the Americans to land, threatening to resist by force if an attempt was made to do so. The Americans, therefore, according to General Rios, had abandoned the idea of disembarking and he confirmed a previous statement to the effect that they were unwilling to bombard Iloilo "because the European houses are soaked with petroleum with the view of being set alight by the American shells."

General Rios also alleged the rebels were determined to fight the Americans before reinforcements arrived from the United States.

In conclusion, General Rios said Aguinaldo's proclamation had "produced immense enthusiasm among the rebels."

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Madrid correspondent of The Times said:

"It is not to the advantage of Spain that a settlement in the Philippines is delayed. The fact is fully realized that Spanish shipping is suffering from the uncertainty as well as the interests of the religious orders whose property is at stake and many of whose members are prisoners."

"It is not true that the Spanish commanders have been ordered to give the Americans trouble. Spain desires to bury the hatchet. A scheme is being seriously discussed for the government of the Philippines by an international company, or by three companies like the British South African company, which would be more acceptable to the natives than the rule of the United States and would enable Spanish investments without loss of markets in the archipelago."

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Berlin correspondent of The Standard says that Prof. Blumentritt, Aguinaldo's representative there, wrote to The Tageblatt as follows:

"The Americans, being addicted to drink, are less able to fight in the tropics than the sober Spaniards. A guerrilla war could be kept up for six or eight years, during which the inevitable conflict between the powers in Eastern Asia would afford the Filipinos a chance."

"All the Jesuits and Benedictines are at liberty; only the other orders have been kept prisoners. The former are now pro-American, because American rule offers the only hope of retrieving their fortunes. Ill treatment of prisoners is severely punished, while nuns are not molested, most of them being natives. The Americans imagine they can buy the insurgent army for \$3,000,000, but the Filipinos anticipate that an American party inspired by Washington's spirit will yet come into power and grant them independence."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—At the war department, when inquiry was made relative to a report that there had been a meeting near Manila of a commission selected jointly by General Otis and Aguinaldo, it was pointed out that under the large discretionary authority conferred upon him by the department and in conformity with the president's express instructions to exhaust all peaceful means of adjusting the difficulty with the insurgents, General Otis had full authority to adopt such a course without asking express permission from the department.

A rather interesting question was raised by the meeting of this commission as to whether it did or did not constitute a recognition of the insurgents, but the general opinion was that it did not, the matter being one of purely internal concern, with which no foreign nation had a right to interfere. Meanwhile the meeting of the commission had served at least to avert the crisis which seemed impending in the Philippines and there was now fair grounds for the supposition that the statu quo would be maintained, at least until the ratification of the pending peace treaty.

Depew to Address Railroaders.

CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—Arrangements were completed for a congress of rail-

way employees to be held in this city, Feb. 18, under the auspices of the Railway and Telegraph Employees' Political League. Chauncey M. Depew of New York will deliver an address.

DEFENDED THE BEEF.

Employees of Several Companies Testified. A Volunteer Nurse Told of the Seneca.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The war investigating commission examined as witnesses several employees of Libby, McNeill & Libby and Armour & Co., packers. All testified that the beef furnished the government, including tinned beef, was good and no chemical process was used for its preservation.

Jeannette Jennings, a newspaper woman and a volunteer worker of the Red Cross, told her experience as a nurse aboard the Seneca. She was sent aboard her to care for the sick who were returning from Cuba. She said that except for a single case of beef extract the vessel had not aboard it a single article for the use of the sick. The captain was very attentive and supplied many meals to the sick soldiers from the passengers' table, but he protested before starting that the vessel had not been cleaned and was in no condition to receive sick or convalescents and that she had no supplies nor even eating utensils for the sick aboard.

Witness, seeing this condition, had hastily collected as many supplies as possible from the Texas, but the time did not permit getting much.

The ship passengers, who were foreign attaches and correspondents, gave up their state rooms to the sick and with the hastily collected supplies, the ship managed to get through without losing a patient.

Transferred to American Flag.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Jan. 12.—The Menendez line of steamers, the most important Cuban coastwise mail company, transferred all its vessels from the Spanish to the American flag, celebrating the event here at a luncheon given on board the Josefita.

RYAN AN OLD TIME BANDIT.

Identified as the Leader in a Recent Robbery.

MANSFIELD, Mo., Jan. 12.—Bryum, the self-confessed trainrobber, positively identified John Kennedy, arrested in Kansas City, as the organizer and leader of the gang who held up and robbed a Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis passenger train at Macomb, Mo.

Kennedy was identified beyond question of doubt as Bill Ryan, the famous bandit, who was connected with the Jesse James gang for many years. Ryan carried scars received in some of his raids. Kennedy was brought here from Kansas City for his preliminary hearing.

FIFIELD REFUSED THE PLACE.

Jonathan Ross Accepted the Vacant U. S. Senatorship From Vermont.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., Jan. 12.—Hon. B. F. Fifield of Montpelier notified Governor Smith that on account of family reasons he was compelled to decline the appointment as United States senator to succeed the late Senator Morrill. The appointment was at once offered to Hon. Jonathan Ross of St. Johnsbury, chief justice of the supreme court of Vermont.

Ross accepted the appointment, resigning his office as chief justice.

Jonathan Ross was born in Waterford, Vt., April 30, 1826. He is a lawyer, was elected to the state supreme court in 1870, and in 1890 he was elected to the chief justiceship, which position he held until he sent in his resignation.

WRANGLING AMONG MINERS.

Trouble Over Proposal to Send a Committee For Certain Books.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 12.—After much delay and a recess the miners' national convention was called together again to hear a report from a special committee appointed to learn the progress of the investigators appointed to go over the books of the organization. This special committee stated that the records of the organization were not complete and a motion was offered to send a committee to Indianapolis to get the books of the Indiana organization.

Hot discussions occurred between Warner and Dolan and Ratchford and McBride and others. Hot discussion occurred for and against sending a committee for the books.

To Provide Consumptive Hospital.

ALBANY, Jan. 12.—The report of the special committee of the senate to investigate the question of the spread of consumption found that consumption was contagious and recommended that the state establish a hospital or hospitals for the treatment of cases of tuberculosis, the hospital to be located somewhere in the forest preserve in the Adirondack mountains, the site to be selected by trustees and approved by the forest preserve board. An accompanying bill provided for an appropriation of \$200,000.

Brought Back Sick Soldiers.

HAMPTON, Va., Jan. 12.—The United States hospital ship Relief, with 135 sick and convalescent soldiers from Santiago de Cuba and Ponce, Porto Rico, arrived at Old Point. The patients were transferred to the Josiah Simpson general hospital. Only 18 were too ill to walk.

MORE MUSTERED OUT.

The Fourth Kentucky Ordered Sent Home.

OTHER VOLUNTEERS TO FOLLOW.

Remaining Organizations in Southern Camps May Get Orders by Feb. 1. Those Afar to Be Released Last—Those in Philippines to Have Preference.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Orders were issued by Maj. Gen. Miles for the muster out of the Fourth Kentucky volunteer infantry now in camp at Anderson, Ala., officers and men to be provided transportation to their places of enrollment in Kentucky. The Sixty-ninth New York infantry is the only one of the volunteer regiments recently selected for honorable discharge that will be mustered out at its home station. The others are expected to be all mustered out at their present stations in the south.

In the selection of regiments for muster out the main consideration has been the interests of the government, and in every case the selection fell upon organizations whose services could be spared with the least impairment to the policy of the administration for the use of the military in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines. Consequently, the troops on duty in those countries will be the last of the volunteers to be mustered out. The volunteers in the Philippines are likely to be the first of those abroad selected for discharge. There will be no general discharge of regulars who enlisted till the war was over and until after the ratification of the treaty of peace with Spain.

If no more reinforcements were needed in Cuba and the Philippines between now and the Feb. 1, it was stated on good authority that all the remaining volunteer organizations held in reserve in southern camps would be mustered out within the next few weeks.

Wheeler Fled For Pensions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—General Wheeler appeared before the house committee on pensions and made a fervid appeal for a special pension bill giving to the widows and relatives of those who fell at Santiago and other battles of the Spanish war an amount commensurate with the gallantry of those who lost their lives.

War Vessels Left Callao.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Captain Barker cabled the navy department from Callao, Peru, that he was about to sail with the Oregon, the Scindia and the Iris directly to Honolulu, on the way to Manila. At the same time the battleship Iowa started northward for San Francisco in company with the collier Justin and the supply steamer Celtic.

BAD YEAR FOR WOOL.

A Discouraging Report Was Made by North—New Officers Chosen.

BOSTON, Jan. 12.—The thirty-fourth annual meeting of National Wool Manufacturers' association was held here. William H. Haile was re-elected president; Benjamin Phipps, treasurer; S. N. D. North, secretary.

Secretary North's report was an exhaustive review of the year. He said in part:

"The number of failures and assignments in the wool manufacture have been larger probably than in any previous year since the panic of 1857."

"These many disasters among woolen mills are not due merely to the bad business conditions of the current year. They are the culmination of a series of years of short business at less than living prices."

"The year's experience has again sharply raised the question whether it is not possible, by concerted action, to provide and enforce some remedy for the vicious methods of business which have crept into the trade."

The secretary then gave statistics showing the total foreign value of the imports of wools of every description for consumption under the present tariff, under the McKinley tariff and under the Wilson tariff, and said:

"These figures enable us to be sure that foreign goods are no longer a serious element in the market situation, except as a few of those 15-month old importations may be still unsold."

FOUR PERSONS KILLED.

Skaters on the Way Home Struck by a Train, Near Irwin, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 12.—Four persons were run down and instantly killed by an express train near Larimer station, on the Pennsylvania railroad. The list of the dead was as follows:

Mary Miller, 17 years old.
Thomas Miller, her brother, 23 years old.

Albert Watson, aged 17 years.
Walter Brown, 20 years.

About a mile from Larimer is a pond known as the "Bald Eagle" dam, which affords skating for the young people in that vicinity. The victims of the accident had been skating there and were on their way home when killed.

Universalists' Convention Met.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The trustees of the general convention of Universalists met here. The chief business was the appointment of a missionary to Japan, appropriations and the election of a financial secretary.

AMANDA SMITH TALKED

Holiness Her Subject at the First M. E. Church.

SHE WILL SPEAK THIS EVENING

In the Auditorium of the Church—Meetings at the African M. E. Church Have Been Very Successful Since the Colored Evangelist Came to the City.

Amanda Smith, the colored evangelist, has been very successful since she began to hold meetings in the city. The first services were held at the African M. E. church which has been filled every evening with enthusiastic crowds. Reverend Carson has given the lady every assistance, and the result has been the accomplishment of much good. The services there ended last night, a large number of persons being in attendance.

Tuesday afternoon the evangelist held her first meeting at the First M. E. church, and yesterday the lecture room was well filled with an interested audience. She spoke in the main on holiness, and her clear voice and earnest manner at once attracted the attention of all present. She spoke for some time, and handled the subject in a most satisfactory manner to those who were so fortunate as to hear her.

The evening services at the First M. E. church will begin tonight when the evangelist is expected to address one of the largest crowds ever gathered in the building.

COMING THIS WAY.

Pittsburg Capitalists to Build a Long Trolley Line.

Charters have been issued to two Pittsburg corporations, the Ohio Valley Railway company and the Coraopolis and Sewickley Bridge company, which propose to construct an electric line that will connect Pittsburg and Beaver Falls. The capitalization of the bridge company is \$200,000 and that of the other \$300,000. The Ohio river will be bridged from Sewickley to Coraopolis, and an electric line built from that point to Freedom, Beaver county. This will complete the line between Beaver Falls and Pittsburg.

A local man, who evidently knows more than he will tell of the scheme, says that it is only a matter of time until the line is extended down the river to the state line.

VERY FORTUNATE

Has Liverpool Been In Its Grip Experience.

"Liverpool has been fortunate in its experience with the grip," said a leading physician. "While the town has had a great many cases, and a large number of sick at this time, you have probably noticed that no cases of grip have resulted fatally, while in almost every other place you hear of people who are dying of the disease. I won't attempt to explain it, but you can readily see for yourself just what the situation is. We have the grip, but it's not the killing kind."

PENSION BILLS

Were Introduced Into the House by Hon. R. W. Taylor.

A special from Washington says: "Representative Taylor, of Ohio, introduced a bill to pension John G. Lindsay, of Salineville, at \$24 per month; also bills to correct the military records of Archibald Downey, of Alliance; Henry Wernet, Canton; William Hartzell, Mahoning county; David Harrington, Canton; Charles May, Youngstown; Jacob Metzger, Columbiana; and J. D. Wedley, Salem."

Not Popular In Steubenville.

The following from yesterday's Gazette seems to show that Mormonism is not popular in Steubenville:

"W. F. Burton, president of the Ohio Mormon conference, and 'Elder' J. B. Erickson, of East Liverpool, are here conferring with 'Elders' Thos. Warnock and E. A. Hardy who have been conducting their nefarious work in this vicinity."

Doctor Lee Improving.

Doctor Lee, who is confined to his home in Elm street by the grip, is improving and it is expected that he will be able to be out Sunday. Arrangements had been made to hold communion service at the First Presbyterian church next Sunday, but it has been postponed one week.

Interred In Spring Grove.

The funeral of Harry Neville took place this afternoon from the residence of his grandmother in Seventh street. The remains were interred in Spring Grove cemetery.

SKUNKS GUARDED WHISKY.

Connecticut Man's Novel Plan to Protect His Liquor From State Officers.

Liquor dealers in prohibition towns in Connecticut have employed all manner of dodges to defeat the sheriffs and prosecuting agents, but none evolved a plan like unto a Voluntown man. Voluntown has had more raids for its size than any town in the state. The officials are vigilant and the liquor dealers resourceful.

As a result of a complaint made to Prosecuting Agent Durnham he organized a search party, including the sheriff. Not a sign of whisky was found in the house of the suspected man. Durnham winked his eye and suggested that they look over the plowed ground at the back of the house.

"Suffering snakes!" ejaculated the sheriff, "that ain't whisky we smell?"

"How comes it that you know what whisky smells like?" asked Durnham. "Whew!" he added as the odor struck his nostrils.

"It's skunks!" said everybody in chorus.

There wasn't the slightest doubt of it. The coming of the searchers had aroused the animals. There were two of them, and they were tethered. A council of war was held. Durnham advanced the theory, born of long association with the violators of the prohibition law, that the skunks were placed there to guard whisky. The others agreed with him. They reconnoitered from a safe distance and made the discovery that the ground looked as if it had been recently dug up.

It was decided to kill the skunks. Durnham's theory was correct. Half a dozen jugs of whisky were found buried at the point where the pegs to which the skunks' tethers were fastened had been driven into the ground. "Don't think them skunks'll do that whisky any good," remarked the sheriff. The whisky was found on land owned by a man named Whipple, who denies all knowledge of it.—Special New York World.

VALUABLE CATTLE FOOD.

New Corn Product Successfully Made From the Stalks.

The new corn product upon which investigations have been conducted at the Maryland agricultural experiment station at College Park to determine its value as a stock food has been given much consideration by the farming community of the state—in fact, many states have taken up the subject and are conducting experiments to ascertain its relative feeding value. In the process of the extraction of the pith the blades and husk are first removed and the stalks are cut up in small pieces. After the extraction of the pith from the stalk the balance is ground up into meal, which in general appearance resembles coarse bran. This ground material is termed the "new corn product."

The new corn product contains 11 pounds per 100 more digestible matter and 2 pounds per 100 more digestible protein than the whole fodder shredded. During the past few years much has been done in the way of testing methods for preparing corn fodder for feeding, with most of the results in favor of some method of shredding the stalk. Shredding possesses many points which make it superior to the ordinary or old way of cutting fodder, the principal one of which is that the shredded fodder is almost wholly eaten by animals.

It is found that the new corn product contains within one pound as much total digestible matter as wheat bran, but less than one-third as much digestible protein; consequently the nutritive ratio is wider. It was further observed that animals fed with a fattening ration with the new corn product base made more gain in live weight and upon less feed than with a fattening ration of the same grain and corn blades. The keeping qualities of the new corn product are as good as linseed meal, cottonseed meal or wheat bran, and rations made up with this material can be fed with less labor and less waste of feed than when hay and fodder are fed separately, as ordinarily practiced.—College Park (Md.) Special Baltimore Sun.

An Insult.

A Caribou (Me.) man lately wandered into a remote hotel that doesn't keep a dictionary, and on coming down in the morning was asked by the landlord how he rested.

"Oh," replied the gentleman, "I suffered nearly all night with insomnia!"

The landlord took offense at this and roared, "I'll bet you \$2 there ain't one in my house!"—Exchange.

An Unfortunate "Immune."

He was one of the "immunes." And they marched him to the tunes. They played along the way to Santiago, But the first trip that he made For a fortnight he was laid On his back with the lumbago—the lumbago!

He was one of the "immunes." He had passed through sickly Junes And lived to cheer his country's glorious banner, But when the war was over And he thought he was in clover He had sixteen weeks of fever in Havana!

He was one of the "immunes," Singing patriotic tunes While o'er the ranks the stars of glory clustered, But he's no "immune" believer, With the measles, chills and fever, And he's anxious out the service to be mustered!

WHITNEY'S ROYAL HOME

Mansion In New York Being Fitted Up on Magnificent Scale.

MILLIONS IN THE FURNISHINGS.

William C. Whitney's Devotion Surrounds His Invalid Wife With Many Luxuries—The Tapestries, Older Than the Oldest Gobelins, Have Cost the Wealthy Owner \$1,000,000. Ceilings Cost \$50,000.

Of all the royally appointed mansions that grace New York that which William C. Whitney is now building at 671 Fifth avenue, the corner of Sixty-eighth street, will be the most magnificent in its furnishings.

From what is known of his plans, Mr. Whitney has not spared millions to make his mansion a veritable palace of fine arts and luxury. He has ransacked the workshops of Europe to find art works for his new home. The leading sculptors and painters have been engaged to make the Whitney mansion as perfect as millions, linked with extravagance of taste, can make it.

In order that Mrs. Whitney may be pleased and cheered in her illness, Mr. Whitney has designed a royal suit for her which will outstrip the apartments of most of the queens of Europe. The walls of the boudoir are to be hung with a silk fabric for which \$35 a yard was paid. The furniture of her apartments is of the finest French make from special design and cost \$50,000, as it is lavishly decorated with carving.

The bathroom will be a place of surpassing magnificence. Lined throughout with snowy marble, it will hold a camelike tub. This will also be of white marble, cut from a single block and carved upon its outer surface with graceful traceries in relief. The mono-



WILLIAM C. WHITNEY.

lith will rest upon a flooring of the finest mosaic. The faucets of the tub are to be of pure gold of unique design.

To the ceilings of the rooms Mr. Whitney has given particular attention. Each is a triumph in art. They were painted in France and cost \$50,000. In order that they may be put in place according to the artist's wishes workmen were sent to the United States with them, and they will have entire charge of placing them. This regal suit for Mrs. Whitney will consist of four rooms—boudoir, bedroom, dressing room and bath. The ultimate cost of them is impossible of calculation, as Mr. Whitney is constantly planning to add to their comfort and luxury.

In Mr. Whitney's drawing room will hang the famous Louvre tapestries for which he paid \$1,000,000. They were woven at the palace of the Louvre before the days of the now famous Gobelin tapestries and are accounted the finest fabrics in the world. They will aid in making the Whitney drawing room the most gorgeous room in New York.

The border of thin tapestries, mellowed by age, is a band of fruits and flowers in color on a base of gold 14 inches deep. The bullion threads with which it was woven are as bright and ruddy as when they left the weaver's hands.

The furniture of the drawing room is of teak, the richest of oriental woods, lavishly carved, thoroughly in harmony with the subdued tones of the tapestry. The shades to the windows are of white grosgrain silk, with curtains of fine meshed lace of rare make.

In searching the art shops of Europe Mr. Whitney has selected only the most valuable and rare bronzes, paintings, miniatures and ceramics for his palace. Many of the works date back into the dusty centuries and are the chef d'œuvres of masters.

It is not known when the Whitney palace will be ready for occupancy, but it is thought the furnishing will be completed before next autumn. William C. Whitney has already expended millions in humoring his tastes, but his Fifth avenue palace will be the crowning achievement.—New York Journal.

A "Bureau of Courtesy."

A "bureau of courtesy" is being organized as one feature of the coming Transmississippi and International exposition in Omaha. The announcement of the bureau says: "It is hoped to enroll in it nearly all the residents of the city. Each member of the bureau will wear a button or a badge, and visitors will be privileged to address at any

time or place any wearer of this insignia for the purpose of getting information of any sort."—Keystone.

CAUGHT IN A SHOWER OF PIG

Connecticut Farmer's Thrilling Experience of His Life.

James Green of Norfolk, Conn., had the thrilling experience of his life recently, despite the fact that he was in the thick of the civil war. He went through Antietam, Shiloh and Gettysburg without a scratch, but now carries one arm in a sling.

Mr. Green works on a dairy farm between Canaan and Norfolk, where he has about 60 head of cattle under his supervision. He was on the main floor of the big barn the other day, when he felt a rush of air and saw a pudgy pig strike with a squishy noise at his feet. Before he could recover from his surprise a good sized hog flew past his ear and fell on the corpse of the pig. Mr. Green had heard of showers of frogs, but not of pigs. He looked up to locate the possible hole in the roof. A hay shoot runs up fully 50 feet to the lofts on each side of the barn, and it was from the top of this that the porcine meteors were radiating.

Says Mr. Green: "By the time the third porker had landed I says to myself, 'What in thunder's struck them critters?' for I knew their place was in the pens under the barn. Afore I could answer down comes a couple more, and I says to myself, 'Green, the thing for you to do is to stand from under and let the show go on.' So I jumped on one side and then turned to look up and see how many more I might expect, when, gee whiz, a corker seemed to come straight for me, brushin' my face and just missin' the spot he meant to strike.

"By this time I calkerlated I'd seen about all the show I wanted to, and I was jest startin' to hump myself when, splash, bang, still another came, with such speed that I couldn't git out o' his way. All I could do was to put up my arm to save my head. Down I went like a thousand o' brick, the pig all over me. But the full force of the blow was on my arm, which was broken. As I was gettin' up, more dead nor alive, I swan, another come and knocked me silly, and then I had to lay there till the shower was over. In all, 15 carcasses were piled up around me when I was able to git on my pins ag'in. Every inch o' my body's sorer'n a hen's twisted neck."

It was found that the pigs had migrated from the basement and in single file had climbed the narrow stairs to the loft. In their explorations they had gone too near the hay shoot, and, still sticking to the leader, had tobogganed down on top of Green.—Special New York Telegram.

NOVEL TRAINING METHODS.

"Kid" McCoy Has Taken Up a New System For His Coming Fight.

Although the weather has been unfavorable recently to outdoor athletic work at Asbury Park, N. J., it has not interfered in the least with the labors of "Kid" McCoy. This ambitious young athlete entered on a rigid course of training the other day, having as attendants his brother Homer, Doc Payne and Con Reilly.

His system is a little out of the ordinary, and his daily routine is according to a schedule arranged by B. H. Benton, whom McCoy says is his right hand man at Asbury Park. The morning is devoted to outdoor work, and the "Kid" does not return until 11 o'clock, when the time to noon is used up in bathing, rubbing, etc. When thoroughly cooled out, McCoy is severely treated with massage and a special preparation from a recipe of David H. Blanchard of Boston, the ingredients of which are secret.

In the afternoon two hours are devoted to bag punching, dumbbells and chest weight exercise. He has been giving up half an hour daily to boxing, but now he is to forego boxing as a part of his training. The one great effort of the aspiring young champion is to build up his health and weight, and whatever avoidupois he takes on he is desirous of retaining if it will not retard his activity or in any way handicap him.

His method of dieting is also special, all his meals being cooked and served under the superintendence of Mr. Benton. All meats, fruits and vegetables are sent to Asbury Park daily from New York, and the daily consignment is enough for several families. It is the intention to keep the "Kid" out in the open air as much as possible, weather permitting. The entire staff arise at 6:30 a. m., and they retire promptly at 9:30 p. m. The rules as laid out will be strictly lived up to until the contest.—Special New York World.

Matches Cause Insanity.

John McSwain, 27, of Wadsworth, O., recently was driven insane by eating potatoes cooked in a pot into which matches had fallen unnoticed. He was poisoned by the phosphorus, and insanity resulted.—Special Cincinnati Enquirer.

On a "Franc" Arrangement.

Paris was conspicuously remiss in hospitality toward the American peace commissioners, but the hotels will continue to accept money from United States guests with their usual magnanimous affability.—Washington Star.



A more pitiful sight than a mother and her child, both captives and shackled in a dungeon, could not well be imagined. There are thousands of mothers and their babes who lie shackled by disease in the dungeon of death.

Without knowing it, or having the faintest comprehension of it, the fault lies with the mother. Too many women enter upon the responsibilities of wifehood and motherhood while suffering from weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible. A woman who suffers in this way cannot be a capable wife and a competent mother. Before entering upon the duties and responsibilities of these positions, she should see to it that her health, both general and local, is thoroughly restored. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all medicines for this purpose. It acts directly on the sensitive organs concerned, making them strong, healthy and vigorous. It promotes regularity of the functions, allays irritation and inflammation, heals ulceration, checks unnatural and exhausting drains and soothes pain. It tones and builds up the shattered nerves. It turns the dangers and pains of maternity into safety and ease. It is a medicine that is intended for this one purpose only and is good for no other. Dealers sell it and no honest dealer will suggest a substitute.

"Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription did me so much good that to-day I am well again and stronger than I have been for years," writes Mrs. Alex. Locke, of Wise, Isabella Co., Mich. "I have a baby one year old and as fat and healthy as one could wish to see. I took two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' I keep Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets in the house all the time. My family take no other kind of pills."

THERE ARE OTHERS.

Plenty of Them, but so Different—Local Proof Is What East Liverpool People Want.

There are a great many of them. Every paper has its share. Statements hard to believe, harder to prove.

Statements from far-away places. What people say in Maine. Public expression from California. Ofttimes good indorsement there. But of little service here at home. East Liverpool people want local proof.

The saying of neighbors, friends and citizens.

Home endorsement counts. It disarms the skeptic, is beyond dispute.

This is the backing that stands behind every box of Doan's Kidney Pills; here is a case of it:

Mr. P. J. Green, veterinary surgeon, says: "While attending a sick horse belonging to Mr. G. H. Gardner, of 168 Jackson street, he remarked to me that the horse seemed to be in pain. I replied that I was the sickier of the two, as I could at that time scarcely straighten up with my back from lameness, weakness and severe pains. He asked me what my symptoms were, and I explained to him that I had suffered for a number of years from my kidneys; that I had attacks at times when nothing helped me, and it was agony for me to get around, but that I could not endure idleness. The secretions from the kidney were very high colored and acidulous; that I had spells of dizziness when I would see black specks floating before my eyes, and felt generally broken up. He looked up and said that he had the very thing I needed to cure me in his house—Doan's Kidney Pills. He went into the house and brought me out eight pills. I took them with me, and used them two at a dose. The effect was astonishing to me. I felt it almost at once, and went to the W. & W. Pharmacy and bought a box and took them. The encouragement held out to me by the first eight pills was not mythical, as by their continued use the improvement continued, and I consider no expression of praise too strong for Doan's Kidney Pills; in short they are no plus ultra.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

ALL NERVOUS DISEASES—sailing Many Ory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Frequent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure. If not, in each case or refund the money. Price 50 CENTS per package; or six packages (full treatment) for \$2.50. By Mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price (Circular free). **AJAX REMEDY CO.,** 29 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John I. Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

Feeding Hotel Help.

The first work done in the Waldorf-Astoria, New York, each day is the preparation of breakfast for 1,200 employees. The last of these meals is served usually before the earliest rising guest sleepily orders his eggs and coffee, thinking himself almost a hero to be breakfasting at such an hour.

Swindled.

Mrs. Smarte says her husband is the worst man that ever was to go shopping. He's almost sure to get swindled every time. "Why," she says, "it was only t'other day that he bought a flute, and when it came home, if you'll believe it, 'twas full of holes."—Boston Transcript.

AMANDA SMITH TALKED

Holiness Her Subject at the First M. E. Church.

SHE WILL SPEAK THIS EVENING

In the Auditorium of the Church—Meetings at the African M. E. Church Have Been Very Successful Since the Colored Evangelist Came to the City.

Amanda Smith, the colored evangelist, has been very successful since she began to hold meetings in the city. The first services were held at the African M. E. church which has been filled every evening with enthusiastic crowds. Reverend Carson has given the lady every assistance, and the result has been the accomplishment of much good. The services there ended last night, a large number of persons being in attendance.

Tuesday afternoon the evangelist held her first meeting at the First M. E. church, and yesterday the lecture room was well filled with an interested audience. She spoke in the main on holiness, and her clear voice and earnest manner at once attracted the attention of all present. She spoke for some time, and handled the subject in a most satisfactory manner to those who were so fortunate as to hear her.

The evening services at the First M. E. church will begin tonight when the evangelist is expected to address one of the largest crowds ever gathered in the building.

COMING THIS WAY.

Pittsburg Capitalists to Build a Long Trolley Line.

Charters have been issued to two Pittsburg corporations, the Ohio Valley Railway company and the Corapolis and Sewickley Bridge company, which propose to construct an electric line that will connect Pittsburg and Beaver Falls. The capitalization of the bridge company is \$200,000 and that of the other \$300,000. The Ohio river will be bridged from Sewickley to Corapolis, and an electric line built from that point to Freedom, Beaver county. This will complete the line between Beaver Falls and Pittsburg.

A local man, who evidently knows more than he will tell of the scheme, says that it is only a matter of time until the line is extended down the river to the state line.

VERY FORTUNATE

Has Liverpool Been In Its Grip Experience.

"Liverpool has been fortunate in its experience with the grip," said a leading physician. "While the town has had a great many cases, and a large number of sick at this time, you have probably noticed that no cases of grip have resulted fatally, while in almost every other place you hear of people who are dying of the disease. I won't attempt to explain it, but you can readily see for yourself just what the situation is. We have the grip, but it's not the killing kind."

PENSION BILLS

Were Introduced Into the House by Hon. R. W. Taylor.

A special from Washington says: "Representative Taylor, of Ohio, introduced a bill to pension John G. Lindsay, of Salineville, at \$24 per month; also bills to correct the military records of Archibald Downey, of Alliance; Henry Wernet, Canton; William Hartzell, Mahoning county; David Harrington, Canton; Charles May, Youngstown; Jacob Metzger, Columbiana; and J. D. Wedley, Salem."

Not Popular In Steubenville.

The following from yesterday's Gazette seems to show that Mormonism is not popular in Steubenville:

"W. F. Burton, president of the Ohio Mormon conference, and 'Elder' J. B. Erickson, of East Liverpool, are here conferring with 'Elders' Thos. Warnock and E. A. Hardy who have been conducting their nefarious work in this vicinity."

Doctor Lee Improving.

Doctor Lee, who is confined to his home in Elm street by the grip, is improving and it is expected that he will be able to be out Sunday. Arrangements had been made to hold communion service at the First Presbyterian church next Sunday, but it has been postponed one week.

Interred In Spring Grove.

The funeral of Harry Neville took place this afternoon from the residence of his grandmother in Seventh street. The remains were interred in Spring Grove cemetery.

SKUNKS GUARDED WHISKY.

Connecticut Man's Novel Plan to Protect His Liquor From State Officers.

Liquor dealers in prohibition towns in Connecticut have employed all manner of dodges to defeat the sheriffs and prosecuting agents, but none evolved a plan like unto a Voluntown man. Voluntown has had more raids for its size than any town in the state. The officials are vigilant and the liquor dealers resourceful.

As a result of a complaint made to Prosecuting Agent Durnham he organized a search party, including the sheriff. Not a sign of whisky was found in the house of the suspected man. Durnham winked his eye and suggested that they look over the plowed ground at the back of the house.

"Suffering snakes!" ejaculated the sheriff, "that ain't whisky we smell?"

"How comes it that you know what whisky smells like?" asked Durnham. "Whew!" he added as the odor struck his nostrils.

"It's skunks!" said everybody in chorus.

There wasn't the slightest doubt of it. The coming of the searchers had aroused the animals. There were two of them, and they were tethered. A council of war was held. Durnham advanced the theory, born of long association with the violators of the prohibition law, that the skunks were placed there to guard whisky. The others agreed with him. They reconnoitered from a safe distance and made the discovery that the ground looked as if it had been recently dug up.

It was decided to kill the skunks. Durnham's theory was correct. Half a dozen jugs of whisky were found buried at the point where the pegs to which the skunks' tethers were fastened had been driven into the ground. "Don't think them skunks'll do that whisky any good," remarked the sheriff. The whisky was found on land owned by a man named Whipple, who denies all knowledge of it.—Special New York World.

VALUABLE CATTLE FOOD.

New Corn Product Successfully Made From the Stalks.

The new corn product upon which investigations have been conducted at the Maryland agricultural experiment station at College Park to determine its value as a stock food has been given much consideration by the farming community of the state—in fact, many states have taken up the subject and are conducting experiments to ascertain its relative feeding value. In the process of the extraction of the pith the blades and husk are first removed and the stalks are cut up in small pieces. After the extraction of the pith from the stalk the balance is ground up into meal, which in general appearance resembles coarse bran. This ground material is termed the "new corn product."

The new corn product contains 11 pounds per 100 more digestible matter and 2 pounds per 100 more digestible protein than the whole fodder shredded. During the past few years much has been done in the way of testing methods for preparing corn fodder for feeding, with most of the results in favor of some method of shredding the stalk. Shredding possesses many points which make it superior to the ordinary or old way of cutting fodder, the principal one of which is that the shredded fodder is almost wholly eaten by animals.

It is found that the new corn product contains within one pound as much total digestible matter as wheat bran, but less than one-third as much digestible protein; consequently the nutritive ratio is wider. It was further observed that animals fed with a fattening ration with the new corn product base made more gain in live weight and upon less feed than with a fattening ration of the same grain and corn blades. The keeping qualities of the new corn product are as good as linseed meal, cottonseed meal or wheat bran, and rations made up with this material can be fed with less labor and less waste of feed than when hay and fodder are fed separately, as ordinarily practiced.—College Park (Md.) Special Baltimore Sun.

An Insult.

A Caribou (Me.) man lately wandered into a remote hotel that doesn't keep a dictionary, and on coming down in the morning was asked by the landlord how he rested.

"Oh," replied the gentleman, "I suffered nearly all night with insomnia!"

The landlord took offense at this and roared, "I'll bet you \$2 there ain't one in my house!"—Exchange.

An Unfortunate "Immune."

He was one of the "Immunes." And they marched him to the tunes They played along the way to Santiago. But the first trip that he made For a fortnight he was laid On his back with the lumbago—the lumbago!

He was one of the "Immunes." He had passed through sickly Junes And lived to cheer his country's glorious banner. But when the war was over And he thought he was in clover He had sixteen weeks of fever in Havana!

He was one of the "Immunes." Singing patriotic tunes While o'er the ranks the stars of glory clustered. But he's no "immune" believer. With the measles, chills and fever, And he's anxious out the service to be mustered!

WHITNEY'S ROYAL HOME

Mansion In New York Being Fitted Up on Magnificent Scale.

MILLIONS IN THE FURNISHINGS.

William C. Whitney's Devotion Surrounds His Invalid Wife With Many Luxuries—The Tapestries, Older Than the Oldest Gobelins, Have Cost the Wealthy Owner \$1,000,000. Ceilings Cost \$50,000.

Of all the royally appointed mansions that grace New York that which William C. Whitney is now building at 871 Fifth avenue, the corner of Sixty-eighth street, will be the most magnificent in its furnishings.

From what is known of his plans, Mr. Whitney has not spared millions to make his mansion a veritable palace of fine arts and luxury. He has ransacked the workshops of Europe to find art works for his new home. The leading sculptors and painters have been engaged to make the Whitney mansion as perfect as millions, linked with extravagance of taste, can make it.

In order that Mrs. Whitney may be pleased and cheered in her illness, Mr. Whitney has designed a royal suit for her which will outstrip the apartments of most of the queens of Europe. The walls of the boudoir are to be hung with a silk fabric for which \$35 a yard was paid. The furniture of her apartments is of the finest French make from special design and cost \$50,000, as it is lavishly decorated with carving.

The bathroom will be a place of surpassing magnificence. Lined throughout with snowy marble, it will hold a cameo-like tub. This will also be of white marble, cut from a single block and carved upon its outer surface with graceful traceries in relief. The mono-



WILLIAM C. WHITNEY.

lith will rest upon a flooring of the finest mosaic. The faucets of the tub are to be of pure gold of unique design.

To the ceilings of the rooms Mr. Whitney has given particular attention. Each is a triumph in art. They were painted in France and cost \$50,000. In order that they may be put in place according to the artist's wishes workmen were sent to the United States with them, and they will have entire charge of placing them. This regal suit for Mrs. Whitney will consist of four rooms—boudoir, bedroom, dressing room and bath. The ultimate cost of them is impossible of calculation, as Mr. Whitney is constantly planning to add to their comfort and luxury.

In Mr. Whitney's drawing room will hang the famous Louvre tapestries for which he paid \$1,000,000. They were woven at the palace of the Louvre before the days of the now famous Gobelin tapestries and are accounted the finest fabrics in the world. They will aid in making the Whitney drawing room the most gorgeous room in New York.

The border of thin tapestries, mellowed by age, is a band of fruits and flowers in color on a base of gold 14 inches deep. The bullion threads with which it was woven are as bright and ruddy as when they left the weaver's hands.

The furniture of the drawing room is of teak, the richest of oriental woods, lavishly carved, thoroughly in harmony with the subdued tones of the tapestry. The shades to the windows are of white grosgrain silk, with curtains of fine meshed lace of rare make.

In searching the art shops of Europe Mr. Whitney has selected only the most valuable and rare bronzes, paintings, miniatures and ceramics for his palace. Many of the works date back into the dusty centuries and are the chef d'œuvres of masters.

It is not known when the Whitney palace will be ready for occupancy, but it is thought the furnishing will be completed before next autumn. William C. Whitney has already expended millions in humoring his tastes, but his Fifth avenue palace will be the crowning achievement.—New York Journal.

A "Bureau of Courtesy."

A "bureau of courtesy" is being organized as one feature of the coming Transmississippi and International exposition in Omaha. The announcement of the bureau says: "It is hoped to enroll in it nearly all the residents of the city. Each member of the bureau will wear a button or a badge, and visitors will be privileged to address at any

time or place any wearer of this insignia for the purpose of getting information of any sort."—Keystone.

CAUGHT IN A SHOWER OF PIG

Connecticut Farmer's Thrilling Experience of His Life.

James Green of Norfolk, Conn., had the thrilling experience of his life recently, despite the fact that he was in the thick of the civil war. He went through Antietam, Shiloh and Gettysburg without a scratch, but now carries one arm in a sling.

Mr. Green works on a dairy farm between Canaan and Norfolk, where he has about 60 head of cattle under his supervision. He was on the main floor of the big barn the other day, when he felt a rush of air and saw a pudgy pig strike with a squishy noise at his feet. Before he could recover from his surprise a good sized hog flew past his ear and fell on the corpse of the pig. Mr. Green had heard of showers of frogs, but not of pigs. He looked up to locate the possible hole in the roof. A hay shoot runs up fully 50 feet to the lofts on each side of the barn, and it was from the top of this that the porcine meteors were radiating.

Says Mr. Green: "By the time the third porker had landed I says to myself, 'What in thunder's struck them critters?' for I knew their place was in the pens under the barn. Afore I could answer down comes a couple more, and I says to myself, 'Green, the thing for you to do is to stand from under and let the show go on.' So I jumped on one side and then turned to look up and see how many more I might expect, when, gee whiz, a corker seemed to come straight for me, brushin my face and just missin the spot he meant to strike.

"By this time I calkerlated I'd seen about all the show I wanted to, and I was jest startin to bump myself when, splash, bang, still another came, with such speed that I couldn't git out o' his way. All I could do was to put up my arm to save my head. Down I went like a thousand o' brick, the pig all over me. But the full force of the blow was on my arm, which was broken. As I was gettin up, more dead nor alive, I swan, another come and knocked me silly, and then I had to lay there till the shower was over. In all, 15 carcasses were piled up around me when I was able to git on my pins ag'in. Every inch o' my body's sorer'n a hen's twisted neck."

It was found that the pigs had migrated from the basement and in single file had climbed the narrow stairs to the loft. In their explorations they had gone too near the hay shoot, and, still sticking to the leader, had tobogganed down on top of Green.—Special New York Telegram.

NOVEL TRAINING METHODS.

"Kid" McCoy Has Taken Up a New System For His Coming Fight.

Although the weather has been unfavorable recently to outdoor athletic work at Asbury Park, N. J., it has not interfered in the least with the labors of "Kid" McCoy. This ambitious young athlete entered on a rigid course of training the other day, having as attendants his brother Homer, Doc Payne and Con Reilly.

His system is a little out of the ordinary, and his daily routine is according to a schedule arranged by B. H. Benton, whom McCoy says is his right hand man at Asbury Park. The morning is devoted to outdoor work, and the "Kid" does not return until 11 o'clock, when the time to noon is used up in bathing, rubbing, etc. When thoroughly cooled out, McCoy is severely treated with massage and a special preparation from a recipe of David H. Blanchard of Boston, the ingredients of which are secret.

In the afternoon two hours are devoted to bag punching, dumbbells and chest weight exercise. He has been giving up half an hour daily to boxing, but now he is to forego boxing as a part of his training. The one great effort of the aspiring young champion is to build up his health and weight, and whatever avoirdupois he takes on he is desirous of retaining if it will not retard his activity or in any way handicap him.

His method of dieting is also special, all his meals being cooked and served under the superintendence of Mr. Benton. All meats, fruits and vegetables are sent to Asbury Park daily from New York, and the daily consignment is enough for several families. It is the intention to keep the "Kid" out in the open air as much as possible, weather permitting. The entire staff arise at 6:30 a. m., and they retire promptly at 9:30 p. m. The rules as laid out will be strictly lived up to until the contest.—Special New York World.

Matches Cause Insanity.

John McSwain, 27, of Wadsworth, O., recently was driven insane by eating potatoes cooked in a pot into which matches had fallen unnoticed. He was poisoned by the phosphorus, and insanity resulted.—Special Cincinnati Enquirer.

On a "Franc" Arrangement.

Paris was conspicuously remiss in hospitality toward the American peace commissioners, but the hotels will continue to accept money from United States guests with their usual magnanimous affability.—Washington Star.



A more pitiful sight than a mother and her child, both captives and shackled in a dungeon, could not well be imagined. There are thousands of mothers and their babes who lie shackled by disease in the dungeon of death.

Without knowing it, or having the faintest comprehension of it, the fault lies with the mother. Too many women enter upon the responsibilities of wifehood and motherhood while suffering from weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible. A woman who suffers in this way cannot be a capable wife and a competent mother. Before entering upon the duties and responsibilities of these positions, she should see to it that her health, both general and local, is thoroughly restored. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all medicines for this purpose. It acts directly on the sensitive organs concerned, making them strong, healthy and vigorous. It promotes regularity of the functions, allays irritation and inflammation, heals ulceration, checks unnatural and exhausting drains and soothes pain. It tones and builds up the shattered nerves. It turns the dangers and pains of maternity into safety and ease. It is a medicine that is intended for this one purpose only and is good for no other. Dealers sell it and no honest dealer will suggest a substitute.

"Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription did me so much good that to-day I am well again and stronger than I have been for years," writes Mrs. Alex. Lockie, of Wise, Isabella Co., Mich. "I have a baby one year old and as fat and healthy as one could wish to see. I took two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' I keep Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets in the house all the time. My family take no other kind of pills."

THERE ARE OTHERS.

Plenty of Them, but so Different—Local Proof is What East Liverpool People Want.

There are a great many of them. Every paper has its share. Statements hard to believe, harder to prove. Statements from far-away places. What people say in Maine. Public expression from California. Ofttimes good indorsement there. But of little service here at home. East Liverpool people want local proof.

The saying of neighbors, friends and citizens.

Home endorsement counts. It disarms the skeptic, is beyond dispute.

This is the backing that stands behind every box of Doan's Kidney Pills; here is a case of it:

Mr. P. J. Green, veterinary surgeon, says: "While attending a sick horse belonging to Mr. G. H. Gardner, of 168 Jackson street, he remarked to me that the horse seemed to be in pain. I replied that I was the sicker of the two, as I could at that time scarcely straighten up with my back from lameness, weakness and severe pains. He asked me what my symptoms were, and I explained to him that I had suffered for a number of years from my kidneys; that I had attacks at times when nothing helped me, and it was agony for me to get around, but that I could not endure idleness. The secretions from the kidney were very high colored and acidulous; that I had spells of dizziness when I would see black specks floating before my eyes, and felt generally broken up. He looked up and said that he had the very thing I needed to cure me in his house—Doan's Kidney Pills. He went into the house and brought me out eight pills. I took them with me, and used them two at a dose. The effect was astonishing to me. I felt it almost at once, and went to the W. & W. Pharmacy and bought a box and took them. The encouragement held out to me by the first eight pills was not mythical, as by their continued use the improvement continued, and I consider no expression of praise too strong for Doan's Kidney Pills; in short they are me plus ultra.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

ALL NERVOUS DISEASES—railing, Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Eminent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Testimonials show immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. In each case having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure. 50 CTS. per package or six packages (full treatment) for \$2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. **AJAX REMEDY CO.,** 19 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John I. Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

Feeding Hotel Help.

The first work done in the Waldorf-Astoria, New York, each day is the preparation of breakfast for 1,200 employees. The last of these meals is served usually before the earliest rising guest sleepily orders his eggs and coffee, thinking himself almost a hero to be breakfasting at such an hour.

Swindled.

Mrs. Smarte says her husband is the worst man that ever was to go shopping. He's almost sure to get swindled every time. "Why," she says, "it was only t'other day that he bought a flute, and when it came home, if you'll believe it, 'twas full of holes."—Boston Transcript.

AMANDA SMITH TALKED

Holiness Her Subject at the First M. E. Church.

SHE WILL SPEAK THIS EVENING

In the Auditorium of the Church—Meetings at the African M. E. Church Have Been Very Successful Since the Colored Evangelist Came to the City.

Amanda Smith, the colored evangelist, has been very successful since she began to hold meetings in the city. The first services were held at the African M. E. church which has been filled every evening with enthusiastic crowds. Reverend Carson has given the lady every assistance, and the result has been the accomplishment of much good. The services there ended last night, a large number of persons being in attendance. Tuesday afternoon the evangelist held her first meeting at the First M. E. church, and yesterday the lecture room was well filled with an interested audience. She spoke in the main on holiness, and her clear voice and earnest manner at once attracted the attention of all present. She spoke for some time, and handled the subject in a most satisfactory manner to those who were so fortunate as to hear her.

The evening services at the First M. E. church will begin tonight when the evangelist is expected to address one of the largest crowds ever gathered in the building.

COMING THIS WAY.

Pittsburg Capitalists to Build a Long Trolley Line.

Charters have been issued to two Pittsburg corporations, the Ohio Valley Railway company and the Coraopolis and Sewickley Bridge company, which propose to construct an electric line that will connect Pittsburg and Beaver Falls. The capitalization of the bridge company is \$200,000 and that of the other \$300,000. The Ohio river will be bridged from Sewickley to Coraopolis, and an electric line built from that point to Freedom, Beaver county. This will complete the line between Beaver Falls and Pittsburg.

A local man, who evidently knows more than he will tell of the scheme, says that it is only a matter of time until the line is extended down the river to the state line.

VERY FORTUNATE

Has Liverpool Been In Its Grip Experience.

"Liverpool has been fortunate in its experience with the grip," said a leading physician. "While the town has had a great many cases, and a large number of sick at this time, you have probably noticed that no cases of grip have resulted fatally, while in almost every other place you hear of people who are dying of the disease. I won't attempt to explain it, but you can readily see for yourself just what the situation is. We have the grip, but it's not the killing kind."

PENSION BILLS

Were Introduced Into the House by Hon. R. W. Taylor.

A special from Washington says: "Representative Taylor, of Ohio, introduced a bill to pension John G. Lindsay, of Salineville, at \$24 per month; also bills to correct the military records of Archibald Downey, of Alliance; Henry Wernet, Canton; William Hartzell, Mahoning county; David Harrington, Canton; Charles May, Youngstown; Jacob Metzger, Columbiana; and J. D. Wedley, Salem."

Not Popular In Steubenville.

The following from yesterday's Gazette seems to show that Mormonism is not popular in Steubenville:

"W. F. Burton, president of the Ohio Mormon conference, and 'Elder' J. B. Erickson, of East Liverpool, are here conferring with 'Elders' Thos. Warnock and E. A. Hardy who have been conducting their nefarious work in this vicinity."

Doctor Lee Improving.

Doctor Lee, who is confined to his home in Elm street by the grip, is improving and it is expected that he will be able to be out Sunday. Arrangements had been made to hold communion service at the First Presbyterian church next Sunday, but it has been postponed one week.

Interred In Spring Grove.

The funeral of Harry Neville took place this afternoon from the residence of his grandmother in Seventh street. The remains were interred in Spring Grove cemetery.

SKUNKS GUARDED WHISKY.

Connecticut Man's Novel Plan to Protect His Liquor From State Officers.

Liquor dealers in prohibition towns in Connecticut have employed all manner of dodges to defeat the sheriffs and prosecuting agents, but none evolved a plan like unto a Voluntown man. Voluntown has had more raids for its size than any town in the state. The officials are vigilant and the liquor dealers resourceful.

As a result of a complaint made to Prosecuting Agent Durnham he organized a search party, including the sheriff. Not a sign of whisky was found in the house of the suspected man. Durnham winked his eye and suggested that they look over the plowed ground at the back of the house.

"Suffering snakes!" ejaculated the sheriff, "that ain't whisky we smell?" "How comes it that you know what whisky smells like?" asked Durnham. "Whew!" he added as the odor struck his nostrils.

"It's skunks!" said everybody in chorus.

There wasn't the slightest doubt of it. The coming of the searchers had aroused the animals. There were two of them, and they were tethered. A council of war was held. Durnham advanced the theory, born of long association with the violators of the prohibition law, that the skunks were placed there to guard whisky. The others agreed with him. They reconnoitered from a safe distance and made the discovery that the ground looked as if it had been recently dug up.

It was decided to kill the skunks. Durnham's theory was correct. Half a dozen jugs of whisky were found buried at the point where the pegs to which the skunks' tethers were fastened had been driven into the ground. "Don't think them skunks'll do that whisky any good," remarked the sheriff. The whisky was found on land owned by a man named Whipple, who denies all knowledge of it.—Special New York World.

VALUABLE CATTLE FOOD.

New Corn Product Successfully Made From the Stalks.

The new corn product upon which investigations have been conducted at the Maryland agricultural experiment station at College Park to determine its value as a stock food has been given much consideration by the farming community of the state—in fact, many states have taken up the subject and are conducting experiments to ascertain its relative feeding value. In the process of the extraction of the pith the blades and husk are first removed and the stalks are cut up in small pieces. After the extraction of the pith from the stalk the balance is ground up into meal, which in general appearance resembles coarse bran. This ground material is termed the "new corn product."

The new corn product contains 11 pounds per 100 more digestible matter and 2 pounds per 100 more digestible protein than the whole fodder shredded. During the past few years much has been done in the way of testing methods for preparing corn fodder for feeding, with most of the results in favor of some method of shredding the stalk. Shredding possesses many points which make it superior to the ordinary or old way of cutting fodder, the principal one of which is that the shredded fodder is almost wholly eaten by animals.

It is found that the new corn product contains within one pound as much total digestible matter as wheat bran, but less than one-third as much digestible protein; consequently the nutritive ratio is wider. It was further observed that animals fed with a fattening ration with the new corn product base made more gain in live weight and upon less feed than with a fattening ration of the same grain and corn blades. The keeping qualities of the new corn product are as good as linseed meal, cottonseed meal or wheat bran, and rations made up with this material can be fed with less labor and less waste of feed than when hay and fodder are fed separately, as ordinarily practiced.—College Park (Md.) Special Baltimore Sun.

An Insult.

A Caribou (Me.) man lately wandered into a remote hotel that doesn't keep a dictionary, and on coming down in the morning was asked by the landlord how he rested.

"Oh," replied the gentleman, "I suffered nearly all night with insomnia!"

The landlord took offense at this and roared, "I'll bet you \$2 there ain't one in my house!"—Exchange.

An Unfortunate "Immune."

He was one of the "immunes." And they marched him to the tunes. They played along the way to Santiago. But the first trip that he made For a fortnight he was laid On his back with the lumbago—the lumbago!

He was one of the "immunes." He had passed through sickly Junes And lived to cheer his country's glorious banner.

But when the war was over And he thought he was in clover He had sixteen weeks of fever in Havana!

He was one of the "immunes," Singing patriotic tunes While o'er the ranks the stars of glory clustered, But he's no "immune" believer, With the measles, chills and fever, And he's anxious out the service to be mustered!

WHITNEY'S ROYAL HOME

Mansion In New York Being Fitted Up on Magnificent Scale.

MILLIONS IN THE FURNISHINGS.

William C. Whitney's Devotion Surrounds His Invalid Wife With Many Luxuries—The Tapestries, Older Than the Oldest Gobelins, Have Cost the Wealthy Owner \$1,000,000. Ceilings Cost \$50,000.

Of all the royally appointed mansions that grace New York that which William C. Whitney is now building at 671 Fifth avenue, the corner of Sixty-eighth street, will be the most magnificent in its furnishings.

From what is known of his plans, Mr. Whitney has not spared millions to make his mansion a veritable palace of fine arts and luxury. He has ransacked the workshops of Europe to find art works for his new home. The leading sculptors and painters have been engaged to make the Whitney mansion as perfect as millions, linked with extravagance of taste, can make it.

In order that Mrs. Whitney may be pleased and cheered in her illness, Mr. Whitney has designed a royal suit for her which will outstrip the apartments of most of the queens of Europe. The walls of the boudoir are to be hung with a silk fabric for which \$35 a yard was paid. The furniture of her apartments is of the finest French make from special design and cost \$50,000, as it is lavishly decorated with carving.

The bathroom will be a place of surpassing magnificence. Lined throughout with snowy marble, it will hold a cameo-like tub. This will also be of white marble, cut from a single block and carved upon its outer surface with graceful traceries in relief. The mono-



WILLIAM C. WHITNEY.

lith will rest upon a flooring of the finest mosaic. The faucets of the tub are to be of pure gold of unique design.

To the ceilings of the rooms Mr. Whitney has given particular attention. Each is a triumph in art. They were painted in France and cost \$50,000. In order that they may be put in place according to the artist's wishes workmen were sent to the United States with them, and they will have entire charge of placing them. This regal suit for Mrs. Whitney will consist of four rooms—boudoir, bedroom, dressing room and bath. The ultimate cost of them is impossible of calculation, as Mr. Whitney is constantly planning to add to their comfort and luxury.

In Mr. Whitney's drawing room will hang the famous Louvre tapestries for which he paid \$1,000,000. They were woven at the palace of the Louvre before the days of the now famous Gobelin tapestries and are accounted the finest fabrics in the world. They will aid in making the Whitney drawing room the most gorgeous room in New York.

The border of thin tapestries, mellowed by age, is a band of fruits and flowers in color on a base of gold 14 inches deep. The bullion threads with which it was woven are as bright and ruddy as when they left the weaver's hands.

The furniture of the drawing room is of teak, the richest of oriental woods, lavishly carved, thoroughly in harmony with the subdued tones of the tapestry. The shades to the windows are of white meshgrain silk, with curtains of fine mottled lace of rare make.

In searching the art shops of Europe Mr. Whitney has selected only the most valuable and rare bronzes, paintings, miniatures and ceramics for his palace. Many of the works date back into the dusty centuries and are the chef d'oeuvres of masters.

It is not known when the Whitney palace will be ready for occupancy, but it is thought the furnishing will be completed before next autumn. William C. Whitney has already expended millions in humoring his tastes, but his Fifth avenue palace will be the crowning achievement.—New York Journal.

A "Bureau of Courtesy."

A "bureau of courtesy" is being organized as one feature of the coming Transmississippi and International exposition in Omaha. The announcement of the bureau says: "It is hoped to enroll in it nearly all the residents of the city. Each member of the bureau will wear a button or a badge, and visitors will be privileged to address at any

time or place any wearer of this insignia for the purpose of getting information of any sort."—Keystone.

CAUGHT IN A SHOWER OF PIG

Connecticut Farmer's Thrilling Experience of His Life.

James Green of Norfolk, Conn., had the thrilling experience of his life recently, despite the fact that he was in the thick of the civil war. He went through Antietam, Shiloh and Gettysburg without a scratch, but now carries one arm in a sling.

Mr. Green works on a dairy farm between Canaan and Norfolk, where he has about 60 head of cattle under his supervision. He was on the main floor of the big barn the other day, when he felt a rush of air and saw a pudgy pig strike with a squashy noise at his feet. Before he could recover from his surprise a good sized hog flew past his ear and fell on the corpse of the pig. Mr. Green had heard of showers of frogs, but not of pigs. He looked up to locate the possible hole in the roof. A hay shoot runs up fully 50 feet to the lofts on each side of the barn, and it was from the top of this that the porcine meteors were radiating.

Says Mr. Green: "By the time the third porker had landed I says to myself, 'What in thunder's struck them critters?' for I knew their place was in the pens under the barn. Afore I could answer down comes a couple more, and I says to myself, 'Green, the thing for you to do is to stand from under and let the show go on.' So I jumped on one side and then turned to look up and see how many more I might expect, when, gee whiz, a corker seemed to come straight for me, brushin my face and just missin the spot he meant to strike."

"By this time I calkerlated I'd seen about all the show I wanted to, and I was jest startin to bump myself when, splash, bang, still another came, with such speed that I couldn't git out o' his way. All I could do was to put up my arm to save my head. Down I went like a thousand o' brick, the pig all over me. But the full force of the blow was on my arm, which was broken. As I was gettin up, more dead nor alive, I swan, another come and knocked me silly, and then I had to lay there till the shower was over. In all, 15 carcasses were piled up around me when I was able to git on my pins ag'in. Every inch o' my body's sorer'n a hen's twisted neck."

It was found that the pigs had migrated from the basement and in single file had climbed the narrow stairs to the loft. In their explorations they had gone too near the hay shoot, and, still sticking to the leader, had tobogganed down on top of Green.—Special New York Telegram.

NOVEL TRAINING METHODS.

"Kid" McCoy Has Taken Up a New System For His Coming Fight.

Although the weather has been unfavorable recently to outdoor athletic work at Asbury Park, N. J., it has not interfered in the least with the labors of "Kid" McCoy. This ambitious young athlete entered on a rigid course of training the other day, having as attendants his brother Homer, Doc Payne and Con Reilly.

His system is a little out of the ordinary, and his daily routine is according to a schedule arranged by B. H. Benton, whom McCoy says is his right hand man at Asbury Park. The morning is devoted to outdoor work, and the "Kid" does not return until 11 o'clock, when the time to noon is used up in bathing, rubbing, etc. When thoroughly cooled out, McCoy is severely treated with massage and a special preparation from a recipe of David H. Blanchard of Boston, the ingredients of which are secret.

In the afternoon two hours are devoted to bag punching, dumbbells and chest weight exercise. He has been giving up half an hour daily to boxing, but now he is to forego boxing as a part of his training. The one great effort of the aspiring young champion is to build up his health and weight, and whatever avoirdupois he takes on he is desirous of retaining if it will not retard his activity or in any way handicap him.

His method of dieting is also special, all his meals being cooked and served under the superintendence of Mr. Benton. All meats, fruits and vegetables are sent to Asbury Park daily from New York, and the daily consignment is enough for several families. It is the intention to keep the "Kid" out in the open air as much as possible, weather permitting. The entire staff arise at 6:30 a. m., and they retire promptly at 9:30 p. m. The rules as laid out will be strictly lived up to until the contest.—Special New York World.

Matches Cause Insanity.

John McSwain, 27, of Wadsworth, O., recently was driven insane by eating potatoes cooked in a pot into which matches had fallen unnoticed. He was poisoned by the phosphorus, and insanity resulted.—Special Cincinnati Enquirer.

On a "Franc" Arrangement.

Paris was conspicuously remiss in hospitality toward the American peace commissioners, but the hotels will continue to accept money from United States guests with their usual magnanimous affability.—Washington Star.



A more pitiful sight than a mother and her child, both captives and shackled in a dungeon, could not well be imagined. There are thousands of mothers and their babes who lie shackled by disease in the dungeon of death.

Without knowing it, or having the faintest comprehension of it, the fault lies with the mother. Too many women enter upon the responsibilities of wifehood and motherhood while suffering from weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible. A woman who suffers in this way cannot be a capable wife and a competent mother. Before entering upon the duties and responsibilities of these positions, she should see to it that her health, both general and local, is thoroughly restored. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all medicines for this purpose. It acts directly on the sensitive organs concerned, making them strong, healthy and vigorous. It promotes regularity of the functions, allays irritation and inflammation, heals ulceration, checks unnatural and exhausting drains and soothes pain. It tones and builds up the shattered nerves. It turns the dangers and pains of maternity into safety and ease. It is a medicine that is intended for this one purpose only and is good for no other. Dealers sell it and no honest dealer will suggest a substitute.

"Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription did me so much good that to-day I am well again and stronger than I have been for years," writes Mrs. Alex. Lockie, of Wise, Isabella Co., Mich. "I have a baby one year old and as fat and healthy as one could wish to see. I took two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' I keep Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets in the house all the time. My family take no other kind of pills."

THERE ARE OTHERS.

Plenty of Them, but so Different—Local Proof is What East Liverpool People Want.

There are a great many of them. Every paper has its share. Statements hard to believe, harder to prove.

Statements from far-away places. What people say in Maine. Public expression from California. Ofttimes good indorsement there. But of little service here at home. East Liverpool people want local proof.

The saying of neighbors, friends and citizens.

Home endorsement counts. It disarms the skeptic, is beyond dispute.

This is the backing that stands behind every box of Doan's Kidney Pills; here is a case of it:

Mr. P. J. Green, veterinary surgeon, says: "While attending a sick horse belonging to Mr. G. H. Gardner, of 168 Jackson street, he remarked to me that the horse seemed to be in pain. I replied that I was the sickier of the two, as I could at that time scarcely straighten up with my back from lameness, weakness and severe pains. He asked me what my symptoms were, and I explained to him that I had suffered for a number of years from my kidneys; that I had attacks at times when nothing helped me, and it was agony for me to get around, but that I could not endure idleness. The secretions from the kidney were very high colored and acidulous; that I had spells of dizziness when I would see black specks floating before my eyes, and felt generally broken up. He looked up and said that he had the very thing I needed to cure me in his house—Doan's Kidney Pills. He went into the house and brought me out eight pills. I took them with me, and used them two at a dose. The effect was astonishing to me. I felt it almost at once, and went to the W. & W. Pharmacy and bought a box and took them. The encouragement held out to me by the first eight pills was not mythical, as by their continued use the improvement continued, and I consider no expression of praise too strong for Doan's Kidney Pills; in short they are ne plus ultra.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

ALL NERVOUS DISORDERS—Suffering from Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vigor in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and cures a GUARANTEE where all other fail. List upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure. 50 CTS. per package; or six packages (full treatment) for \$2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price (Circular free). **AJAX REMEDY CO.**, 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John I. Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

Feeding Hotel Help.

The first work done in the Waldorf-Astoria, New York, each day is the preparation of breakfast for 1,200 employees. The last of these meals is served usually before the earliest rising guest sleepily orders his eggs and coffee, thinking himself almost a hero to be breakfasting at such an hour.

Swindled.

Mrs. Smarte says her husband is the worst man that ever was to go shopping. He's almost sure to get swindled every time. "Why," she says, "it was only t'other day that he bought a flute, and when it came home, if you'll believe it, 'twas full of holes."—Boston Transcript.

LANG BROKE HIS LEG

Peculiar Accident In a Bowling Alley.

FRACTURE QUICKLY REDUCED

Then the Injured Man Was Taken to His Home Where He Will In Time Recover. No Cause Is Assigned For the Unusual Happening.

A serious accident occurred last night in the bowling alley.

Early in the evening Isaac Lang and a friend were in the alley bowling a friendly game of ten pins. Mr. Lang did not use a heavy ball and every time after throwing a ball down the alley he was in the habit of making a quick turn and whirling around. He had just thrown a ball down the alley and made the usual quick twist. He stood for a few seconds and then fell on his right side. The spectators at first did not realize that he had been seriously injured, and waited for a short time for him to get up, but when it was found he was unable to do so he was removed from the alley and a physician summoned.

When the physician arrived he made a thorough examination and found that Mr. Lang had sustained a severe fracture of the left leg between the knee and hip, and stated that the fracture must have been caused by the twist after Mr. Lang had thrown the ball down the alley. The fracture was reduced and the injured man was made as comfortable as possible.

The patrol wagon was called and Mr. Lang was taken to his home in Forest street where he is resting as easy as could be expected under the circumstances, but it will be several weeks before he is able to be out.

READY TO BOOM

As Soon as the Papers For the Trust Are All Signed.

A story was in circulation today that the potteries would be rushed with work as soon as the affairs of the trust are placed in proper condition.

Orders have been piling up in the office of every pottery in town, and at the proper time they will be filled with a rush. It is stated that one firm has 11 car loads to ship, and their customers are anxious to have the ware, while another has contracts which must be filled at the earliest possible moment. There seems to be no question but what the demand for Liverpool ware just now is great.

HURT ON LINCOLN AVENUE.

A Coaster Collided With a Telephone Pole.

Lincoln avenue was crowded with coasters last night, a great many boys being among the number.

During the evening one youngster lost control of his sled and collided with a telephone pole. He was sent rolling down the hill, and when friends went to his assistance it was found that his chin was cut. The boy was taken home.

Broadway was another favorite coasting place, and the crowd there was large, but no serious accidents occurred.

CHICKEN THIEVES

Made Another Raid on California Hollow.

Chicken thieves have been busy in California hollow during the past few nights, and as a result a number of fowls have been stolen.

Among the number taken was a bird that had been matched against a Wells-ville chicken several weeks ago, but the fight was postponed because of the street railway strike.

There is no clue to the thieves.

NEW OFFICERS.

Library Directors Will Endeavor to Elect Them Tomorrow Night.

The library directors will hold a very important meeting tomorrow evening and new officers will be elected.

Miss McLane will present the annual report and the question of moving to larger quarters will be decided.

Spent a Day With Friends.

Rev. C. F. Swift spent the day in Beaver Falls and New Brighton visiting friends. While in Beaver Falls he was the guest of Rev. W. H. Gladden, at one time pastor of the Methodist Protestant church in this city.

Buchanan Is Better.

Robert Buchanan, of Third street, who has been confined to his home for some time as a result of injuries received in two gas explosions, is now able to be out. His injuries were more serious than were first thought.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

Muslin Underwear Sale.

Monday morning we placed on sale a lot of Agents' Samples of Muslin Underwear, together with our own entire stock, and give a uniform reduction of

20% OFF

regular close retail prices. This will give you the very best muslin underwear in the market, at the cost of material and trimmings. We make you a present of the making. The line consists of Night Gowns, Skirts, Drawers, Corset Covers and Chemise, and is choice in every particular.

25c garments will cost you	20c
35c garments will cost you	28c
50c garments will cost you	40c
75c garments will cost you	60c
\$1.00 garments will cost you	80c
\$1.25 garments will cost you	\$1.00
\$1.50 garments will cost you	\$1.20

At the first named prices these garments are extra good value; at 20 per cent off these prices they are Genuine Bargains. During this sale we will give 20 per cent off on all Laces and Embroideries.

OUR 1/3 OFF SALE

On ladies' and children's wraps and ladies' suits is still going on, and if you have anything in these lines to buy you ought to take advantage of this offer.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

Stupidity Rewarded.

This story is told of Sir Walter Scott, who was far from being a brilliant pupil at school: After he became famous he one day dropped into the old school to pay a visit to the scene of his former woes. The teacher was anxious to make a good impression on the writer and put the pupils through their lessons so as to show them to the best advantage. After awhile Scott said: "But which is the dunce? You have one surely. Show him to me."

The teacher called up a poor fellow who looked the picture of woe as he bashfully came toward the distinguished visitor.

"Are you the dunce?" asked Scott.

"Yes, sir," said the boy.

"Well, my good fellow," said Scott, "here is a crown for you for keeping my place warm."

A Prime Political Reason.

It was in the Newton ward, where the candidate on the Liberal side was Mr. Ritchie, a well known confectioner and restaurateur, whose pies and rock were equally famous in Auld Reekie. After the poll the following conversation was heard between two workingmen who had just emerged from the voting station: "Weel, Tam, did ye vote for Ritchie?" "No," said the other, "I didna." "And what for no?" asked his astonished friend. "Ye're a Leebler, are na' ye, and Ritchie's the Leebler candidate?" "I ken that fine," retorted his companion imperturbably, "but I niver could bear Ritchie's pies!" —New Century.

Salt Hay.

Salt hay is used in winter for coloring various kinds of plants that grow close to the earth. It has a long staple, and it serves this purpose well. Straw with long staple still is used for bundling up plants and shrubs having stalks. Salt hay is used in cemeteries to cover up ivy clad graves. The ivy is thus kept in better condition than if it were left exposed to the blasts and the cold of winter. The brown hay is laid lengthwise upon the grave in a covering of uniform thickness all over it, which is held in place by bent rods settled down upon it at intervals, hooplike, and with their ends in the ground on either side.

Political Wit.

The repartee of the political platform is frequently surpassed by the repartee of the crowd. Recently, at a Conservative meeting, a local politician "on the stump" declared, in vindication of his devotion to truth, that when a boy he had been thrashed by a mistaken father for telling it.

It was an ill mannered Democrat in

the body of the hall who briskly replied, "I guess it's cured yer, guvner!" —London Chronicle.

Princess Maud and Her Monocle.

Among the notable personages of Europe who have introduced the wearing of single eyeglasses for women is the Princess Charles of Denmark, who before her marriage was Princess Maud, daughter of the Prince of Wales. Her example is being followed by many prominent ladies in English society. —New York Journal

WANTED.

WANTED—A good man for choice desk room in an office. Apply to A. W. Scott & Co., Foutts building. Room ready by March 1st.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. George Brunt, Fifth street.

WANTED—Christian man or woman here in position of trust; salary \$900. Enclose self-addressed, stamped envelope to Manager, care of this paper.

FOUND

FOUND—Pocketbook, containing money. Owner can have same by calling on W. F. Gray, Euston addition.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Columbiana county, Ohio, I will offer for sale, at public auction, on Saturday, the 4th day of February, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., upon the premises, the following described real estate: Situated in the city of East Liverpool, county of Columbiana and state of Ohio, and known as and being that certain parcel of land near the northwest corner of the southeast quarter of section twenty-four (24), commencing at a post set in the west side of the public road at the southeast corner of a tract of land conveyed by William Densmore and wife to James Densmore, and running thence south eighty-two (82) feet and six (6) inches to a post; thence south eighty-seven and one-half (87½) degrees west one hundred and twenty-four feet (124 feet); thence north eighty-two (82) feet and six (6) inches to a post on the east side of a ten-foot alley; thence north eighty-seven and one-half (87½) degrees east one hundred and twenty-four (124) feet to the place of beginning. Said property is appraised at eleven hundred and thirty-four dollars (\$1,134.00), and cannot sell for less than two-thirds of said appraisement.

Terms of sale: One-third in hand, one-third in one year and one-third in two years from the date of sale, with interest; deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on premises sold.

J. H. BROOKES, Administrator of Emily Mountford, deceased. Jan. 4, 1899.

HASSEY'S PLACE

For Fine Candies.

No stale goods. Fresh every day.

Opposite First National Bank.

Have You Inspected It?

Inspected What?

Why that Magnificent JOB and BOOK WORK turned out at the....

News Review Job Office.

FINE Presses, Skilled Workmen, Superb Material. Thousands of dollars worth of latest Designs and Styles of Type, Border and Novelties. All work absolutely guaranteed.

Test the News Review Job Department.

LANG BROKE HIS LEG

Peculiar Accident In a Bowling Alley.

FRACTURE QUICKLY REDUCED

Then the Injured Man Was Taken to His Home Where He Will In Time Recover. No Cause Is Assigned For the Unusual Happening.

A serious accident occurred last night in the bowling alley. Early in the evening Isaac Lang and a friend were in the alley bowling a friendly game of ten pins. Mr. Lang did not use a heavy ball and every time after throwing a ball down the alley he was in the habit of making a quick turn and whirling around. He had just thrown a ball down the alley and made the usual quick twist. He stood for a few seconds and then fell on his right side. The spectators at first did not realize that he had been seriously injured, and waited for a short time for him to get up, but when it was found he was unable to do so he was removed from the alley and a physician summoned. When the physician arrived he made a thorough examination and found that Mr. Lang had sustained a severe fracture of the left leg between the knee and hip, and stated that the fracture must have been caused by the twist after Mr. Lang had thrown the ball down the alley. The fracture was reduced and the injured man was made as comfortable as possible. The patrol wagon was called and Mr. Lang was taken to his home in Forest street where he is resting as easy as could be expected under the circumstances, but it will be several weeks before he is able to be out.

READY TO BOOM
As Soon as the Papers For the Trust Are All Signed.

A story was in circulation today that the potteries would be rushed with work as soon as the affairs of the trust are placed in proper condition. Orders have been piling up in the office of every pottery in town, and at the proper time they will be filled with a rush. It is stated that one firm has 11 car loads to ship, and their customers are anxious to have the ware, while another has contracts which must be filled at the earliest possible moment. There seems to be no question but what the demand for Liverpool ware just now is great.
HURT ON LINCOLN AVENUE.
A Coaster Collided With a Telephone Pole.
Lincoln avenue was crowded with coasters last night, a great many boys being among the number. During the evening one youngster lost control of his sled and collided with a telephone pole. He was sent rolling down the hill, and when friends went to his assistance it was found that his chin was cut. The boy was taken home. Broadway was another favorite coasting place, and the crowd there was large, but no serious accidents occurred.

CHICKEN THIEVES
Made Another Raid on California Hollow.
Chicken thieves have been busy in California hollow during the past few nights, and as a result a number of fowls have been stolen. Among the number taken was a bird that had been matched against a Wells-ville chicken several weeks ago, but the fight was postponed because of the street railway strike. There is no clue to the thieves.

NEW OFFICERS.
Library Directors Will Endeavor to Elect Them Tomorrow Night.
The library directors will hold a very important meeting tomorrow evening and new officers will be elected. Miss McLane will present the annual report and the question of moving to larger quarters will be decided.
Spent a Day With Friends.
Rev. C. F. Swift spent the day in Beaver Falls and New Brighton visiting friends. While in Beaver Falls he was the guest of Rev. W. H. Gladden, at one time pastor of the Methodist Protestant church in this city.
Buchanan Is Better.
Robert Buchanan, of Third street, who has been confined to his home for some time as a result of injuries received in two gas explosions, is now able to be out. His injuries were more serious than were first thought.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.
Muslin Underwear Sale.

Monday morning we placed on sale a lot of Agents' Samples of Muslin Underwear, together with our own entire stock, and give a uniform reduction of

20% OFF

regular close retail prices. This will give you the very best muslin underwear in the market, at the cost of material and trimmings. We make you a present of the making. The line consists of Night Gowns, Skirts, Drawers, Corset Covers and Chemise, and is choice in every particular.



25c garments will cost you	20c
35c garments will cost you	28c
50c garments will cost you	40c
75c garments will cost you	60c
\$1.00 garments will cost you	80c
\$1.25 garments will cost you	\$1.00
\$1.50 garments will cost you	\$1.20



At the first named prices these garments are extra good value; at 20 per cent off these prices they are Genuine Bargains. During this sale we will give 20 per cent off on all Laces and Embroideries.

OUR 1/3 OFF SALE

On ladies' and children's wraps and ladies' suits is still going on, and if you have anything in these lines to buy you ought to take advantage of this offer.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,
A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

Stupidity Rewarded.

This story is told of Sir Walter Scott, who was far from being a brilliant pupil at school: After he became famous he one day dropped into the old school to pay a visit to the scene of his former woes. The teacher was anxious to make a good impression on the writer and put the pupils through their lessons so as to show them to the best advantage. After awhile Scott said: "But which is the dunce? You have one surely. Show him to me." The teacher called up a poor fellow who looked the picture of woe as he bashfully came toward the distinguished visitor. "Are you the dunce?" asked Scott. "Yes, sir," said the boy. "Well, my good fellow," said Scott, "here is a crown for you for keeping my place warm."

A Prime Political Reason.

It was in the Newinton ward, where the candidate on the Liberal side was Mr. Ritchie, a well known confectioner and restaurateur, whose pies and rock were equally famous in Auld Reekie. After the poll the following conversation was heard between two workmen who had just emerged from the voting station: "Weel, Tam, did ye vote for Ritchie?" "No," said the other, "I didna." "And what for no?" asked his astonished friend. "You're a Leebler, are na' ye, and Ritchie's the Leebler candidate?" "I ken that fine," retorted his companion imperturbably, "but I niver could bear Ritchie's pies!" —New Century.

Salt Hay.

Salt hay is used in winter for coloring various kinds of plants that grow close to the earth. It has a long staple, and it serves this purpose well. Straw with long staple still is used for bundling up plants and shrubs having stalks. Salt hay is used in cemeteries to cover up ivy clad graves. The ivy is thus kept in better condition than if it were left exposed to the blasts and the cold of winter. The brown hay is laid lengthwise upon the grave in a covering of uniform thickness all over it, which is held in place by bent rods settled down upon it at intervals, hooplike, and with their ends in the ground on either side.

Political Wit.

The repartee of the political platform is frequently surpassed by the repartee of the crowd. Recently, at a Conservative meeting, a local politician "on the stump" declared, in vindication of his devotion to truth, that when a boy he had been thrashed by a mistaken father for telling it. It was an ill mannered Democrat in

the body of the ball who briskly replied, "I guess it's cured yer, guvner!" —London Chronicle.

Princess Maud and Her Monocle.

Among the notable personages of Europe who have introduced the wearing of single eyeglasses for women is the Princess Charles of Denmark, who before her marriage was Princess Maud, daughter of the Prince of Wales. Her example is being followed by many prominent ladies in English society. —New York Journal

WANTED.

WANTED—A good man for choice desk room in an office. Apply to A. W. Scott & Co., Foutts building. Room ready by March 1st.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. George Brunt, Fifth street.

WANTED—Christian man or woman here in position of trust; salary \$900. Enclose self-addressed, stamped envelope to Manager, care of this paper.

FOUND

FOUND—Pocketbook, containing money. Owner can have same by calling on W. F. Gray, Euston addition.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Columbiana county, Ohio, I will offer for sale, at public auction, on Saturday, the 4th day of February, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., upon the premises, the following described real estate: Situated in the city of East Liverpool, county of Columbiana and state of Ohio, and known as and being that certain parcel of land near the northwest corner of the southeast quarter of section twenty-four (24), commencing at a post set in the west side of the public road at the southeast corner of a tract of land conveyed by William Densmore and wife to James Densmore, and running thence south eighty-two (82) feet and six (6) inches to a post; thence south eighty-seven and one-half (87 1/2) degrees west one hundred and twenty-four feet (124) feet; thence north eighty-two (82) feet and six (6) inches to a post on the east side of a ten-foot alley; thence north eighty-seven and one-half (87 1/2) degrees east one hundred and twenty-four (124) feet to the place of beginning. Said property is appraised at eleven hundred and thirty-four dollars (\$1,134.00), and cannot sell for less than two-thirds of said appraisement. Terms of sale: One-third in hand, one-third in one year and one-third in two years from the date of sale, with interest; deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on premises sold. J. H. BROOKES, Administrator of Emily Mountford, deceased. Jan. 4, 1899.

HASSEY'S PLACE

For Fine Candies. No stale goods. Fresh every day. Opposite First National Bank.

Have You Inspected It? Inspected What?

Why that Magnificent JOB and BOOK WORK turned out at the....

News Review Job Office.

FINE Presses, Skilled Workmen, Superb Material. Thousands of dollars worth of latest Designs and Styles of Type, Border and Novel-ties. All work absolutely guaranteed.

Test the News Review Job Department.

LANG BROKE HIS LEG

Peculiar Accident In a Bowling Alley.

FRACTURE QUICKLY REDUCED

Then the Injured Man Was Taken to His Home Where He Will In Time Recover. No Cause Is Assigned For the Unusual Happening.

A serious accident occurred last night in the bowling alley.

Early in the evening Isaac Lang and a friend were in the alley bowling a friendly game of ten pins. Mr. Lang did not use a heavy ball and every time after throwing a ball down the alley he was in the habit of making a quick turn and whirling around. He had just thrown a ball down the alley and made the usual quick twist. He stood for a few seconds and then fell on his right side. The spectators at first did not realize that he had been seriously injured, and waited for a short time for him to get up, but when it was found he was unable to do so he was removed from the alley and a physician summoned.

When the physician arrived he made a thorough examination and found that Mr. Lang had sustained a severe fracture of the left leg between the knee and hip, and stated that the fracture must have been caused by the twist after Mr. Lang had thrown the ball down the alley. The fracture was reduced and the injured man was made as comfortable as possible.

The patrol wagon was called and Mr. Lang was taken to his home in Forest street where he is resting as easy as could be expected under the circumstances, but it will be several weeks before he is able to be out.

READY TO BOOM

As Soon as the Papers for the Trust Are All Signed.

A story was in circulation today that the potteries would be rushed with work as soon as the affairs of the trust are placed in proper condition.

Orders have been piling up in the office of every pottery in town, and at the proper time they will be filled with a rush. It is stated that one firm has 11 car loads to ship, and their customers are anxious to have the ware, while another has contracts which must be filled at the earliest possible moment. There seems to be no question but what the demand for Liverpool ware just now is great.

HURT ON LINCOLN AVENUE.

A Coaster Collided With a Telephone Pole.

Lincoln avenue was crowded with coasters last night, a great many boys being among the number.

During the evening one youngster lost control of his sled and collided with a telephone pole. He was sent rolling down the hill, and when friends went to his assistance it was found that his chin was cut. The boy was taken home.

Broadway was another favorite coasting place, and the crowd there was large, but no serious accidents occurred.

CHICKEN THIEVES

Made Another Raid on California Hollow.

Chicken thieves have been busy in California hollow during the past few nights, and as a result a number of fowls have been stolen.

Among the number taken was a bird that had been matched against a Wells-ville chicken several weeks ago, but the fight was postponed because of the street railway strike.

There is no clue to the thieves.

NEW OFFICERS.

Library Directors Will Endeavor to Elect Them Tomorrow Night.

The library directors will hold a very important meeting tomorrow evening and new officers will be elected.

Miss McLane will present the annual report and the question of moving to larger quarters will be decided.

Spent a Day With Friends.

Rev. C. F. Swift spent the day in Beaver Falls and New Brighton visiting friends. While in Beaver Falls he was the guest of Rev. W. H. Gladden, at one time pastor of the Methodist Protestant church in this city.

Buchanan Is Better.

Robert Buchanan, of Third street, who has been confined to his home for some time as a result of injuries received in two gas explosions, is now able to be out. His injuries were more serious than were first thought.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

Muslin Underwear Sale.

Monday morning we placed on sale a lot of Agents' Samples of Muslin Underwear, together with our own entire stock, and give a uniform reduction of

20% OFF

regular close retail prices. This will give you the very best muslin underwear in the market, at the cost of material and trimmings. We make you a present of the making. The line consists of Night Gowns, Skirts, Drawers, Corset Covers and Chemise, and is choice in every particular.

25c garments will cost you	20c
35c garments will cost you	28c
50c garments will cost you	40c
75c garments will cost you	60c
\$1.00 garments will cost you	80c
\$1.25 garments will cost you	\$1.00
\$1.50 garments will cost you	\$1.20

At the first named prices these garments are extra good value; at 20 per cent off these prices they are Genuine Bargains. During this sale we will give 20 per cent off on all Laces and Embroideries.

OUR 1/3 OFF SALE

On ladies' and children's wraps and ladies' suits is still going on, and if you have anything in these lines to buy you ought to take advantage of this offer.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

Stupidity Rewarded.

This story is told of Sir Walter Scott, who was far from being a brilliant pupil at school: After he became famous he one day dropped into the old school to pay a visit to the scene of his former woes. The teacher was anxious to make a good impression on the writer and put the pupils through their lessons so as to show them to the best advantage. After awhile Scott said: "But which is the dunce? You have one surely. Show him to me."

The teacher called up a poor fellow who looked the picture of woe as he bashfully came toward the distinguished visitor.

"Are you the dunce?" asked Scott. "Yes, sir," said the boy. "Well, my good fellow," said Scott, "here is a crown for you for keeping my place warm."

A Prime Political Reason.

It was in the Newinton ward, where the candidate on the Liberal side was Mr. Ritchie, a well known confectioner and restaurateur, whose pies and rock were equally famous in Auld Reekie. After the poll the following conversation was heard between two working-men who had just emerged from the voting station: "Weel, Tam, did ye vote for Ritchie?" "No," said the other, "I didna." "And what for no?" asked his astonished friend. "You're a Leeberal, are na' ye, and Ritchie's the Leeberal candidate?" "I ken that fine," retorted his companion imperturbably, "but I niver could bear Ritchie's pies!" —New Century.

Salt Hay.

Salt hay is used in winter for coloring various kinds of plants that grow close to the earth. It has a long staple, and it serves this purpose well. Straw with long staple still is used for bundling up plants and shrubs having stalks. Salt hay is used in cemeteries to cover up ivy clad graves. The ivy is thus kept in better condition than if it were left exposed to the blasts and the cold of winter. The brown hay is laid lengthwise upon the grave in a covering of uniform thickness all over it, which is held in place by bent rods settled down upon it at intervals, hooplike, and with their ends in the ground on either side.

Political Wit.

The repartee of the political platform is frequently surpassed by the repartee of the crowd. Recently, at a Conservative meeting, a local politician "on the stump" declared, in vindication of his devotion to truth, that when a boy he had been thrashed by a mistaken father for telling it.

It was an ill mannered Democrat in

the body of the ball who briskly replied, "I guess it's cured yer, guvner!" —London Chronicle.

Princess Maud and Her Monocle.

Among the notable personages of Europe who have introduced the wearing of single eyeglasses for women is the Princess Charles of Denmark, who before her marriage was Princess Maud, daughter of the Prince of Wales. Her example is being followed by many prominent ladies in English society. —New York Journal

WANTED.

WANTED—A good man for choice desk room in an office. Apply to A. W. Scott & Co., Poutts building. Room ready by March 1st.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. George Brunt, Fifth street.

WANTED—Christian man or woman here in position of trust; salary \$900. Enclose self-addressed, stamped envelope to Manager, care of this paper.

FOUND

FOUND—Pocketbook, containing money. Owner can have same by calling on W. F. Gray, Euston addition.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Columbiana county, Ohio, I will offer for sale, at public auction, on Saturday, the 4th day of February, 1899, at 10 o'clock a.m., upon the premises, the following described real estate: Situated in the city of East Liverpool, county of Columbiana and state of Ohio, and known as and being that certain parcel of land near the northwest corner of the southeast quarter of section twenty-four (24), commencing at a post set in the west side of the public road and running thence south eighty-seven and one-half (87½) degrees west one hundred and twenty-four feet (124) feet; thence north eighty-two (82) feet and six (6) inches to a post; thence south eighty-seven and one-half (87½) degrees west one hundred and twenty-four (24) feet to the place of beginning.

Said property is appraised at eleven hundred and thirty-four dollars (\$1,134.00), and cannot sell for less than two-thirds of said appraisement.

Terms of sale: One-third in hand, one-third in one year and one-third in two years from the date of sale, with interest; deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on premises sold.

J. H. BROOKES, Administrator of Emily Mountford, deceased.

Jan. 4, 1899.

HASSEY'S PLACE

For Fine Candies.

No stale goods. Fresh every day.

Opposite First National Bank.

Have You Inspected It?—

Inspected What?

Why that Magnificent JOB and BOOK WORK turned out at the....

News Review Job Office.

FINE Presses, Skilled Workmen, Superb Material. Thousands of dollars worth of latest Designs and Styles of Type, Border and Novelties. All work absolutely guaranteed.

Test the News Review Job Department.

The News Review.

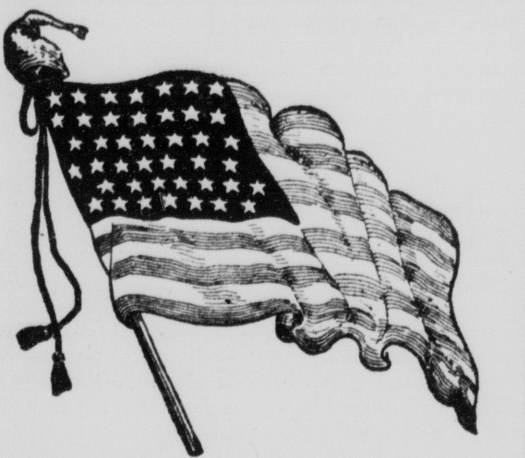
LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
[Entered as second class matter at the East
Liverpool, O., postoffice.]
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
(Postage free in United States and Canada.)
One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
Three Months.....1 25
By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, JAN. 12.

UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Labels at the head of their columns



CARNEGIE is probably ill. He hasn't had an "important communication" for the public for several days.

It costs money to be elected to a seat in the United States senate from Montana. One candidate is credited with paying \$30,000 for a vote.

SENATOR HOAR is believed in the far east to be a strong man and good, but he probably felt that he had been largely overestimated as he heard the splendid argument of Senator Foraker yesterday.

The regular troops about to be sent to the Philippines will doubtless give a good account of themselves if Aguinaldo continues in his avowed course. There are no better soldiers on earth than are found in the United States army.

WHEN Jerry Simpson acknowledges that prosperity has taken so firm a hold on the people as to render useless his experienced calamity cry as a vote catcher, the time has come for novices like Bryan to learn the lesson of experience as taught through his friends.

WHILE Bryan, Carnegie and Altgeld are endeavoring to prove that the country is going to the dogs, business men who have no political axes to grind say the people were never in better condition financially, nor were the prospects for continued prosperity ever brighter. The public will not require much thinking to decide which side of this important matter is correct.

WHEN Grover Cleveland understands that this country looks upon him as a dead duck he will probably cease to be interviewed on public questions. He might have remained a prominent figure, but by his own actions he gave his friends to understand that he had made his pile out of politics and was willing to quit. Now the country is anxious that he will keep his promise.

CARNEGIE AND BRYAN.
If Andy Carnegie is a true prophet, and his prophecy that Bill Jennings Bryan could, if he would, defeat the peace treaty with Spain, should materialize, what would Bill and Andy offer to the people of the United States as a substitute? Echo, etc.

THE FUTURE OF CUBA.
Much is being written concerning the future of Cuba, and many arguments are being advanced to show that it should be made a part of the United States, but these enthusiasts forget that we have no right to possess the land. While it is the duty for this government to occupy the island until a stable government can be found and the insurgent leaders made to understand that liberty is not license to murder and rob those residents who did not support them during the war, it is not its right to take complete possession and govern for all time. That question must be settled by the Cubans in their own way after quiet has come to the island and the people have settled down to the pursuits of peace. Then, if they desire to unite with the Union, the time will have come for the United States to accept. When this will be no man can tell, but that it will come in time no one will deny. Cuba, as a part of the Union, would indeed be a garden spot.

Dyspeptics, Office Men and Others, TAKE NOTICE.

WE have secured the agency for the Purina Milling Co.'s Ralston Flour, and in addition to the very popular bottom and pan loaf we are now baking, we will from the flour, commence baking a new bread called **BRAIN BREAD.** No loaf will be GENUINE unless it CONTAINS the Brain Bread Brand. Ask your Grocer for **BRAIN BREAD,** and you will get the most nourishing and health giving bread on the market.

The Bagley Co.,
Originators Home Made Baked Goods.
Phone 44.

Fine Foods Build
Fine Minds.

TOOK TWO TO LISBON

John Purpuri and Edward Hoover Are In Jail.

BURGLARY, LARCENY CHARGED

It is the Result of Their Appearance at City Hall Last Saturday, When They Asked to Be Locked Up--John Sharp Promised to Drink No More.

John Sharp, employed as hostler by John Rinehart, took the temperance pledge before Mayor Bough this morning and gave his word he would not be back until next year and probably longer. Notwithstanding this John paid \$6 60 before he pronounced the words which put a wide gap between him and bad whiskey. Sharp was arrested yesterday afternoon by Officer Bryan in the Midway, and taken to the jail in the patrol where a charge of being drunk was placed against him. He was released.

Yesterday afternoon John Purpuri and Edward Hoover were brought before the mayor and charges of burglary and larceny were read to each. Both pleaded not guilty and waived a hearing for court. Each was held in the sum of \$400 on the first charge and \$50 on the second. They did not furnish the amount this morning and Chief Johnson took them to Lisbon by the overland route.

The men, it is alleged, entered the brewery of Thomas Greenwood last Friday evening by breaking a window on the east side of the building, and took a small keg of porter. At the same time a dish pan filled with string sausage was taken from the meat shop of William Clay, West Market street. The keg and sausage were found in the coal house of the Purpuri residence by Chief Johnson. The men appeared at city hall and asked to be locked up "for fun."

William Messer, who was locked up several days ago on suspicion, was released from custody last evening. It was thought he was implicated in the Hauck robbery, but he was able to prove his innocence.

The charge of suspicion, which has been the cause of the detention of Thomas Boyd since Monday morning, will be changed this evening to one of a more serious character. It will probably be larceny. The authorities have been working hard on the case, and have everything in readiness to warrant them in making the charge. His hearing will probably take place tomorrow.

THE BAND

Will Continue to Be a Part of the Eighth.

The Eighth regiment band, which accompanied the regiment to Cuba, has been reorganized at Akron and when the regiment has been put on its feet once more will be a part of that organization. W. R. Palmer has been re-

EVEN IF
You had a
NECK
As long as this fellow and had
SORE THROAT
ALL THE WAY DOWN
Tonsiline
WOULD QUICKLY CURE IT.
25c and 50c.
All Druggists.
THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

ected leader; J. T. Flower, president; Herbert Cooper, secretary; U. G. Kirn, treasurer.

The members of Company B have also decided that they will continue in the regiment, and will hold a meeting next Monday night for the purpose of setting on foot measures for the reorganization of the company.

AMANDA SMITH.

This Famous Colored Evangelist Is Quite a Joker.

Yesterday afternoon, in the meeting at the First M. E. church, the famous colored evangelist, made use of the pith of the following, respecting the pastor, who has been threatened with an attack of grip:

"Doctor Crawford, your beloved pastor, is ill with the grip. Don't let his sickness interfere with your coming to church and getting a share of the good things the Master provides. If you get as good a grip on the Lord as the grip has on Brother Crawford, you'll be all right."

SOON AS POSSIBLE

Will State Secretary Kling Visit This Place.

Secretary Platts this morning received a letter from State Secretary Kling stating that he was unable to be here last Friday owing to the fact that he was called to New York on important business relative to the coming state conference.

Mr. Kling said he did not know how long he would be in New York, but said he would notify the secretary as soon as he was able to visit the city to hold a conference with the Ladies' auxiliary and board of directors.

AN INQUIRY.

Can Private Business Be Transacted In a City Office?

MR. EDITOR:—I am in receipt of a circular saying the representative of a foreign corporation will be at the water works' office to transact business with any party so desiring. I want to know what right any one has to transact business in that office that we taxpayers pay for, except the water works' business. Do the water works trustees sanction this?

INQUIRER.

PALESTINE UNIONISTS

Will Organize a Trades and Labor Council Tomorrow.

The labor unions of East Palestine will tomorrow evening hold a preliminary meeting to organize a Trades and Labor council.

They will adopt the bylaws and constitution of the Liverpool council and will probably ask that a prominent member of the organization be sent to their city to assist them in getting the organization started.

SKATING.

It Should Not Be Permitted on the Streets.

Complaints are heard on every hand because the police do not put an end to skating on the streets. In some parts of the city the pavements have been abandoned by pedestrians because of the danger of being knocked down by fast flying youngsters. It is a pronounced nuisance, and should be abated.

On the River.

The river continues to fall rapidly, and business at the wharf will soon be at a standstill again unless a change of weather comes to the rescue.

During the past 24 hours the Ohio has dropped about a foot. The gauge showed 8.7 feet at 6 p. m. yesterday. The Allegheny was putting out heavy ice yesterday. Most of the coal has gone south, however, and the packets are able to make good time. The Queen City passed yesterday. The Virginia is making good time on her way up, and it will be in tomorrow morning at the latest. She has a big freight trip.

Received an Invitation.

The city officials have received an invitation to attend a convention of the Ohio State League of Municipalities to be held in Zanesville, January 24, 25 and 26. It is not probable the invitation will be accepted.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. J. E. McDonald, Thompson Place.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O. For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

A. R. MACKALL'S MONEY

A Palestine Relative Wants an Administrator.

MRS. MACKALL WAS NOTIFIED

The Matter Will Soon be Heard In Probate Court--Salem Woman After a Divorce--Second U. P. Church Granted the Right to Borrow Money.

LISBON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—L. D. Overlander and C. P. Rothwell have made application for letters of administration upon the estate of A. R. Mackall. A citation will be issued to Mrs. Mackall today, requiring her to take or renounce the administration of the estate. The hearing of her answer will be Jan. 24. By the law Mrs. Mackall is entitled to administer the estate if she so desires. She would also, naturally, be the proper person to act as guardian for her minor children, but under the law she cannot act as both. While the consent of the widow and next of kin is not necessary to the appointment of an administrator, ordinarily the person suggested by them, if suitable, is selected.

Ida B. Taggart, of Salem, asks for a divorce from her husband, Charles M. Taggart, on the grounds of absence for three years. They were married in 1893, and have no children. She asks to be given her maiden name of Bryan.

M. L. Young, of Salem, secured a judgment of \$274.89 against H. P. Schemmerhorn.

The Second U. P. church, of Liverpool, is authorized to mortgage its real estate in a sum not to exceed \$3,500 to pay for the completion of its new church.

Judge Smith finds that the indebtedness of the Furnace Clay company, of Salineville, remaining unpaid, is \$19,136.85, and J. G. Moore is appointed receiver to receive the amount assessed against the stockholders to pay this indebtedness.

The year's allowance to the widow, Lon K. McCalla, who lives in Kansas, by the appraisers of the estate of David W. McCalla, was set aside by common pleas court.

FOR COLLEGE ATHLETES.

A Large Indoor Track and Gymnastic Contest Planned For This Winter.

The University of Chicago is planning to hold a large indoor track and gymnastic contest this winter. It will probably be an open meet for colleges, academies and high schools, in which wrestling and gymnastic contests will be added to the regular programme of indoor track events. The exact date and place for holding the contests are not yet decided upon, but the meet will be held some time in March and probably at Tattersall's.

The event for this year has grown out of the success of the big Tattersall's meet of last season. Under Staggs' management the affair then proved one of the most satisfactory meets of the indoor season. College athletes were entered from Wisconsin, Illinois, Chicago, Notre Dame and Northwestern, while high schools and academies from Chicago, Aurora, Minneapolis and Albion, Mich., sent representatives. It will be the aim of the managers this year to duplicate the best features of last year's meet and to add others. Wrestling, which proved such an attraction last year, will be kept on the programme, and probably the series of gymnastic contests which were a pretty feature of the last meet will be repeated. Fencing and fancy tumbling and dumbbell exercises are to be retired.—Special St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

A Pair of Kings.

If Gillett goes to Spain and Carlos steals the throne, their business would be so mutual as to methods that they are likely to be chums.—Kansas City Times.

WOOD REACHED WASHINGTON.

Breakfasted With Alger and Later Went to the White House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Major General Leonard Wood, the military commander at Santiago, arrived in Washington. He breakfasted with Secretary Alger and then repaired to the White House for a consultation with the president respecting internal conditions in Cuba.

The war department delayed final action on the various financial problems connected with the customs service at Santiago and at other Cuban ports until General Wood's arrival.

CHOATE NOMINATED.

The New Yorker Named as Ambassador to Great Britain.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The president nominated Joseph H. Choate of New York to be ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Great Britain.

Decided For Express Company.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 12.—Judge Arnold, in the common pleas court, in a suit brought to determine whether a shipper or the Adams Express company should pay for the war revenue stamp to be attached to bills of lading for express packages, decided in favor of the express company and that the shipper must pay for stamp.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER

Are the only preparations that will restore the hair to its original healthy condition.

—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

The Last Drink of Summer.

Winter and rough weather is at the door. You now miss the drink of the thin glasses and the cooling summer beverages. The fruit juices, the frozen ices, etc., are now a thing of the past. But the man at the fountain now has something just as good. In place of these delicious summer drinks, we will serve you with steaming hot ones. Beef tea, chocolates, cocoa, clam-broth, coffee, etc.

Our Fountain Is Just as Popular as Ever.

BERT ANSLEY,
CITY PHARMACY.
140 Fourth St., E. L. O.

Night School

Ohio Valley Business College.

Personal attention in
COMMON BRANCHES.

Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand and Typewriting. Enter at once while there is a seat.

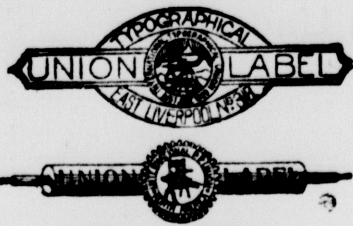
J. F. COOPER,
PRESIDENT.

The News Review.

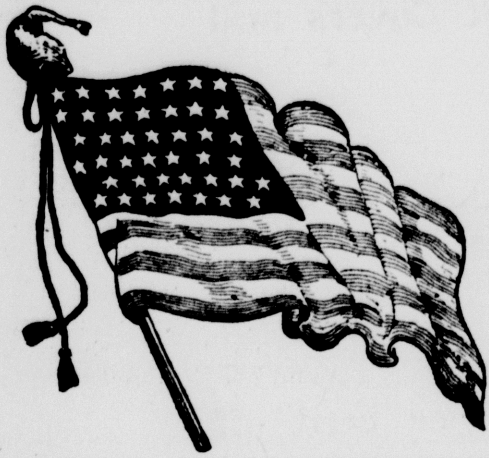
LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
[Entered as second class matter at the East
Liverpool, O., postoffice.]
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
(Postage free in United States and Canada.)
One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
Three Months.....1 25
By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, JAN. 12.



All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Labels at the head of their columns



CARNEGIE is probably ill. He hasn't had an "important communication" for the public for several days.

It costs money to be elected to a seat in the United States senate from Montana. One candidate is credited with paying \$30,000 for a vote.

SENATOR HOAR is believed in the far east to be a strong man and good, but he probably felt that he had been largely overestimated as he heard the splendid argument of Senator Foraker yesterday.

The regular troops about to be sent to the Philippines will doubtless give a good account of themselves if Aguinaldo continues in his avowed course. There are no better soldiers on earth than are found in the United States army.

WHEN Jerry Simpson acknowledges that prosperity has taken so firm a hold on the people as to render useless his experienced calamity cry as a vote catcher, the time has come for novices like Bryan to learn the lesson of experience as taught through his friends.

WHILE Bryan, Carnegie and Altgeld are endeavoring to prove that the country is going to the dogs, business men who have no political axes to grind say the people were never in better condition financially, nor were the prospects for continued prosperity ever brighter. The public will not require much thinking to decide which side of this important matter is correct.

WHEN Grover Cleveland understands that this country looks upon him as a dead duck he will probably cease to be interviewed on public questions. He might have remained a prominent figure, but by his own actions he gave his friends to understand that he had made his pile out of politics and was willing to quit. Now the country is anxious that he will keep his promise.

CARNEGIE AND BRYAN.

If Andy Carnegie is a true prophet, and his prophecy that Bill Jennings Bryan could, if he would, defeat the peace treaty with Spain, should materialize, what would Bill and Andy offer to the people of the United States as a substitute? Echo, etc.

THE FUTURE OF CUBA.

Much is being written concerning the future of Cuba, and many arguments are being advanced to show that it should be made a part of the United States, but these enthusiasts forget that we have no right to possess the land. While it is the duty for this government to occupy the island until a stable government can be found and the insurgent leaders made to understand that liberty is not license to murder and rob those residents who did not support them during the war, it is not its right to take complete possession and govern for all time. That question must be settled by the Cubans in their own way after quiet has come to the island and the people have settled down to the pursuits of peace. Then, if they desire to unite with the Union, the time will have come for the United States to accept. When this will be no man can tell, but that it will come in time no one will deny. Cuba, as a part of the Union, would indeed be a garden spot.

Dyspeptics, Office Men and Others, TAKE NOTICE.

WE have secured the agency for the Purina Milling Co.'s Ralston Flour, and in addition to the very popular bottom and pan loaf we are now baking, we will from the flour, commence baking a new bread called **BRAIN BREAD.** No loaf will be GENUINE unless it CONTAINS the Brain Bread Brand. Ask your Grocer for **BRAIN BREAD,** and you will get the most nourishing and health giving bread on the market.

The Bagley Co.,
Originators Home Made Baked Goods.
Phone 44.

Fine Foods Build
Fine Minds.

TOOK TWO TO LISBON

John Purpuri and Edward Hoover Are In Jail.

BURGLARY, LARCENY CHARGED

It is the Result of Their Appearance at City Hall Last Saturday, When They Asked to Be Locked Up--John Sharp Promised to Drink No More.

John Sharp, employed as hostler by John Rinehart, took the temperance pledge before Mayor Bough this morning and gave his word he would not be back until next year and probably longer. Notwithstanding this John paid \$6 60 before he pronounced the words which put a wide gap between him and bad whiskey. Sharp was arrested yesterday afternoon by Officer Bryan in the Midway, and taken to the jail in the patrol where a charge of being drunk was placed against him. He was released.

Yesterday afternoon John Purpuri and Edward Hoover were brought before the mayor and charges of burglary and larceny were read to each. Both pleaded not guilty and waived a hearing for court. Each was held in the sum of \$400 on the first charge and \$50 on the second. They did not furnish the amount this morning and Chief Johnson took them to Lisbon by the overland route.

The men, it is alleged, entered the brewery of Thomas Greenwood last Friday evening by breaking a window on the east side of the building, and took a small keg of porter. At the same time a dish pan filled with string sausage was taken from the meat shop of William Clay, West Market street. The keg and sausage were found in the coal house of the Purpuri residence by Chief Johnson. The men appeared at city hall and asked to be locked up "for fun."

William Messer, who was locked up several days ago on suspicion, was released from custody last evening. It was thought he was implicated in the Hauck robbery, but he was able to prove his innocence.

The charge of suspicion, which has been the cause of the detention of Thomas Boyd since Monday morning, will be changed this evening to one of a more serious character. It will probably be larceny. The authorities have been working hard on the case, and have everything in readiness to warrant them in making the charge. His hearing will probably take place tomorrow.

THE BAND

Will Continue to Be a Part of the Eighth.

The Eighth regiment band, which accompanied the regiment to Cuba, has been reorganized at Akron and when the regiment has been put on its feet once more will be a part of that organization. W. R. Palmer has been re-



EVEN IF
You had a
NECK
As long as this fellow and had
SORE THROAT
ALL THE WAY DOWN
Tonsiline
WOULD QUICKLY CURE IT.

25c and 50c.
All Druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO.

CANTON, O.

elect leader; J. T. Flower, president; Herbert Cooper, secretary; U. G. Kirn, treasurer.

The members of Company B have also decided that they will continue in the regiment, and will hold a meeting next Monday night for the purpose of setting on foot measures for the reorganization of the company.

AMANDA SMITH.

This Famous Colored Evangelist Is Quite a Joker.

Yesterday afternoon, in the meeting at the First M. E. church, the famous colored evangelist, made use of the pith of the following, respecting the pastor, who has been threatened with an attack of grip:

"Doctor Crawford, your beloved pastor, is ill with the grip. Don't let his sickness interfere with your coming to church and getting a share of the good things the Master provides. If you get as good a grip on the Lord as the grip has on Brother Crawford, you'll be all right."

SOON AS POSSIBLE

Will State Secretary Kling Visit This Place.

Secretary Platts this morning received a letter from State Secretary Kling stating that he was unable to be here last Friday owing to the fact that he was called to New York on important business relative to the coming state conference.

Mr. Kling said he did not know how long he would be in New York, but said he would notify the secretary as soon as he was able to visit the city to hold a conference with the Ladies' auxiliary and board of directors.

AN INQUIRY.

Can Private Business Be Transacted In a City Office?

MR. EDITOR:—I am in receipt of a circular saying the representative of a foreign corporation will be at the water works' office to transact business with any party so desiring. I want to know what right any one has to transact business in that office that we taxpayers pay for, except the water works' business. Do the water works trustees sanction this?

INQUIRER.

PALESTINE UNIONISTS

Will Organize a Trades and Labor Council Tomorrow.

The labor unions of East Palestine will tomorrow evening hold a preliminary meeting to organize a Trades and Labor council.

They will adopt the bylaws and constitution of the Liverpool council and will probably ask that a prominent member of the organization be sent to their city to assist them in getting the organization started.

SKATING.

It Should Not Be Permitted on the Streets.

Complaints are heard on every hand because the police do not put an end to skating on the streets. In some parts of the city the pavements have been abandoned by pedestrians because of the danger of being knocked down by fast flying youngsters. It is a pronounced nuisance, and should be abated.

On the River.

The river continues to fall rapidly, and business at the wharf will soon be at a standstill again unless a change of weather comes to the rescue.

During the past 24 hours the Ohio has dropped about a foot. The gauge showed 8.7 feet at 6 p. m. yesterday. The Allegheny was putting out heavy ice yesterday. Most of the coal has gone south, however, and the packets are able to make good time. The Queen City passed yesterday. The Virginia is making good time on her way up, and it will be in tomorrow morning at the latest. She has a big freight trip.

Received an Invitation.

The city officials have received an invitation to attend a convention of the Ohio State League of Municipalities to be held in Zanesville, January 24, 25 and 26. It is not probable the invitation will be accepted.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. J. E. McDonald, Thompson Place.



EVERY WOMAN
Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get
Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills
They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

A. R. MACKALL'S MONEY

A Palestine Relative Wants an Administrator.

MRS. MACKALL WAS NOTIFIED

The Matter Will Soon be Heard in Probate Court--Salem Woman After a Divorce--Second U. P. Church Granted the Right to Borrow Money.

LISBON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—L. D. Overlander and C. P. Rothwell have made application for letters of administration upon the estate of A. R. Mackall. A citation will be issued to Mrs. Mackall today, requiring her to take or renounce the administration of the estate. The hearing of her answer will be Jan. 24. By the law Mrs. Mackall is entitled to administer the estate if she so desires. She would also, naturally, be the proper person to act as guardian for her minor children, but under the law she cannot act as both. While the consent of the widow and next of kin is not necessary to the appointment of an administrator, ordinarily the person suggested by them, if suitable, is selected.

Ida B. Taggart, of Salem, asks for a divorce from her husband, Charles M. Taggart, on the grounds of absence for three years. They were married in 1893, and have no children. She asks to be given her maiden name of Bryan.

M. L. Young, of Salem, secured a judgment of \$274.89 against H. P. Schemmerhorn.

The Second U. P. church, of Liverpool, is authorized to mortgage its real estate in a sum not to exceed \$3,500 to pay for the completion of its new church.

Judge Smith finds that the indebtedness of the Furnace Clay company, of Salineville, remaining unpaid, is \$19,136.85, and J. G. Moore is appointed receiver to receive the amount assessed against the stockholders to pay this indebtedness.

The year's allowance to the widow, Lou K. McCalla, who lives in Kansas, by the appraisers of the estate of David W. McCalla, was set aside by common pleas court.

FOR COLLEGE ATHLETES.

A Large Indoor Track and Gymnastic Contest Planned For This Winter.

The University of Chicago is planning to hold a large indoor track and gymnastic contest this winter. It will probably be an open meet for colleges, academies and high schools, in which wrestling and gymnastic contests will be added to the regular programme of indoor track events. The exact date and place for holding the contests are not yet decided upon, but the meet will be held some time in March and probably at Tattersall's.

The event for this year has grown out of the success of the big Tattersall's meet of last season. Under Staggs' management the affair then proved one of the most satisfactory meets of the indoor season. College athletes were entered from Wisconsin, Illinois, Chicago, Notre Dame and Northwestern, while high schools and academies from Chicago, Aurora, Minneapolis and Albion, Mich., sent representatives. It will be the aim of the managers this year to duplicate the best features of last year's meet and to add others. Wrestling, which proved such an attraction last year, will be kept on the programme, and probably the series of gymnastic contests which were a pretty feature of the last meet will be repeated. Fencing and fancy tumbling and dumbbell exercises are to be retired.—Special St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

A Pair of Kings.

If Gillett goes to Spain and Carlos steals the throne, their business would be so mutual as to methods that they are likely to be chums.—Kansas City Times.

WOOD REACHED WASHINGTON.

Breakfasted With Alger and Later Went to the White House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Major General Leonard Wood, the military commander at Santiago, arrived in Washington. He breakfasted with Secretary Alger and then repaired to the White House for a consultation with the president respecting internal conditions in Cuba.

The war department delayed final action on the various financial problems connected with the customs service at Santiago and at other Cuban ports until General Wood's arrival.

CHOATE NOMINATED.

The New Yorker Named as Ambassador to Great Britain.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The president nominated Joseph H. Choate of New York, to be ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Great Britain.

Decided For Express Company.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 12.—Judge Arnold, in the common pleas court, in a suit brought to determine whether a shipper or the Adams Express company should pay for the war revenue stamp to be attached to bills of lading for express packages, decided in favor of the express company and that the shipper must pay for stamp.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER

Are the only preparations that will restore the hair to its original healthy condition.

—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

The Last Drink of Summer.

Winter and rough weather is at the door. You now miss the drink of the thin glasses and the cooling summer beverages. The fruit juices, the frozen ices, etc., are now a thing of the past. But the man at the fountain now has something just as good. In place of these delicious summer drinks, we will serve you with steaming hot ones. Beef tea, chocolates, cocoa, clam-broth, coffee, etc.

Our Fountain Is Just as Popular as Ever.

BERT ANSLEY, CITY PHARMACY.

140 Fourth St., E. L. O.

Night School

Ohio Valley Business College.

Personal attention in
COMMON BRANCHES.

Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand and Typewriting. Enter at once while there is a seat.

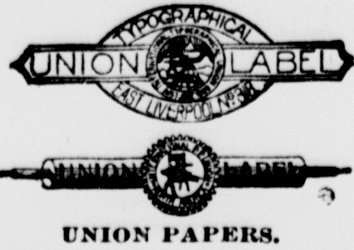
J. F. COOPER,
PRESIDENT.

The News Review.

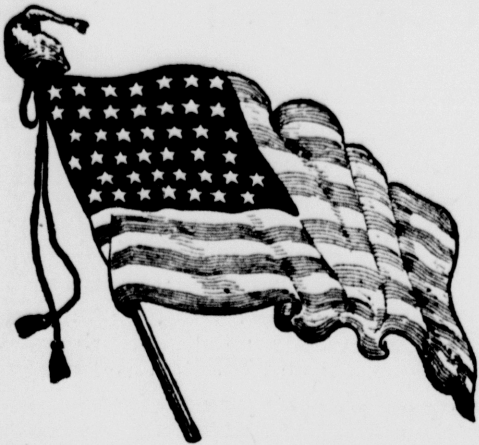
LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
 HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
 [Entered as second class matter at the East
 Liverpool, O., postoffice.]
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
 (Postage free in United States and Canada.)
 One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
 Three Months.....1 25
 By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, JAN. 12.



UNION PAPERS.
 All Union papers of East Liverpool are
 known to the various craft and unions of
 the city by the printing of the above
 Union Labels at the head of their columns



CARNEGIE is probably ill. He hasn't
 had an "important communication" for
 the public for several days.

It costs money to be elected to a seat
 in the United States senate from Mon-
 tana. One candidate is credited with
 paying \$30,000 for a vote.

SENATOR HOAR is believed in the far
 east to be a strong man and good, but he
 probably felt that he had been largely
 overestimated as he heard the splendid
 argument of Senator Foraker yesterday.

The regular troops about to be sent to
 the Philippines will doubtless give a
 good account of themselves if Aguinaldo
 continues in his avowed course. There
 are no better soldiers on earth than are
 found in the United States army.

WHEN Jerry Simpson acknowledges
 that prosperity has taken so firm a hold
 on the people as to render useless his ex-
 perience calamity cry as a vote catcher,
 the time has come for novices like
 Bryan to learn the lesson of experience
 as taught through his friends.

WHILE Bryan, Carnegie and Altgeld
 are endeavoring to prove that the
 country is going to the dogs, business
 men who have no political axes to
 grind say the people were never in bet-
 ter condition financially, nor were the
 prospects for continued prosperity ever
 brighter. The public will not require
 much thinking to decide which side of
 this important matter is correct.

WHEN Grover Cleveland understands
 that this country looks upon him as a
 dead duck he will probably cease to
 be interviewed on public questions.
 He might have remained a prominent
 figure, but by his own actions he gave
 his friends to understand that he had
 made his pile out of politics and was
 willing to quit. Now the country is
 anxious that he will keep his promise.

CARNEGIE AND BRYAN.

If Andy Carnegie is a true prophet,
 and his prophecy that Bill Jennings
 Bryan could, if he would, defeat the
 peace treaty with Spain, should mate-
 rialize, what would Bill and Andy offer
 to the people of the United States as a
 substitute? Echo, etc.

THE FUTURE OF CUBA.

Much is being written concerning the
 future of Cuba, and many arguments
 are being advanced to show that it
 should be made a part of the United
 States, but these enthusiasts forget that
 we have no right to possess the land.
 While it is the duty for this govern-
 ment to occupy the island until a stable
 government can be found and the in-
 surgent leaders made to understand that
 liberty is not license to murder and rob
 those residents who did not support
 them during the war, it is not its right
 to take complete possession and govern
 for all time. That question must be
 settled by the Cubans in their own way
 after quiet has come to the island and
 the people have settled down to the
 pursuits of peace. Then, if they desire
 to unite with the Union, the time will
 have come for the United States to ac-
 cept. When this will be no man can
 tell, but that it will come in time no
 one will deny. Cuba, as a part of the
 Union, would indeed be a garden spot.

Dyspeptics, Office Men and Others, TAKE NOTICE.

WE have secured the agency for the Purina Milling Co.'s Ralston Flour,
 and in addition to the very popular bottom and pan loaf we are
 now baking, we will from the flour, commence baking a new bread called
BRAIN BREAD. No loaf will be GENUINE unless it CONTAINS the
 Brain Bread Brand. Ask your Grocer for BRAIN BREAD, and you will
 get the most nourishing and health giving bread on the market.

The Bagley Co.,

Originators Home Made Baked Goods.
 Phone 44.

Fine Foods Build
 Fine Minds.

TOOK TWO TO LISBON

John Purpuri and Edward
 Hoover Are In Jail.

BURGLARY, LARCENY CHARGED

It Is the Result of Their Appearance at
 City Hall Last Saturday, When They
 Asked to Be Locked Up--John Sharp
 Promised to Drink No More.

John Sharp, employed as hostler by
 John Rinehart, took the temperance
 pledge before Mayor Bough this morn-
 ing and gave his word he would not be
 back until next year and probably
 longer. Notwithstanding this John paid
 \$6 60 before he pronounced the words
 which put a wide gap between him and
 bad whiskey. Sharp was arrested yester-
 day afternoon by Officer Bryan in
 the Midway, and taken to the jail in the
 patrol where a charge of being drunk
 was placed against him. He was re-
 leased.

Yesterday afternoon John Purpuri
 and Edward Hoover were brought before
 the mayor and charges of burglary and
 larceny were read to each. Both
 pleaded not guilty and waived a hear-
 ing for court. Each was held in the
 sum of \$400 on the first charge and \$50
 on the second. They did not furnish
 the amount this morning and Chief
 Johnson took them to Lisbon by the
 overland route.

The men, it is alleged, entered the
 brewery of Thomas Greenwood last
 Friday evening by breaking a window
 on the east side of the building, and
 took a small keg of porter. At the
 same time a dish pan filled with string
 sausage was taken from the meat shop
 of William Clay, West Market street.
 The keg and sausage were found in the
 coal house of the Purpuri residence by
 Chief Johnson. The men appeared at
 city hall and asked to be locked up "for
 fun."

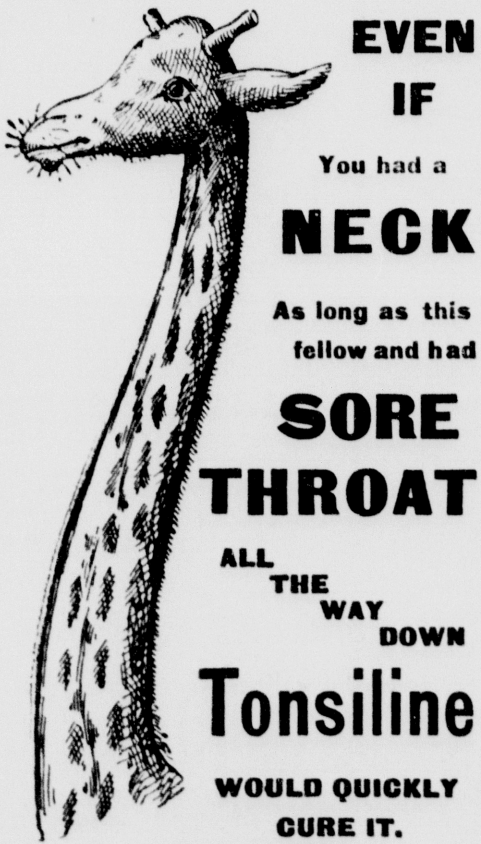
William Messer, who was locked up
 several days ago on suspicion, was re-
 leased from custody last evening. It
 was thought he was implicated in the
 Hauck robbery, but he was able to prove
 his innocence.

The charge of suspicion, which has
 been the cause of the detention of
 Thomas Boyd since Monday morning,
 will be changed this evening to one of
 a more serious character. It will prob-
 ably be larceny. The authorities have
 been working hard on the case, and
 have everything in readiness to warrant
 them in making the charge. His hear-
 ing will probably take place tomorrow.

THE BAND

Will Continue to Be a Part of the
 Eighth.

The Eighth regiment band, which ac-
 companied the regiment to Cuba, has
 been reorganized at Akron and when
 the regiment has been put on its feet
 once more will be a part of that organi-
 zation. W. R. Palmer has been re-



**EVEN
 IF
 You had a**

NECK

As long as this
 fellow and had

**SORE
 THROAT**

**ALL
 THE
 WAY
 DOWN**

Tonsiline

**WOULD QUICKLY
 CURE IT.**

25c and 50c.

All Druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

elected leader; J. T. Flower, president;
 Herbert Cooper, secretary; U. G. Kinn,
 treasurer.

The members of Company B have also
 decided that they will continue in the
 regiment, and will hold a meeting next
 Monday night for the purpose of setting
 on foot measures for the reorganization
 of the company.

AMANDA SMITH.

This Famous Colored Evangelist Is Quite
 a Joker.

Yesterday afternoon, in the meeting
 at the First M. E. church, the famous
 colored evangelist, made use of the pith
 of the following, respecting the pastor,
 who has been threatened with an at-
 tack of grip:

"Doctor Crawford, your beloved pas-
 tor, is ill with the grip. Don't let his
 sickness interfere with your coming to
 church and getting a share of the good
 things the Master provides. If you get
 as good a grip on the Lord as the grip
 has on Brother Crawford, you'll be all
 right."

SOON AS POSSIBLE

Will State Secretary Kling Visit This
 Place.

Secretary Platts this morning received
 a letter from State Secretary Kling stat-
 ing that he was unable to be here last
 Friday owing to the fact that he was
 called to New York on important busi-
 ness relative to the coming state confer-
 ence.

Mr. Kling said he did not know how
 long he would be in New York, but said
 he would notify the secretary as soon as
 he was able to visit the city to hold a
 conference with the Ladies' auxiliary
 and board of directors.

AN INQUIRY.

Can Private Business Be Transacted In a
 City Office?

MR. EDITOR:—I am in receipt of a
 circular saying the representative of a
 foreign corporation will be at the water
 works' office to transact business with
 any party so desiring. I want to know
 what right any one has to transact busi-
 ness in that office that we taxpayers
 pay for, except the water works' busi-
 ness. Do the water works trustees
 sanction this?

INQUIRER.

PALESTINE UNIONISTS

Will Organize a Trades and Labor Council
 Tomorrow.

The labor unions of East Palestine
 will tomorrow evening hold a prelimi-
 nary meeting to organize a Trades and
 Labor council.

They will adopt the bylaws and con-
 stitution of the Liverpool council and
 will probably ask that a prominent
 member of the organization be sent to
 their city to assist them in getting the
 organization started.

SKATING.

It Should Not Be Permitted on the
 Streets.

Complaints are heard on every hand
 because the police do not put an end to
 skating on the streets. In some parts
 of the city the pavements have been
 abandoned by pedestrians because of
 the danger of being knocked down by
 fast flying youngsters. It is a pro-
 nounced nuisance, and should be abated.

On the River.

The river continues to fall rapidly, and
 business at the wharf will soon be at a
 standstill again unless a change of
 weather comes to the rescue.

During the past 24 hours the Ohio has
 dropped about a foot. The gauge
 showed 8.7 feet at 6 p. m. yesterday.
 The Allegheny was putting out heavy
 ice yesterday. Most of the coal has
 gone south, however, and the packets
 are able to make good time. The
 Queen City passed yesterday. The
 Virginia is making good time on her
 way up, and it will be in tomorrow
 morning at the latest. She has a big
 freight trip.

Received an Invitation.

The city officials have received an in-
 vitation to attend a convention of the
 Ohio State League of Municipalities to
 be held in Zanesville, January 24, 25
 and 26. It is not probable the invitation
 will be accepted.

WANTED—A girl for general housework.
 Apply to Mrs. J. E. McDonald,
 Thompson Place.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and
 the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disap-
 point. Cost anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
 For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

A. R. MACKALL'S MONEY

A Palestine Relative Wants
 an Administrator.

MRS. MACKALL WAS NOTIFIED

The Matter Will Soon be Heard In Pro-
 bate Court--Salem Woman After a Di-
 vorce--Second U. P. Church Granted the
 Right to Borrow Money.

LISBON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—L. D.
 Overlander and C. P. Rothwell have
 made application for letters of adminis-
 tration upon the estate of A. R. Mack-
 all. A citation will be issued to Mrs.
 Mackall today, requiring her to take or
 renounce the administration of the
 estate. The hearing of her answer will
 be Jan. 24. By the law Mrs. Mackall
 is entitled to administer the estate
 if she so desires. She would also, natu-
 rally, be the proper person to act
 as guardian for her minor children,
 but under the law she cannot act as
 both. While the consent of the widow
 and next of kin is not necessary to the
 appointment of an administrator,
 ordinarily the person suggested by them,
 if suitable, is selected.

Ida B. Taggart, of Salem, asks for a
 divorce from her husband, Charles M.
 Taggart, on the grounds of absence for
 three years. They were married in
 1893, and have no children. She asks to
 be given her maiden name of Bryan.

M. L. Young, of Salem, secured a
 judgment of \$274 89 against H. P. Schem-
 merhorn.

The Second U. P. church, of Liver-
 pool, is authorized to mortgage its real
 estate in a sum not to exceed \$3,500 to
 pay for the completion of its new
 church.

Judge Smith finds that the indebted-
 ness of the Furnace Clay company, of
 Salineville, remaining unpaid, is
 \$19,136.85, and J. G. Moore is appointed
 receiver to receive the amount assessed
 against the stockholders to pay this in-
 debtedness.

The year's allowance to the widow,
 Lou K. McCalla, who lives in Kansas,
 by the appraisers of the estate of David
 W. McCalla, was set aside by common
 pleas court.

FOR COLLEGE ATHLETES.

A Large Indoor Track and Gymnastic
 Contest Planned For This Winter.

The University of Chicago is plan-
 ning to hold a large indoor track and
 gymnastic contest this winter. It will
 probably be an open meet for colleges,
 academies and high schools, in which
 wrestling and gymnastic contests will
 be added to the regular programme of
 indoor track events. The exact date and
 place for holding the contests are not
 yet decided upon, but the meet will be
 held some time in March and probably
 at Tattersall's.

The event for this year has grown out
 of the success of the big Tattersall's
 meet of last season. Under Staggs'
 management the affair then proved one
 of the most satisfactory meets of the in-
 door season. College athletes were en-
 tered from Wisconsin, Illinois, Chicago,
 Notre Dame and Northwestern, while
 high schools and academies from Chi-
 cago, Aurora, Minneapolis and Albion,
 Mich., sent representatives. It will be
 the aim of the managers this year to
 duplicate the best features of last year's
 meet and to add others. Wrestling,
 which proved such an attraction last
 year, will be kept on the programme,
 and probably the series of gymnastic
 contests which were a pretty feature of
 the last meet will be repeated. Fencing
 and fancy tumbling and dumbbell ex-
 ercises are to be retired.—Special St.
 Louis Post-Dispatch.

A Pair of Kings.

If Gillett goes to Spain and Carlos
 steals the throne, their business would
 be so mutual as to methods that they
 are likely to be chums.—Kansas City
 Times.

WOOD REACHED WASHINGTON.

Breakfasted With Alger and Later Went
 to the White House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Major Gen-
 eral Leonard Wood, the military com-
 mandant at Santiago, arrived in Wash-
 ington. He breakfasted with Secretary
 Alger and then repaired to the White
 House for a consultation with the presi-
 dent respecting internal conditions in
 Cuba.

The war department delayed final
 action on the various financial problems
 connected with the customs service at
 Santiago and at other Cuban ports
 until General Wood's arrival.

CHOATE NOMINATED.

The New Yorker Named as Ambassador
 to Great Britain.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The president
 nominated Joseph H. Choate of New
 York to be ambassador extraordinary
 and plenipotentiary to Great Britain.

Decided For Express Company.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 12.—Judge Ar-
 nold, in the common pleas court, in a
 suit brought to determine whether a
 shipper of the Adams Express company
 should pay for the war revenue stamp
 to be attached to bills of lading for ex-
 press packages, decided in favor of the
 express company and that the shipper
 must pay for stamp.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER

Are the only preparations that will re-
 store the hair to its original
 healthy condition.

—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

The Last Drink of Summer.

Winter and rough weather
 is at the door. You now miss
 the drink of the thin glasses and
 the cooling summer beverages.
 The fruit juices, the frozen ices,
 etc., are now a thing of the past.
 But the man at the fountain
 now has something just as good.
 In place of these delicious sum-
 mer drinks, we will serve you
 with steaming hot ones. Beef
 tea, chocolates, cocoa, clam-
 broth, coffee, etc.

Our Fountain Is Just
 as Popular as Ever.

BERT ANSLEY, CITY PHARMACY.

140 Fourth St., E. L. O.

Night School

Ohio Valley
 Business College.

Personal attention in
COMMON BRANCHES.

Bookkeeping, Penmanship,
 Shorthand and Typewriting.
 Enter at once while there is a
 seat.

J. F. COOPER,
 PRESIDENT.

STRIKE IS ENDED

Street Railway Motormen Will Go To Work At Once.

CONFERENCE THIS AFTERNOON

Settled the Differences Existing Between General Manager Healy and His Men. Motorman Stodghill Will Not Be Taken Back, but the Property Matter Will be Settled to the Satisfaction of All.

President of Council Marshall this morning succeeded in arranging a conference between the motormen and General Manager Healy, and as a result the strike was settled.

A committee of the motormen, composed of Reeves, Dotts, Allison, Fowler, Morrow and Knapp, met General Manager Healy in the office of Doctor Marshall, and after a short deliberation it was decided to declare the strike off.

The terms of the settlement of the strike are that Motorman Stodghill will not be reinstated, but that he be given a letter of recommendation as a motorman and be given back all the money he had paid on his property, minus a reasonable rental if he sees fit to accept the terms. The other request of the motormen was satisfactorily adjusted, and the committee reported to the union. A meeting was held at once and the union unanimously ratified the action of the committee.

The men agreed to report for duty at once at the power house, and as the tracks have been kept in good condition the company had cars running over the line in less than an hour.

The end of the strike will cause a great deal of satisfaction to patrons of the line, and the amicable adjustment of the trouble is to be commended.

LATER—The first car in charge of Motorman Kerr left the power house a few minutes before 3 o'clock.

MISUNDERSTANDING

Prevented that Promised Meeting Last Evening.

Owing to a misunderstanding no meeting of the council committee and motormen's union was held last evening, as the motormen knew nothing of it.

A conference was arranged to be held in the evening between General Manager Healy and the employees, but when it was understood the council committee was going to meet the men the session was postponed.

General Manager Healy stated this morning that there was no change in the strike and no effort would be made to send a car over the line for a few days. He said he had some applications for the positions of the motormen, but had not accepted any of them desiring to wait and see if the trouble could not be adjusted.

POSTPONED

Was the Case of Harrison Rinehart Against Charles Smith.

The case of Harrison Rinehart against C. A. Smith for \$38 has been postponed until tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. It will be heard by Squire Hill.

Frank G. Chapman has entered suit in the court of Squire Hill against Thomas Whitney for \$28.22 claimed due for goods sold and delivered. The case will be heard tomorrow.

SALESMEN NOW

The Number Employed and the Amount of Sales Being Considered.

H. A. Keffner has been selected by the trust to investigate and report upon the number of traveling salesmen selling Liverpool ware. Each manufacturer was instructed to send him a complete list of the salesmen they employ, the territory they cover and the amount of their sales each year.

A Big Book.

A copy of the latest book of rules and tariffs has been received at the local telegraph office. The volume is very large, and contains a complete list of the telegraph offices of the Western Union system and all its connecting lines and cables.

Officer Whan Still Ill.

Officer Whan, who has been ill at his home in Lisbon street for a week, is unable to be out as yet. He is suffering with a severe attack of grip.

NEWS REVIEW for news.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CALLED MILES LIAR.

General Eagan Used Strong Language This Afternoon.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—General Eagan this afternoon before the war investigators called General Miles a liar, and said he ought to be drummed out of the service.

QUIET AT MANILA.

General Otis Cables That Natives Are Returning.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—General Otis cabled today that conditions at Manila are quiet. Many natives are returning.

Those Who Are Ill.

Secretary Platts, of the Young Men's Christian association, who has been confined to his home for several days suffering from grip, was sufficiently recovered yesterday afternoon to visit the building. He resumed his duties this morning.

Mrs. S. J. Martin, of Broadway, is confined to her home by illness.

Mrs. Edwin Oppelt suffers from the grip.

Mrs. W. W. Bridge and two daughters are seriously ill at their home in Third street with grip.

Jonathan Hughes is ill with pneumonia at his home in Third street. Owing to his advanced age it is thought he will not recover.

Dr. C. B. Ogden is somewhat improved today, but will not be able to be out for a few days.

Mrs. Eliza J. Stapleton, who has been seriously ill at her home in Sixth street for several months, is slowly improving.

Exhibit of Falconry at Paris.

At the Paris exposition in 1900 a novel exhibit will be made of falconry, installed in the historical department of the section devoted to hunting. There will be shown all the implements used in the ancient sport, such as gloves, hoods, bags, uniforms. There will also be noted pictures of hunting with falcons, such as Darnet's in the Orleans museum, representing Anne of Austria, surrounded by her court women, all with falcons on their wrists.

Suffered an Operation.

An operation was performed this afternoon at the Mercy hospital, Pittsburgh, in order to try and save the arm of James B. Hall who entered that institution for treatment Monday. Mrs. Hall and John W. Hall left on the noon train to be present at his bedside.

Held a Business Meeting.

The officers and executive committee of the Endeavor society of the Methodist Protestant church held an important business session last evening in the lecture room of the church. Much business was transacted although it was of a routine character.

Much Improved.

Mrs. Charles McPherson, of Pleasant street, who has been in Denver, Col., for several months in search of health, returned to the city last evening in company with her husband. It is thought that her condition was much improved during her stay in the west.

Will Meet Here.

The Eastern Ohio Medical society, at its meeting in Steubenville, elected officers and decided to hold the next session in this place April 11.

A Minnesota Missionary.

Reverend Sulzer, Sunday school missionary for Minnesota, spoke at the First Presbyterian church last night.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—M. Wade was in Pittsburgh today on business.

—Edward Lewis is the guest of his parents in Wheeling.

—William Erlanger, of Fifth street, was a Pittsburgh visitor today.

—Frank Lowe, of Steubenville, spent yesterday in the city visiting friends.

—Harvey Barnhart, of Third street, left for Wheeling this morning, where he spent the day visiting friends.

—Mrs. Cora Watson and daughter left at noon for New Brighton, where they will make their future home. Her household effects were sent to that place this morning.

WELLSVILLE.

CIVIL SUIT SETTLED

Hibbits Brothers and Sheckler Came Together.

THE VERDICT WAS THROWN OUT

Because the Jury Had No Right to Deliver the Verdict Given—Mrs. Packer Is Very Ill—Result of an Accident to Her Husband—All the News.

Yesterday afternoon the case of Johnston Miller against the Buckeye brick works for the sum of \$81.85 was heard before Squire Haney. The case had been postponed from Monday on account of the illness of the plaintiff. Attorney Sneediker represented the defendant and Lones & Ingram were there for the plaintiff. No testimony was introduced but that of the plaintiff, and in a very short space of time the justice rendered a decision in favor of the plaintiff for the full amount.

In the case heard before Squire McKenzie yesterday afternoon, concerning the just amount that should be paid Miss Gertie Lillace by Robert Dorsey, of East Liverpool, for the maintenance of his child, the justice ordered that \$300 be paid.

The judgment of the jury in the case of Hibbits against Sheckler was set aside by Squire Riley as no special verdict by a jury is allowed by the law. The parties came together and the matter was compromised by the payment of \$10 by the plaintiffs to the defendant and possession of the mine to be given up at once.

Mrs. Packer Ill.

Mrs. Frank Packer, of Nevada street, is again seriously ill. As was feared, the shock and excitement of the accident suffered by her husband has caused a relapse of typhoid fever, from which she had almost recovered. The reports from her husband, who is under treatment at the West Penn hospital, are most encouraging, and it is certain that the injured arm can be saved from amputation.

News of Wellsville.

The rolling mill is again running full time. New foundations have been placed under parts of machinery, and other repairs were made during the holiday shutdown.

Miss Margaret McGregor, of Wooster, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Andrew Watson and Mrs. A. C. Fogo spent today in Toronto with the families of Frank B. Kelley and Win S. Carson.

Rev. W. L. Crowl, of Commerce street, who has been alarmingly ill, has again resumed his usual health.

Edward Whetton, of Broadway, is ill with the prevailing disease.

So many of the employees of the railroad are off duty on account of sickness induced by exposure to the severe cold weather that but little repair work is being accomplished. Every day brings a new list of those unable to report for duty.

Councilman George Wells is again able to resume his duties on the railroad after illness of several weeks' duration.

Lou McCreary is now able to attend to his duties at the railroad shops.

Miss Louie Hill is visiting friends in Tiltonville.

Thomas Walmsly and wife, of the West End, left yesterday for an extended visit with friends in Illinois.

Invitations are out for a reception to be given by Misses Sue and Nan Stevenson tomorrow evening.

W. C. Aber, of Toronto, was registered at the Hotel Davis yesterday.

J. Goetz was a Pittsburgh visitor yesterday.

Miss Lillian Baron, who has been spending her holiday vacation at home, has again resumed her studies at Beaver college.

Walter Ewing is reported ill at the home of his father, Charles Ewing, Broadway.

Clerk J. S. McNutt and wife arrived in town from Lisbon last evening. Mr. McNutt is on a business trip and Mrs. McNutt will visit among her large circle of friends. Mr. McNutt will leave for a trip to Pittsburgh this evening.

NEW HYPNOTIC FREAKS.

Strange Capabilities of a Young Woman In Paris.

THE SENSIBILITY OF Mlle. LINA.

When In a Trance, It Leaves Her Body and Can Be Localized by the Operator In Any Object Within a Few Feet of Her—Curious Experiments In Which She Has Figured.

A very puzzling young person is at present exercising the curiosity of Parisians. She is known to fame as Mlle. Lina. Till recently she was an artist's model. Then Colonel de Rochas and M. Jules Bois discovered her strange capabilities, and Mlle. Lina has since passed much of her time in hypnotic trances, a state in which she performs wonders that must be seen to be believed. Her sponsors, it will be well to remark, are men of high standing and acknowledged reputation and not professional organizers of raree shows. Colonel de Rochas is at the head of the Ecole Polytechnique, a government institution and one of the foremost educational establishments in France. M. Jules Bois is among the most talented of the younger school of French novelists and an accepted authority on hypnotism and kindred subjects.

Presented under these auspices, Mlle. Lina cannot be dismissed as a vulgar impostor. Her pretensions at any rate deserve to be looked into. They are wonderful enough. Mlle. Lina, for instance, is the best subject Colonel de Rochas has so far come across for demonstrating the phenomena he terms the "exteriorization of sensibility." When in a trance, her sensibility leaves her body and can be localized by the operator in any object he desires within a few feet of her. If this object be pricked or otherwise manipulated, Mlle. Lina experiences exactly the same sensation as if the act had been performed on her own person, whereas her body while she is in this state is wholly insensible.

It may be objected that this sort of thing might be feigned. Colonel de Rochas, however, vouches for several cases in which deception would seem to be out of the question. On one occasion, for example, the sensibility of Mlle. Lina had been transferred to a photographic plate. Various experiments were made, and then the subject was brought back, as it was thought, to her normal condition. After the lapse of a considerable time Mlle. Lina was suddenly seized with shivering, and then with violent sickness. It was found that simultaneously with the appearance of these symptoms M. Euer, to whom the photographic plate belonged, had immersed it, unknown to the rest of the company and in a dark room in a distant corner of the house, in a chemical bath, and was developing it in the usual way, a process which had afflicted Mlle. Lina with a sort of seasickness.

In another curious set of experiments music played an important part. It was found that when a piano was played within hearing of Mlle. Lina while she was under the hypnotic influence she adopted attitudes suitable to the music played. In every case the attitudes were so strikingly beautiful and apposite as to excite the admiration of the operatic artists and painters who had been invited to witness the experiments. Here again the suspicion might arise of deception, though there is no reason to believe that Mlle. Lina has ever had any musical or dramatic training. But direct proof has been forthcoming of the genuineness of the phenomena.

A Polish musical composer who witnessed some of the experiments asked to be allowed to apply a test that would satisfy him that Mlle. Lina was not merely going through a performance rehearsed beforehand. What he did was to play a Polish country dance that has fallen even in Poland into almost entire oblivion. To his astonishment Mlle. Lina went through the dance exactly as it ought to be performed, though it was utterly impossible that she could have learned the proper gestures and measure.—Pall Mall Gazette.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 5th day of December, 1898, an application was made to the Commissioners of Columbiana County asking for permission to annex to the City of East Liverpool, in the County of Columbiana, and State of Ohio, the following described territory:

That territory bounded by commencing at a point of the northern boundary line of the present corporate limits, and at the quarter-section line of section thirty (30), township five (5), range one (1), Liverpool township, and running thence due north to the north-west corner of section twenty-four (24) in this township; thence due east with the north line of section twenty-four (24), eighteen (18), and twelve (12), also on the north line of Pennsylvania avenue, as shown on the map of annexation; thence with the north line of Pennsylvania avenue to the state line; thence with the state line to low water mark in the Ohio river; thence with low water mark in the Ohio river to the present corporate limits; thence along the present corporate limits to the place of beginning.

Said petition is now on file in the office of the Auditor of Columbiana county, and will be for hearing before the said Commissioners on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the rooms of the Commissioners, in the court house, in Columbiana county, Ohio.

J. M. McGARRY,

City Solicitor.

Published in the NEWS REVIEW, East Liverpool, Ohio, Dec. 15, 22, and 29, 1898, Jan. 5, 12, and 19, 1899.

An Expert.

"Do you carve?"
"I should say I did!"
"And what are your specialties?"
"Sausage and omelets."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

It is a sober truth that people who live only to amuse themselves work harder at the task than most people do in earning their daily bread.—Hannah More

Favorable to Tower and Harris.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The senate committee on foreign relations authorized favorable reports upon the nominations of Hon. Chariemagne Tower, to be ambassador to Russia, and of Hon. A. C. Harris, to be minister to Austria-Hungary.

Carnegie Bought a Plate Mill.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Jan. 12.—The plate mill of the Bethlehem Iron company was sold to the Carnegie company and it will be removed to Homestead. The mill has been idle for a year. The purchase price is not given.

Generals Honorably Discharged.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—At their own request Brigadier Generals William W. Gordon and W. C. Oates of the volunteer army were honorably discharged from the military service of the United States.

General Hawley Renominated.

HARTFORD, Jan. 12.—At the joint caucus of the Republican members of both branches of the Connecticut legislature, General Hawley was nominated to succeed himself on the ninth ballot.

Hobart Was Able to Preside.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Vice President Hobart presided over the senate for the first time since the holiday recess, having heretofore been detained at his home by an attack of grip.

Colonel Webster Dead.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Colonel George P. Webster, a well-known lawyer and a prominent member of Tammany Hall, died at his home in this city.

Weather Forecast.

Western Pennsylvania—Threatening; warmer; fresh east to west winds.
Ohio—Threatening; warmer in northern portion; fresh easterly winds.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

JAN. 13, 1899.

OLIVER SCOTT'S

BIG

MINSTREL CARNIVAL.

40-Prominent People-40

Headed by Billy Miller, Jas. White, Clarence Powell, Annie Stevenson, Harry Hart, John Rucker, the great McCarver Bros., Dudley & Harris, Marsh Craig, Alie Brown, Harry Waters, the original "Rastus," Reed Bros., Don Marreimo, the Cuban wonder, and 36 others of note.
K. N. Thompson's Big Military Band and Frank M. Hallstock's Orchestra. Watch for the big parade at noon.

Prices, 25, 35 and 50.

Seats on sale at Will Reed's.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

Special Dramatic Attraction,
SATURDAY, January 14.
Mr. Walker Whiteside, assisted by Miss Lelia Wolstan and a selected company of players, presenting.

The Red Cockade.

A Romantic Comedy-Drama of the Napoleonic Era.

An Adaptation From the French

of "Lion Amoureux," by M. Ponsard.

Note—The Minnet as introduced in the second act, arranged and conducted by Mme. Malvina, of Augustin Daly's theatre, N. Y.
Prices 25, 35, 50, 75 and \$1.
Reserved seats on sale at Reed's.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

2 Nights. 2 | Mon. 16.
Only. 2 | Jan. 16.

Wilson Theater Co. In High Class Comedy and Vaudeville. Opening in greatest of all Farce Comedies.

WHAT HAPPENED TO SMITH

Introducing refined up-to-date Specialties. Illustrated Songs and Calcium Effects. Edison's latest moving pictures. The wonderful Kladescope Dance.

Monday Night, Ladies' Free.

Any lady accompanied by one paid 30c ticket will be admitted free.

Remember the prices are within the reach of all.

10, 20 and 30c.

STRIKE IS ENDED

Street Railway Motormen Will Go To Work At Once.

CONFERENCE THIS AFTERNOON

Settled the Differences Existing Between General Manager Healy and His Men. Motorman Stodghill Will Not Be Taken Back, but the Property Matter Will be Settled to the Satisfaction of All.

President of Council Marshall this morning succeeded in arranging a conference between the motormen and General Manager Healy, and as a result the strike was settled.

A committee of the motormen, composed of Reeves, Dotts, Allison, Fowler, Morrow and Knapp, met General Manager Healy in the office of Doctor Marshall, and after a short deliberation it was decided to declare the strike off.

The terms of the settlement of the strike are that Motorman Stodghill will not be reinstated, but that he be given a letter of recommendation as a motorman and be given back all the money he had paid on his property, minus a reasonable rental if he sees fit to accept the terms. The other request of the motormen was satisfactorily adjusted, and the committee reported to the union. A meeting was held at once and the union unanimously ratified the action of the committee.

The men agreed to report for duty at once at the power house, and as the tracks have been kept in good condition the company had cars running over the line in less than an hour.

The end of the strike will cause a great deal of satisfaction to patrons of the line, and the amicable adjustment of the trouble is to be commended.

LATER—The first car in charge of Motorman Kerr left the power house a few minutes before 3 o'clock.

MISUNDERSTANDING

Prevented that Promised Meeting Last Evening.

Owing to a misunderstanding no meeting of the council committee and motormen's union was held last evening, as the motormen knew nothing of it.

A conference was arranged to be held in the evening between General Manager Healy and the employees, but when it was understood the council committee was going to meet the men the session to have been held with the general manager was postponed.

General Manager Healy stated this morning that there was no change in the strike and no effort would be made to send a car over the line for a few days. He said he had some applications for the positions of the motormen, but had not accepted any of them desiring to wait and see if the trouble could not be adjusted.

POSTPONED

Was the Case of Harrison Rinehart Against Charles Smith.

The case of Harrison Rinehart against C. A. Smith for \$38 has been postponed until tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. It will be heard by Squire Hill.

Frank G. Chapman has entered suit in the court of Squire Hill against Thomas Whitney for \$28.22 claimed due for goods sold and delivered. The case will be heard tomorrow.

SALESMEN NOW

The Number Employed and the Amount of Sales Being Considered.

H. A. Keffer has been selected by the trust to investigate and report upon the number of traveling salesmen selling Liverpool ware. Each manufacturer was instructed to send him a complete list of the salesmen they employ, the territory they cover and the amount of their sales each year.

A Big Book.

A copy of the latest book of rules and tariffs has been received at the local telegraph office. The volume is very large, and contains a complete list of the telegraph offices of the Western Union system and all its connecting lines and cables.

Officer Whan Still Ill.

Officer Whan, who has been ill at his home in Lisbon street for a week, is unable to be out as yet. He is suffering with a severe attack of grip.

NEWS REVIEW for news.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CALLED MILES LIAR.

General Egan Used Strong Language This Afternoon.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—General Egan this afternoon before the war investigators called General Miles a liar, and said he ought to be drummed out of the service.

QUIET AT MANILA.

General Otis Cables That Natives Are Returning.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—General Otis cabled today that conditions at Manila are quiet. Many natives are returning.

Those Who Are Ill.

Secretary Platts, of the Young Men's Christian association, who has been confined to his home for several days suffering from grip, was sufficiently recovered yesterday afternoon to visit the building. He resumed his duties this morning.

Mrs. S. J. Martin, of Broadway, is confined to her home by illness.

Mrs. Edwin Oppelt suffers from the grip.

Mrs. W. W. Bridge and two daughters are seriously ill at their home in Third street with grip.

Jonathan Hughes is ill with pneumonia at his home in Third street. Owing to his advanced age it is thought he will not recover.

Dr. C. B. Ogden is somewhat improved today, but will not be able to be out for a few days.

Mrs. Eliza J. Stapleton, who has been seriously ill at her home in Sixth street for several months, is slowly improving.

Exhibit of Falconry at Paris.

At the Paris exposition in 1900 a novel exhibit will be made of falconry, installed in the historical department of the section devoted to hunting. There will be shown all the implements used in the ancient sport, such as gloves, hoods, bags, uniforms. There will also be noted pictures of hunting with falcons, such as Darnet's in the Orleans museum, representing Anne of Austria, surrounded by her court women, all with falcons on their wrists.

Suffered an Operation.

An operation was performed this afternoon at the Mercy hospital, Pittsburgh, in order to try and save the arm of James B. Hall who entered that institution for treatment Monday. Mrs. Hall and John W. Hall left on the noon train to be present at his bedside.

Held a Business Meeting.

The officers and executive committee of the Endeavor society of the Methodist Protestant church held an important business session last evening in the lecture room of the church. Much business was transacted although it was of a routine character.

Much Improved.

Mrs. Charles McPherson, of Pleasant street, who has been in Denver, Col., for several months in search of health, returned to the city last evening in company with her husband. It is thought that her condition was much improved during her stay in the west.

Will Meet Here.

The Eastern Ohio Medical society, at its meeting in Steubenville, elected officers and decided to hold the next session in this place April 11.

A Minnesota Missionary.

Reverend Sulzer, Sunday school missionary for Minnesota, spoke at the First Presbyterian church last night.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—M. Wade was in Pittsburgh today on business.

—Edward Lewis is the guest of his parents in Wheeling.

—William Erlanger, of Fifth street, was a Pittsburgh visitor today.

—Frank Lowe, of Steubenville, spent yesterday in the city visiting friends.

—Harvey Barnhart, of Third street, left for Wheeling this morning, where he spent the day visiting friends.

—Mrs. Cora Watson and daughter left at noon for New Brighton, where they will make their future home. Her household effects were sent to that place this morning.

WELLSVILLE.

CIVIL SUIT SETTLED

Hibbits Brothers and Sheckler Came Together.

THE VERDICT WAS THROWN OUT

Because the Jury Had No Right to Deliver the Verdict Given—Mrs. Packer Is Very Ill—Result of an Accident to Her Husband—All the News.

Yesterday afternoon the case of Johnston Miller against the Buckeye brick works for the sum of \$81.85 was heard before Squire Haney. The case had been postponed from Monday on account of the illness of the plaintiff. Attorney Snediker represented the defendant and Lones & Ingram were there for the plaintiff. No testimony was introduced but that of the plaintiff, and in a very short space of time the justice rendered a decision in favor of the plaintiff for the full amount.

In the case heard before Squire McKenzie yesterday afternoon, concerning the just amount that should be paid Miss Gertie Lillace by Robert Dorsey, of East Liverpool, for the maintenance of his child, the justice ordered that \$300 be paid.

The judgment of the jury in the case of Hibbits against Sheckler was set aside by Squire Riley as no special verdict by a jury is allowed by the law. The parties came together and the matter was compromised by the payment of \$10 by the plaintiffs to the defendant and possession of the mine to be given up at once.

Mrs. Packer Ill.

Mrs. Frank Packer, of Nevada street, is again seriously ill. As was feared, the shock and excitement of the accident suffered by her husband has caused a relapse of typhoid fever, from which she had almost recovered. The reports from her husband, who is under treatment at the West Penn hospital, are most encouraging, and it is certain that the injured arm can be saved from amputation.

News of Wellsville.

The rolling mill is again running full time. New foundations have been placed under parts of machinery, and other repairs were made during the holiday shutdown.

Miss Margaret McGregor, of Wooster, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Andrew Watson and Mrs. A. C. Fogo spent today in Toronto with the families of Frank B. Kelley and Win S. Carson.

Rev. W. L. Crowl, of Commerce street, who has been alarmingly ill, has again resumed his usual health.

Edward Whetton, of Broadway, is ill with the prevailing disease.

So many of the employees of the railroad are off duty on account of sickness induced by exposure to the severe cold weather that but little repair work is being accomplished. Every day brings a new list of those unable to report for duty.

Councilman George Wells is again able to resume his duties on the railroad after illness of several weeks' duration.

Lou McCreary is now able to attend to his duties at the railroad shops.

Miss Louie Hill is visiting friends in Tiltonville.

Thomas Walmsly and wife, of the West End, left yesterday for an extended visit with friends in Illinois.

Invitations are out for a reception to be given by Misses Sue and Nan Stevenson tomorrow evening.

W. C. Aber, of Toronto, was registered at the Hotel Davis yesterday.

J. Goetz was a Pittsburgh visitor yesterday.

Miss Lillian Baron, who has been spending her holiday vacation at home, has again resumed her studies at Beaver college.

Walter Ewing is reported ill at the home of his father, Charles Ewing, Broadway.

Clerk J. S. McNutt and wife arrived in town from Lisbon last evening. Mr. McNutt is on a business trip and Mrs. McNutt will visit among her large circle of friends. Mr. McNutt will leave for a trip to Pittsburgh this evening.

NEW HYPNOTIC FREAKS.

Strange Capabilities of a Young Woman In Paris.

THE SENSIBILITY OF Mlle. LINA.

When In a Trance, It Leaves Her Body and Can Be Localized by the Operator In Any Object Within a Few Feet of Her—Curious Experiments In Which She Has Figured.

A very puzzling young person is at present exercising the curiosity of Parisians. She is known to fame as Mlle. Lina. Till recently she was an artist's model. Then Colonel de Rochas and M. Jules Bois discovered her strange capabilities, and Mlle. Lina has since passed much of her time in hypnotic trances, a state in which she performs wonders that must be seen to be believed. Her sponsors, it will be well to remark, are men of high standing and acknowledged reputation and not professional organizers of raree shows. Colonel de Rochas is at the head of the Ecole Polytechnique, a government institution and one of the foremost educational establishments in France. M. Jules Bois is among the most talented of the younger school of French novelists and an accepted authority on hypnotism and kindred subjects.

Presented under these auspices, Mlle. Lina cannot be dismissed as a vulgar impostor. Her pretensions at any rate deserve to be looked into. They are wonderful enough. Mlle. Lina, for instance, is the best subject Colonel de Rochas has so far come across for demonstrating the phenomena he terms the "exteriorization of sensibility." When in a trance, her sensibility leaves her body and can be localized by the operator in any object he desires within a few feet of her. If this object be pricked or otherwise manipulated, Mlle. Lina experiences exactly the same sensation as if the act had been performed on her own person, whereas her body while she is in this state is wholly insensible.

It may be objected that this sort of thing might be feigned. Colonel de Rochas, however, vouches for several cases in which deception would seem to be out of the question. On one occasion, for example, the sensibility of Mlle. Lina had been transferred to a photographic plate. Various experiments were made, and then the subject was brought back, as it was thought, to her normal condition. After the lapse of a considerable time Mlle. Lina was suddenly seized with shivering, and then with violent sickness. It was found that simultaneously with the appearance of these symptoms M. Euer, to whom the photographic plate belonged, had immersed it, unknown to the rest of the company and in a dark room in a distant corner of the house, in a chemical bath, and was developing it in the usual way, a process which had afflicted Mlle. Lina with a sort of seasickness.

In another curious set of experiments music played an important part. It was found that when a piano was played within hearing of Mlle. Lina while she was under the hypnotic influence she adopted attitudes suitable to the music played. In every case the attitudes were so strikingly beautiful and apposite as to excite the admiration of the operatic artists and painters who had been invited to witness the experiments. Here again the suspicion might arise of deception, though there is no reason to believe that Mlle. Lina has ever had any musical or dramatic training. But direct proof has been forthcoming of the genuineness of the phenomena.

A Polish musical composer who witnessed some of the experiments asked to be allowed to apply a test that would satisfy him that Mlle. Lina was not merely going through a performance rehearsed beforehand. What he did was to play a Polish country dance that has fallen even in Poland into almost entire oblivion. To his astonishment Mlle. Lina went through the dance exactly as it ought to be performed, though it was utterly impossible that she could have learned the proper gestures and measure.—Pall Mall Gazette.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 5th day of December, 1898, an application was made to the Commissioners of Columbiana County asking for permission to annex to the City of East Liverpool, in the County of Columbiana, and State of Ohio, the following described territory:

The territory bounded by commencing at a point on the northern boundary line of the present corporate limits, and at the quarter-section line of section thirty (30), township five (5), range one (1), Liverpool township, and running thence due north to the north-west corner of section twenty-four (24) in this township; thence due east with the north line of section twenty-four (24), eighteen (18), and twelve (12), also on the north line of Pennsylvania avenue, as shown on the map of annexation; thence with the north line of Pennsylvania avenue to the state line; thence with the state line to low water mark in the Ohio river; thence with low water mark in the Ohio river to the present corporate limits; thence along the present corporate limits to the place of beginning.

Said petition is now on file in the office of the Auditor of Columbiana county, and will be for hearing before the said Commissioners on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the rooms of the Commissioners, in the court house, in Columbiana county, Ohio.

J. M. McGARRY,

City Solicitor.

Published in the NEWS REVIEW, East Liverpool, Ohio, Dec. 15, 22, and 29, 1898, Jan. 5, 12, and 19, 1899.

An Expert.

"Do you carve?"
"I should say I did!"
"And what are your specialties?"
"Sausage and omelets."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

It is a sober truth that people who live only to amuse themselves work harder at the task than most people do in earning their daily bread.—Hannah More

Favorable to Tower and Harris.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The senate committee on foreign relations authorized favorable reports upon the nominations of Hon. Charlemagne Tower, to be ambassador to Russia, and of Hon. A. C. Harris, to be minister to Austria-Hungary.

Carnegie's Bought a Plate Mill.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Jan. 12.—The plate mill of the Bethlehem Iron company was sold to the Carnegie company and it will be removed to Homestead. The mill has been idle for a year. The purchase price is not given.

Generals Honorably Discharged.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—At their own request Brigadier Generals William W. Gordon and W. C. Oates of the volunteer army were honorably discharged from the military service of the United States.

General Hawley Renominated.

HARTFORD, Jan. 12.—At the joint caucus of the Republican members of both branches of the Connecticut legislature, General Hawley was nominated to succeed himself on the ninth ballot.

Hobart Was Able to Preside.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Vice President Hobart presided over the senate for the first time since the holiday recess, having heretofore been detained at his home by an attack of grip.

Colonel Webster Dead.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Colonel George P. Webster, a well-known lawyer and a prominent member of Tammany Hall, died at his home in this city.

Weather Forecast.

Western Pennsylvania—Threatening; warmer; fresh east to west winds.
Ohio—Threatening; warmer in northern portion; fresh easterly winds.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

JAN. 13, 1899.

OLIVER SCOTT'S

BIG

MINSTREL CARNIVAL.

40-Prominent People-40

Headed by Billy Miller, Jas. White, Clarence Powell, Annie Stevenson, Harry Hart, John Rucker, the great McCarver Bros., Dudley & Harris, Marsh Craig, Albie Brown, Harry Waters, the original "Rastus," Reed Bros., Don Marrello, the Cuban wonder, and 36 others of note.
K. N. Thompson's Big Military Band and Frank M. Hailstock's Orchestra. Watch for the big parade at noon.

Prices, 25, 35 and 50.

Seats on sale at Will Reed's.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

Special Dramatic Attraction,
SATURDAY, January 14.
Mr. Walker Whiteside, assisted by Miss Lelia Wolstan and a selected company of players, presenting.

The Red Cuckade.

A Romantic Comedy-Drama of the Napoleonic Era.

An Adaptation From the French
of "Lion Amoureux," by
M. Ponsard.

Note—The Minuet as introduced in the second act, arranged and conducted by Mme. Malvina, of Augustin Daly's theatre, N. Y.
Prices 25, 35, 50, 75 and \$1.
Reserved seats on sale at Reed's.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

2 Nights 2 | Mon. 16.
Only. 2 | Jan. 16.

Wilson Theater Co. In High Class Comedy and Vaudeville. Opening in greatest of all Farce Comedies.

WHAT HAPPENED TO SMITH

Introducing refined up-to-date Specialties. Illustrated Songs and Calcutum Effects. Edison's latest moving pictures. The wonderful Kladescope Dance.

Monday Night, Ladies' Free.
Any lady accompanied by one paid ticket will be admitted free.

Remember the prices are within the reach of all.

10, 20 and 30c.

STRIKE IS ENDED

Street Railway Motormen Will Go To Work At Once.

CONFERENCE THIS AFTERNOON

Settled the Differences Existing Between General Manager Healy and His Men. Motorman Stodghill Will Not Be Taken Back, but the Property Matter Will be Settled to the Satisfaction of All.

President of Council Marshall this morning succeeded in arranging a conference between the motormen and General Manager Healy, and as a result the strike was settled.

A committee of the motormen, composed of Reeves, Dotts, Allison, Fowler, Morrow and Knapp, met General Manager Healy in the office of Doctor Marshall, and after a short deliberation it was decided to declare the strike off.

The terms of the settlement of the strike are that Motorman Stodghill will not be reinstated, but that he be given a letter of recommendation as a motorman and be given back all the money he had paid on his property, minus a reasonable rental if he sees fit to accept the terms. The other request of the motormen was satisfactorily adjusted, and the committee reported to the union. A meeting was held at once and the union unanimously ratified the action of the committee.

The men agreed to report for duty at once at the power house, and as the tracks have been kept in good condition the company had cars running over the line in less than an hour.

The end of the strike will cause a great deal of satisfaction to patrons of the line, and the amicable adjustment of the trouble is to be commended.

LATER—The first car in charge of Motorman Kerr left the power house a few minutes before 3 o'clock.

MISUNDERSTANDING

Prevented that Promised Meeting Last Evening.

Owing to a misunderstanding no meeting of the council committee and motormen's union was held last evening, as the motormen knew nothing of it.

A conference was arranged to be held in the evening between General Manager Healy and the employees, but when it was understood the council committee was going to meet the men the session to have been held with the general manager was postponed.

General Manager Healy stated this morning that there was no change in the strike and no effort would be made to send a car over the line for a few days. He said he had some applications for the positions of the motormen, but had not accepted any of them desiring to wait and see if the trouble could not be adjusted.

POSTPONED

Was the Case of Harrison Rinehart Against Charles Smith.

The case of Harrison Rinehart against C. A. Smith for \$38 has been postponed until tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. It will be heard by Squire Hill.

Frank G. Chapman has entered suit in the court of Squire Hill against Thomas Whitney for \$28.22 claimed due for goods sold and delivered. The case will be heard tomorrow.

SALESMEN NOW

The Number Employed and the Amount of Sales Being Considered.

H. A. Keffer has been selected by the trust to investigate and report upon the number of traveling salesmen selling Liverpool ware. Each manufacturer was instructed to send him a complete list of the salesmen they employ, the territory they cover and the amount of their sales each year.

A Big Book.

A copy of the latest book of rules and tariffs has been received at the local telegraph office. The volume is very large, and contains a complete list of the telegraph offices of the Western Union system and all its connecting lines and cables.

Officer Whan Still Ill.

Officer Whan, who has been ill at his home in Lisbon street for a week, is unable to be out as yet. He is suffering with a severe attack of grip.

NEWS REVIEW for news.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CALLED MILES LIAR.

General Eagan Used Strong Language This Afternoon.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—General Eagan this afternoon before the war investigators called General Miles a liar, and said he ought to be drummed out of the service.

QUIET AT MANILA.

General Otis Cables That Natives Are Returning.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—General Otis cabled today that conditions at Manila are quiet. Many natives are returning.

Those Who Are Ill.

Secretary Platts, of the Young Men's Christian association, who has been confined to his home for several days suffering from grip, was sufficiently recovered yesterday afternoon to visit the building. He resumed his duties this morning.

Mrs. S. J. Martin, of Broadway, is confined to her home by illness.

Mrs. Edwin Oppelt suffers from the grip.

Mrs. W. W. Bridge and two daughters are seriously ill at their home in Third street with grip.

Jonathan Hughes is ill with pneumonia at his home in Third street. Owing to his advanced age it is thought he will not recover.

Dr. C. B. Ogden is somewhat improved today, but will not be able to be out for a few days.

Mrs. Eliza J. Stapleton, who has been seriously ill at her home in Sixth street for several months, is slowly improving.

Exhibit of Falconry at Paris.

At the Paris exposition in 1900 a novel exhibit will be made of falconry, installed in the historical department of the section devoted to hunting. There will be shown all the implements used in the ancient sport, such as gloves, hoods, bags, uniforms. There will also be noted pictures of hunting with falcons, such as Darnet's in the Orleans museum, representing Anne of Austria, surrounded by her court women, all with falcons on their wrists.

Suffered an Operation.

An operation was performed this afternoon at the Mercy hospital, Pittsburgh, in order to try and save the arm of James B. Hall who entered that institution for treatment Monday. Mrs. Hall and John W. Hall left on the noon train to be present at his bedside.

Held a Business Meeting.

The officers and executive committee of the Endeavor society of the Methodist Protestant church held an important business session last evening in the lecture room of the church. Much business was transacted although it was of a routine character.

Much Improved.

Mrs. Charles McPherson, of Pleasant street, who has been in Denver, Col., for several months in search of health, returned to the city last evening in company with her husband. It is thought that her condition was much improved during her stay in the west.

Will Meet Here.

The Eastern Ohio Medical society, at its meeting in Steubenville, elected officers and decided to hold the next session in this place April 11.

A Minnesota Missionary.

Reverend Sulzer, Sunday school missionary for Minnesota, spoke at the First Presbyterian church last night.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—M. Wade was in Pittsburgh today on business.

—Edward Lewis is the guest of his parents in Wheeling.

—William Erlanger, of Fifth street, was a Pittsburgh visitor today.

—Frank Lowe, of Steubenville, spent yesterday in the city visiting friends.

—Harvey Barnhart, of Third street, left for Wheeling this morning, where he spent the day visiting friends.

—Mrs. Cora Watson and daughter left at noon for New Brighton, where they will make their future home. Her household effects were sent to that place this morning.

WELLSVILLE.

CIVIL SUIT SETTLED

Hibbits Brothers and Sheckler Came Together.

THE VERDICT WAS THROWN OUT

Because the Jury Had No Right to Deliver the Verdict Given—Mrs. Packer Is Very Ill—Result of an Accident to Her Husband—All the News.

Yesterday afternoon the case of Johnston Miller against the Buckeye brick works for the sum of \$81.85 was heard before Squire Haney. The case had been postponed from Monday on account of the illness of the plaintiff. Attorney Snediker represented the defendant and Lones & Ingram were there for the plaintiff. No testimony was introduced but that of the plaintiff, and in a very short space of time the justice rendered a decision in favor of the plaintiff for the full amount.

In the case heard before Squire McKenzie yesterday afternoon, concerning the just amount that should be paid Miss Gertie Lillace by Robert Dorsey, of East Liverpool, for the maintenance of his child, the justice ordered that \$300 be paid.

The judgment of the jury in the case of Hibbits against Sheckler was set aside by Squire Riley as no special verdict by a jury is allowed by the law. The parties came together and the matter was compromised by the payment of \$10 by the plaintiffs to the defendant and possession of the mine to be given up at once.

Mrs. Packer Ill.

Mrs. Frank Packer, of Nevada street, is again seriously ill. As was feared, the shock and excitement of the accident suffered by her husband has caused a relapse of typhoid fever, from which she had almost recovered. The reports from her husband, who is under treatment at the West Penn hospital, are most encouraging, and it is certain that the injured arm can be saved from amputation.

News of Wellsville.

The rolling mill is again running full time. New foundations have been placed under parts of machinery, and other repairs were made during the holiday shutdown.

Miss Margaret McGregor, of Wooster, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Andrew Watson and Mrs. A. C. Fogo spent today in Toronto with the families of Frank B. Kelley and Win S. Carson.

Rev. W. L. Crowl, of Commerce street, who has been alarmingly ill, has again resumed his usual health.

Edward Whetton, of Broadway, is ill with the prevailing disease.

So many of the employees of the railroad are off duty on account of sickness induced by exposure to the severe cold weather that but little repair work is being accomplished. Every day brings a new list of those unable to report for duty.

Councilman George Wells is again able to resume his duties on the railroad after illness of several weeks' duration.

Lou McCreary is now able to attend to his duties at the railroad shops.

Miss Louie Hill is visiting friends in Tiltonville.

Thomas Walmsly and wife, of the West End, left yesterday for an extended visit with friends in Illinois.

Invitations are out for a reception to be given by Misses Sue and Nan Stevenson tomorrow evening.

W. C. Aber, of Toronto, was registered at the Hotel Davis yesterday.

J. Goetz was a Pittsburgh visitor yesterday.

Miss Lillian Baron, who has been spending her holiday vacation at home, has again resumed her studies at Beaver college.

Walter Ewing is reported ill at the home of his father, Charles Ewing, Broadway.

Clerk J. S. McNutt and wife arrived in town from Lisbon last evening. Mr. McNutt is on a business trip and Mrs. McNutt will visit among her large circle of friends. Mr. McNutt will leave for a trip to Pittsburgh this evening.

NEW HYPNOTIC FREAKS.

Strange Capabilities of a Young Woman In Paris.

THE SENSIBILITY OF Mlle. LINA.

When In a Trance, It Leaves Her Body and Can Be Localized by the Operator In Any Object Within a Few Feet of Her—Curious Experiments in Which She Has Figured.

A very puzzling young person is at present exercising the curiosity of Parisians. She is known to fame as Mlle. Lina. Till recently she was an artist's model. Then Colonel de Rochas and M. Jules Bois discovered her strange capabilities, and Mlle. Lina has since passed much of her time in hypnotic trances, a state in which she performs wonders that must be seen to be believed. Her sponsors, it will be well to remark, are men of high standing and acknowledged reputation and not professional organizers of raree shows. Colonel de Rochas is at the head of the Ecole Polytechnique, a government institution and one of the foremost educational establishments in France. M. Jules Bois is among the most talented of the younger school of French novelists and an accepted authority on hypnotism and kindred subjects.

Presented under these auspices, Mlle. Lina cannot be dismissed as a vulgar impostor. Her pretensions at any rate deserve to be looked into. They are wonderful enough. Mlle. Lina, for instance, is the best subject Colonel de Rochas has so far come across for demonstrating the phenomena he terms the "exteriorization of sensibility." When in a trance, her sensibility leaves her body and can be localized by the operator in any object he desires within a few feet of her. If this object be pricked or otherwise manipulated, Mlle. Lina experiences exactly the same sensation as if the act had been performed on her own person, whereas her body while she is in this state is wholly insensible.

It may be objected that this sort of thing might be feigned. Colonel de Rochas, however, vouches for several cases in which deception would seem to be out of the question. On one occasion, for example, the sensibility of Mlle. Lina had been transferred to a photographic plate. Various experiments were made, and then the subject was brought back, as it was thought, to her normal condition. After the lapse of a considerable time Mlle. Lina was suddenly seized with shivering, and then with violent sickness. It was found that simultaneously with the appearance of these symptoms M. Euer, to whom the photographic plate belonged, had immersed it, unknown to the rest of the company and in a dark room in a distant corner of the house, in a chemical bath, and was developing it in the usual way, a process which had afflicted Mlle. Lina with a sort of seasickness.

In another curious set of experiments music played an important part. It was found that when a piano was played within hearing of Mlle. Lina while she was under the hypnotic influence she adopted attitudes suitable to the music played. In every case the attitudes were so strikingly beautiful and apposite as to excite the admiration of the operatic artists and painters who had been invited to witness the experiments. Here again the suspicion might arise of deception, though there is no reason to believe that Mlle. Lina has ever had any musical or dramatic training. But direct proof has been forthcoming of the genuineness of the phenomena.

A Polish musical composer who witnessed some of the experiments asked to be allowed to apply a test that would satisfy him that Mlle. Lina was not merely going through a performance rehearsed beforehand. What he did was to play a Polish country dance that has fallen even in Poland into almost entire oblivion. To his astonishment Mlle. Lina went through the dance exactly as it ought to be performed, though it was utterly impossible that she could have learned the proper gestures and measure.—Fall Mail Gazette.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 5th day of December, 1898, an application was made to the Commissioners of Columbiana County asking for permission to annex to the City of East Liverpool, in the County of Columbiana, and State of Ohio, the following described territory:

That territory bounded by commencing at a point on the northern boundary line of the present corporate limits, and at the quarter-section line of section thirty (30), township five (5), range one (1), Liverpool township, and running thence due north to the north-west corner of section twenty-four (24) in this township; thence due east with the north line of section twenty-four (24), eighteen (18), and twelve (12), also on the north line of Pennsylvania avenue, as shown on the map of annexation; thence with the north line of Pennsylvania avenue to the state line; thence with the state line to low water mark in the Ohio river; thence with low water mark in the Ohio river to the present corporate limits; thence along the present corporate limits to the place of beginning.

Said petition is now on file in the office of the Auditor of Columbiana county, and will be for hearing before the said Commissioners on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the rooms of the Commissioners, in the court house, in Columbiana county, Ohio.

J. M. McGARRY, City Solicitor.

Published in the NEWS REVIEW, East Liverpool, Ohio, Dec. 15, 22, and 29, 1898, Jan. 5, 12, and 19, 1899.

An Expert.
"Do you carve?"
"I should say I did!"
"And what are your specialties?"
"Sausage and omelets."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

It is a sober truth that people who live only to amuse themselves work harder at the task than most people do in earning their daily bread.—Hannah More

Favorable to Tower and Harris.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The senate committee on foreign relations authorized favorable reports upon the nominations of John Charlemagne Tower, to be ambassador to Russia, and of Hon. A. C. Harris, to be minister to Austria-Hungary.

Carnegie Bought a Plate Mill.
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 12.—The plate mill of the Bethlehem Iron company was sold to the Carnegie company and it will be removed to Homestead. The mill has been idle for a year. The purchase price is not given.

Generals Honorably Discharged.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—At their own request Brigadier Generals William W. Gordon and W. C. Oates of the volunteer army were honorably discharged from the military service of the United States.

General Hawley Renominated.
HARTFORD, Jan. 12.—At the joint caucus of the Republican members of both branches of the Connecticut legislature, General Hawley was nominated to succeed himself on the ninth ballot.

Hobart Was Able to Preside.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Vice President Hobart presided over the senate for the first time since the holiday recess, having heretofore been detained at his home by an attack of grip.

Colonel Webster Dead.
NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Colonel George P. Webster, a well-known lawyer and a prominent member of Tammany Hall, died at his home in this city.

Weather Forecast.
Western Pennsylvania—Threatening; warmer; fresh east to west winds.
Ohio—Threatening; warmer in northern portion; fresh easterly winds.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

JAN. 13, 1899.

OLIVER SCOTT'S

BIG

MINSTREL CARNIVAL.

40-Prominent People-40

Headed by Billy Miller, Jas. White, Clarence Powell, Annie Stevenson, Harry Hart, John Kucker, the great McTavish Bros., Dudley & Harris, Marsh Craig, Albie Brown, Harry Waters, the original "Tastus," Reed Bros., Don Marreimo, the Cuban wonder, and 36 others of note.
R. N. Thompson's Big Military Band and Frank M. Hallstock's Orchestra. Watch for the big parade at noon.

Prices, 25, 35 and 50.
Seats on sale at Will Reed's.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

Special Dramatic Attraction,

SATURDAY, January 14.

Mr. Walker Whiteside, assisted by Miss Lelia Wolstan and a selected company of players, presenting.

The Red Cockade

A Romantic Comedy-Drama of the Napoleonic Era.

An Adaptation From the French

of "Lion Amoureux," by M. Ponsard.

Note—The Minnet as introduced in the second act, arranged and conducted by Mme. Malvina, of Augustin Daly's theatre, N. Y.
Prices 25, 35, 50, 75 and \$1.
Reserved seats on sale at Reed's.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

2 Nights 2 | Mon. 16.

Only. | Jan. 16.

Wilson Theater Co. in High Class Comedy and Vaudeville. Opening in greatest of all Farce Comedies.

WHAT HAPPENED TO SMITH

Introducing refined up-to-date Specialties. Illustrated Songs and Calcium Effects. Edison's latest moving pictures. The wonderful Kladescope Dance.

Monday Night, Ladies' Free.
Any lady accompanied by one paid 30c ticket will be admitted free.

Remember the prices are within the reach of all.

10, 20 and 30c.

SHANTYBOAT WARFARE

Husband and Wife Could Not Agree.

HE WENT AFTER HER EFFECTS

After Taking His Away, but the Owner of the Boat Objected and Threw Him Off—Told His Story to the Authorities, and There May Be No Arrests.

There is trouble in at least one shantyboat on the river front.

About two weeks ago a man and his wife who were not living in peace and harmony agreed to separate, and the household goods were divided. The husband removed his portion of the furniture, and the parties both left the end of the boat which they had sub-rented from the family who lived in the other end. The wife requested that her portion of the furniture be left in the boat until she called for it, and the request was granted.

The husband continued to live in the boat, but yesterday he became tired and going to the party from whom he had rented he turned over the keys to the boat and said he would return no more. The man then hunted up the wife and asked her what he would do with the furniture, and she told him to have it remain in the boat until she called. Last night the husband changed his mind, and going to the boat demanded the key and said he wanted to move the furniture. He did not get the key and as a result became very indignant and started to break in the door. The man who had the key would not stand this, and the irate husband without further ceremony was thrown bodily from the craft.

The husband then visited Mayor Bough and related his tale of woe to His Honor and wanted the party he rented from arrested, but he obtained no satisfaction, and a short time later the landlord appeared at the office of the Mayor and told his side of the story and returned to the boat firmly determined to hold the furniture.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.

Walker Whiteside.

One of the most interesting legitimate amusement events of the season will be the appearance at the Grand Opera House, Saturday, of Mr. Walker Whiteside, assisted by Miss Lelia Wolston and a capable supporting company, presenting the new romantic comedy drama, "The Red Cockade."

It is a romantic comedy drama from the French, founded on M. Ponsard's great play "Lion Amoureux," which has been considered the best play at the theatre Francais, Paris, for some years. The scenes of the new play are laid in France during the Napoleonic era, and depicts with a vivid reality many of the thrilling incidents of the Revolution of 1795, known in history as the "Reign of Terror."

December Not So Good.

Assistant Cashier Berger, of the general freight office, has completed his reports for the month of December and has forwarded them to the departments at Pittsburg and Cleveland. The papers show that less business was done during December of last year than during the same month of 1897.

Bought a Lock.

A new lock has been placed on the large door opening in the hallway to city hall. The lock had been broken for several weeks and much inconvenience was caused those who work in the building.

Coal Office Removed.

I will remove my office from Broadway to Walnut street, north of Horn switch. Will be ready to transact business on Dec. 27. We kindly solicit your patronage. See us in our new quarters.

W. H. FRAZIER.

NEW WARSHIP PROJECTILE.

Its Inventor Claims It Cannot Explode Until It Leaves the Gun.

The high explosive of modern warfare, often as dangerous to friend as to foe, may be rendered harmless if all that J. V. Rice, Jr., a member of the Manufacturers' club of Philadelphia, claims for a newly invented projectile is true. Mr. Rice has taken out some 40 patents on various mechanical devices, and now he comes forward with the announcement that he has perfected a projectile which cannot possibly explode until it has left the muzzle of the gun. Then it will explode either by contact with some resisting substance or by means of a time fuse. The prime value which Mr. Rice says his invention has is that it will reduce to a minimum the danger of internal explosions on warships from the blowing up of the magazines.

Mr. Rice says: "A shell fired into a magazine fitted with my projectiles would not explode there, all of which may sound strange, but I can prove my assertions at any time. The idea came to me after reading about some electrical experiments made by Nicola Tesla, and I have been working on it ever since the blowing up of the Maine. Tesla has launched the possibility upon the world that he can control the movements of an electrically constructed boat from the shore without the use of wires, and that such a boat could be loaded with torpedoes and be directed against the magazine of a warship, and by exploding one would explode all.

"Allowing that Mr. Tesla is able to accomplish all he states, he could not blow up a single magazine by shell or projectile if the ammunition stored therein was of the character which I am able to make. Though I am not free to state just wherein the safety in my ammunition lies, yet I can say that the detonation can only be produced by mechanical action, which forms part of a combination, the complete parts of which must necessarily come into play before the explosion can take place.

"The new projectile which I have invented develops on explosion a pressure of 220 tons to the square inch. It is much more destructive than a dynamite shell, inasmuch that the force is equal in all directions instead of only in one, and, unlike dynamite, it develops heat capable of setting fire to anything with which it comes in contact."—Philadelphia Press.

HUGE ORDER FOR STEEL.

Australian Government Will Build a Water Main to Coolgardie.

One-half the largest foreign order for finished steel ever sent to the United States has been offered the Illinois Steel company. The order amounts to \$2,000,000 and is for water pipes to be used by the Australian government. The Carnegie company of Pittsburg will supply half the amount. The Chicago firm may contribute the balance, the only obstacle being that the output of many departments of the plant for months to come has been sold. It is estimated the order will be taken.

The Australian government's order is for 64,000 tons of steel sheets, 28 feet long, to be rolled into pipe 9 feet in diameter. They are to be used to supply water to the Coolgardie mining district. In this district, which is one of the hottest deserts in the world, are located gold mines reputed to be fabulously rich. They have been discovered during the last few years, and several have been developed extensively and are listed on the London Stock Exchange. A great part of the ore, it is said, requires only the ordinary stamp battery treatment to recover. Stamp mills are the thirstiest of all kinds of machinery, and the water is procured in Coolgardie only in limited quantities. It has been sold for drinking purposes in the new towns throughout the district for a shilling a gallon.

The result of this condition is that only the richest mines can be worked. In parts of the United States ores carrying \$4 to the ton yield a profit. In Coolgardie ores carrying \$80 to \$100 in free gold are often too low to work, so costly is the water. Indeed in cases a water supply is more valuable than a mine. The Australian government appointed commissions to devise a way to get water to the mines. Several plans were presented, but all were rejected in favor of the construction of a pipe line 20 miles long, equipped with nine pumping stations, the largest work of the kind ever planned.—Special St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Exit the Cannibal!

Oh, the blithe and eager cannibal has seen his brightest days! They are fading out forever in Old Glory's coming rays, And the happy missionary will not dread the fatal broth As he drops that ragout feeling which was common to the cloth.

Oh, no more the paunchy savage will set up his steaming pot, Out of which the fragrant parson will be forked or ladled hot, And no more will grinning henchmen squat beside the chief while he, With a nice discrimination, hands around the late D. D.!

For the Yankee sweeps the ocean, and the polishes of bones In the Philippines and Sandwiches and faraway Ladrones Must resign their meaty diet and come down to plainer things, For there'll be no more man eating 'neath the eagle's sheltering wings!

CURED BY THEIR PRAYER

Detroit Clergyman Suddenly Healed In the Biblical Way.

TOLD TO RISE AND WALK, AND DID.

Fellow Pastors Gathered at the Rev. C. H. Holden's Bedside and Earnestly Prayed for His Recovery. Stricken Man Suffered Keenly For Months From a Bicycle Accident. Feels No Pain In His Leg and Now Can Plant It Firmly on the Floor.

Is any sick among you? Let him call for the elders of the church and let them pray over him, anointing him with oil in the name of the Lord.

And the prayer of faith shall save the sick, and the Lord shall raise him up.—James v, 14, 15.

Upon a bed in an upper room at 199 Field avenue in Detroit the other afternoon lay the emaciated form of a man in the prime of life, his features drawn and wasted with agony. He was the Rev. C. H. Holden of the Clinton Avenue Baptist church. Around him knelt a group of clergymen. They lifted up their voices in earnest prayer. The burden of their petition was that God would restore to health and strength and service their brother who had been stricken.

Voices were beginning to quaver and break, tears were freely flowing, when suddenly there arose from the kneeling circle a venerable man, the Rev. Dr. Barlow. He lifted a trembling hand above the sufferer and cried in a loud voice, tense with emotion:

"Brother Holden, in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ, I bid you arise and walk!"

There was a moment of startled silence. The stricken man raised himself, placed his feet upon the floor and stood trembling like an aspen leaf. Then, with features irradiated by religious exaltation, he walked, as a year old babe would walk, to the door of the upper room, and, turning, made his way back again to the bed, and sat down, weak and exhausted, yet smiling and without pain.

Three months ago the Rev. C. H. Holden was injured in a bicycle accident, and since then a dozen doctors have worked over him in vain. His agony has been frightful and he has gradually wasted away.

"When I heard how my people and my brother ministers were praying for my recovery," said he the other night, "I said to myself, 'Can it be possible that there is not enough godliness in Clinton Avenue church and among my brethren to accomplish this result with God?'"

"I resolved to have a conference with my fellow pastors and to put his promise to the test. The other afternoon about 19 of them met here in this room. Among them were Dr. Mallory of Grand River Avenue church, the Rev. Mr. Fulton of the First church, the Rev. H. N. Petit, E. B. Griffith, H. Becker, E. F. Hudson, J. C. Calder and G. L. Witlet. Opening my Bible at this passage in the epistle of James I read to them, 'And the prayer of faith shall heal the sick and the Lord shall raise him.' 'Do you believe that?' I asked them.

"After an earnest conference one and all declared that they could see no other meaning but that conveyed by the literal construction.

"Then, brethren," said I, 'let us do just what God tells us to do. Let us take him at his word.'

"They did so. They followed out to the letter the instructions given there, and then they prayed.

"It was the most glorious prayer meeting I ever attended, and when Brother Barlow, my aged assistant, suddenly arose and in the name of Christ bade me rise and walk the adoration came upon me like a shock.

"But the thought flashed across me, 'Do it.' I arose. I walked nearly to the door and back. I suffered no pain. I got up and dressed and seated myself in this chair, where you see me now. I have felt no pain since. Before, when I even swung my leg it caused me excruciating agony. Now I can plant it firmly on the floor."—New York Journal.

Work of Helpmates.

I was driving through one of the best farming districts in western Ontario a few years ago. I expressed my admiration.

"Yes," said my companion, who knew the country thoroughly, "nearly all the farmers around here have second wives."

"Why?" was my surprised inquiry. "Oh," he answered, "they killed their first wives making the farm!" Perth Examiner.

A Cuban Mummy.

Paul Kingston of Dayton, O., was the recipient of a very curious and probably valuable Christmas present in the shape of a Cuban mummy. The flesh is well cured, and the body resembles Egyptian mummies shown in museums. It is about five feet in height and was shipped to Mr. Kingston by a friend in the United States engineering corps, who is stationed in Cuba.—Special Cincinnati Enquirer.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.	3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:59
Pittsburgh..lv.	15:45	11:30	14:40	11:00	47:30
Rochester..	6:35	2:15	5:25	11:50	8:55
Beaver.....	6:40	2:20	5:33	11:55	8:30
Vanport.....	6:45		5:38	11:59	8:34
Industry.....	6:55		5:50	12:10	8:44
Cooks Ferry..	6:58		5:55	12:11	8:48
Smiths Ferry..	7:07	4:00	6:04	12:20	8:55
East Liverpool	7:17	4:09	6:14	12:30	9:05
Wellsville..ar	7:30	2:56	6:28	12:40	9:15
Wellsville..lv	7:38	3:05		12:45	
Wellsville Shop	7:40			12:50	
Yellow Creek	7:48			12:55	
Hammondsville	7:56			1:03	
Ironton.....	8:00	3:22		1:06	
Salineville..	8:16	3:38		1:27	
Bayard.....	9:00	4:10		2:05	
Alliance.....	9:30	4:35		2:30	
Ravenna.....	10:10	5:05		3:00	
Hudson.....	11:02	5:25		3:30	
Cleveland..ar	12:10	6:25		4:30	
Wellsville..lv	7:45	3:10	6:55	5:55	11:07
Wellsville Shop	7:50	3:18	6:58	5:59	11:10
Yellow Creek	7:57	3:18	7:04	6:05	11:15
Port Homer..	8:03	3:23	7:09	6:09	
Empire.....	8:10	3:28	7:14	6:17	11:23
Elliottsville..	8:17	3:33	7:18	6:21	11:27
Toronto.....	8:21	3:38	7:22	6:30	11:31
Costonia.....	8:28	3:43	7:28	6:37	
Steubenville..	8:44	4:00	7:45	6:51	11:50
St. Clairsville	8:44	4:00	7:45	6:51	11:50
Mingo Je.....	8:51	4:07	7:53	7:05	11:51
Brilliant.....	8:58	4:14	8:00	7:14	12:06
Rush Run.....	9:07	4:23	8:09	7:24	12:15
Portland.....	9:14	4:30	8:15	7:30	12:21
Yorkville.....	9:21	4:37	8:22	7:37	12:28
Martins Ferry	9:32	4:45	8:28	7:52	12:33
Bridgeport...ar	9:40	4:50	8:35	7:58	12:40
Wellsville..ar	9:50	5:05	8:45	8:10	12:50
Eastward.	3:40	3:36	3:38	3:40	4:15
Wellsville..lv	14:45	13:00	14:45	11:00	12:45
Bridgeport..	4:53	9:03		4:54	11:00
Martins Ferry	5:01	9:15		5:02	11:16
Yorkville.....	5:10			5:12	
Portland.....	5:15	9:28		5:19	11:28
Rush Run.....	5:20	9:33		5:24	
Brilliant.....	5:28	9:41		5:34	11:42
Mingo Je.....	5:35	9:48		5:41	11:50
Steubenville..	5:44	10:00		5:50	12:00
Costonia.....	5:50	10:05		5:55	12:05
Toronto.....	6:07	10:19		6:11	12:19
Elliottsville..	6:11	10:21		6:15	12:21
Empire.....	6:13	10:31		6:21	12:27
Port Homer..	6:20	10:35		6:24	12:30
Yellow Creek	6:26	10:40		6:30	12:35
Wellsville Shop	6:30	10:45		6:33	12:38
Wellsville..ar	6:35	10:54		6:41	12:45
Wellsville..lv	7:38			3:05	
Wellsville Shop	7:43			3:10	
Yellow Creek	7:48			3:15	
Hammondsville	7:56			3:23	
Ironton.....	8:00			3:28	
Salineville..	8:16			3:43	
Bayard.....	9:00			4:20	
Alliance.....	9:30			4:45	
Ravenna.....	10:10			5:15	
Hudson.....	11:02			5:45	
Cleveland..ar	12:10			6:25	
Wellsville..lv	6:45	11:05		6:51	2:56
East Liverpool	6:57	11:15		7:00	3:09
Smiths Ferry..	7:07	11:28		7:08	3:18
Cooks Ferry..	7:20	11:39		7:21	3:28
Industry.....	7:25	11:44		7:26	3:33
Vanport.....	7:31	11:50		7:32	3:41
Beaver.....	7:40	11:59		7:36	3:49
Rochester..ar	7:50	12:06		7:42	3:56
Pittsburgh..ar	8:50	12:55		8:20	4:55

Eastward.	3:40	3:36	3:38	3:40	4:15
Wellsville..lv	14:45	13:00	14:45	11:00	12:45
Bridgeport..	4:53	9:03		4:54	11:00
Martins Ferry	5:01	9:15		5:02	11:16
Yorkville.....	5:10			5:12	
Portland.....	5:15	9:28		5:19	11:28
Rush Run.....	5:20	9:33		5:24	
Brilliant.....	5:28	9:41		5:34	11:42
Mingo Je.....	5:35	9:48		5:41	11:50
Steubenville..	5:44	10:00		5:50	12:00
Costonia.....	5:50	10:05		5:55	12:05
Toronto.....	6:07	10:19		6:11	12:19
Elliottsville..	6:11	10:21		6:15	12:21
Empire.....	6:13	10:31		6:21	12:27
Port Homer..	6:20	10:35		6:24	12:30
Yellow Creek	6:26	10:40		6:30	12:35
Wellsville Shop	6:30	10:45		6:33	12:38
Wellsville..ar	6:35	10:54		6:41	12:45
Wellsville..lv	7:38			3:05	
Wellsville Shop	7:43			3:10	
Yellow Creek	7:48			3:15	
Hammondsville	7:56			3:23	
Ironton.....	8:00			3:28	
Salineville..	8:16			3:43	
Bayard.....	9:00			4:20	
Alliance.....	9:30			4:45	
Ravenna.....	10:10			5:15	
Hudson.....	11:02			5:45	
Cleveland..ar	12:10			6:25	
Wellsville..lv	6:45	11:05		6:51	2:56
East Liverpool	6:57	11:15		7:00	3:09
Smiths Ferry..	7:07	11:28		7:08	3:18
Cooks Ferry..	7:20	11:39		7:21	3:28
Industry.....	7:25	11:44		7:26	3:33
Vanport.....	7:31	11:50		7:32	3:41
Beaver.....	7:40	11:59		7:36	3:49
Rochester..ar	7:50	12:06		7:42	3:56
Pittsburgh..ar	8:50	12:55		8:20	4:55

Trainman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 335 and 337, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 335 and 337, between Pittsburg and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, 11-27-98, H. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

INSURE IN THE WESTERN AND SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE CO.

It is located in Ohio which is the only state requiring an official examination of its life companies annually. All ages from one to seventy years of age are insurable, provided the applicant is in sound health. Prompt payment of claims is absolutely guaranteed, \$100,000 being on deposit with state treasurer for sole protection of policy holders. It furnishes for the money paid larger benefits than any other similar company. Policies issued by The Western and Southern are in immediate benefit, and provides for liberal paid-up values after been in force five or more years.

Not one unpaid claim in the East Liverpool district. Statements made to the contrary are made with malicious intent to deceive the public.

Consult any of our agents for rates of whole life or endowment policies.

Branch Office, Ikirt Block.

RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for the Celebrated Air Cushion Rubber Stamps.

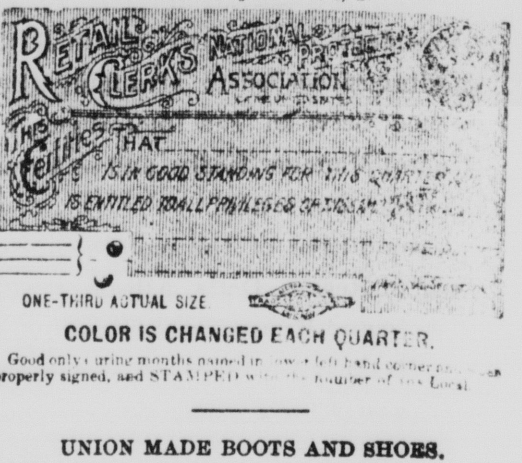
THE NEWS REVIEW

ALL THE NEWS In the NEWS REVIEW

UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others? The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS. All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card, ask for it when making your purchases. Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



THE BOOT AND SHOE Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.



This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on

SHANTYBOAT WARFARE

Husband and Wife Could Not Agree.

HE WENT AFTER HER EFFECTS

After Taking His Away, but the Owner of the Boat Objected and Threw Him Off—Told His Story to the Authorities, and There May Be No Arrests.

There is trouble in at least one shantyboat on the river front.

About two weeks ago a man and his wife who were not living in peace and harmony agreed to separate, and the household goods were divided. The husband removed his portion of the furniture, and the parties both left the end of the boat which they had sub-rented from the family who lived in the other end. The wife requested that her portion of the furniture be left in the boat until she called for it, and the request was granted.

The husband continued to live in the boat, but yesterday he became tired and going to the party from whom he had rented he turned over the keys to the boat and said he would return no more. The man then hunted up the wife and asked her what he would do with the furniture, and she told him to have it remain in the boat until she called. Last night the husband changed his mind, and going to the boat demanded the key and said he wanted to move the furniture. He did not get the key and as a result became very indignant and started to break in the door. The man who had the key would not stand this, and the irate husband without further ceremony was thrown bodily from the craft.

The husband then visited Mayor Bough and related his tale of woe to His Honor and wanted the party he rented from arrested, but he obtained no satisfaction, and a short time later the landlord appeared at the office of the Mayor and told his side of the story and returned to the boat firmly determined to hold the furniture.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.

Walker Whiteside.

One of the most interesting legitimate amusement events of the season will be the appearance at the Grand Opera House, Saturday, of Mr. Walker Whiteside, assisted by Miss Lelia Wolston and a capable supporting company, presenting the new romantic comedy drama, "The Red Cockade."

It is a romantic comedy drama from the French, founded on M. Ponsard's great play "Lion Amoureux," which has been considered the best play at the theatre Francais, Paris, for some years. The scenes of the new play are laid in France during the Napoleonic era, and depicts with a vivid reality many of the thrilling incidents of the Revolution of 1795, known in history as the "Reign of Terror."

December Not So Good.

Assistant Cashier Berger, of the general freight office, has completed his reports for the month of December and has forwarded them to the departments at Pittsburg and Cleveland. The papers show that less business was done during December of last year than during the same month of 1897.

Bought a Lock.

A new lock has been placed on the large door opening in the hallway to city hall. The lock had been broken for several weeks and much inconvenience was caused those who work in the building.

Coal Office Removed.

I will remove my office from Broadway to Walnut street, north of Horn switch. Will be ready to transact business on Dec. 27. We kindly solicit your patronage. See us in our new quarters.

W. H. FRAZIER.

NEW WARSHIP PROJECTILE.

Its Inventor Claims It Cannot Explode Until It Leaves the Gun.

The high explosive of modern warfare, often as dangerous to friend as to foe, may be rendered harmless if all that J. V. Rice, Jr., a member of the Manufacturers' club of Philadelphia, claims for a newly invented projectile is true. Mr. Rice has taken out some 40 patents on various mechanical devices, and now he comes forward with the announcement that he has perfected a projectile which cannot possibly explode until it has left the muzzle of the gun. Then it will explode either by contact with some resisting substance or by means of a time fuse. The prime value which Mr. Rice says his invention has is that it will reduce to a minimum the danger of internal explosions on warships from the blowing up of the magazines.

Mr. Rice says: "A shell fired into a magazine fitted with my projectiles would not explode there, all of which may sound strange, but I can prove my assertions at any time. The idea came to me after reading about some electrical experiments made by Nicola Tesla, and I have been working on it ever since the blowing up of the Maine. Tesla has launched the possibility upon the world that he can control the movements of an electrically constructed boat from the shore without the use of wires, and that such a boat could be loaded with torpedoes and be directed against the magazine of a warship, and by exploding one would explode all.

"Allowing that Mr. Tesla is able to accomplish all he states, he could not blow up a single magazine by shell or projectile if the ammunition stored therein was of the character which I am able to make. Though I am not free to state just wherein the safety in my ammunition lies, yet I can say that the detonation can only be produced by mechanical action, which forms part of a combination, the complete parts of which must necessarily come into play before the explosion can take place.

"The new projectile which I have invented develops on explosion a pressure of 220 tons to the square inch. It is much more destructive than a dynamite shell, inasmuch that the force is equal in all directions instead of only in one, and, unlike dynamite, it develops heat capable of setting fire to anything with which it comes in contact."—Philadelphia Press.

HUGE ORDER FOR STEEL.

Australian Government Will Build a Water Main to Coolgardie.

One-half the largest foreign order for finished steel ever sent to the United States has been offered the Illinois Steel company. The order amounts to \$2,000,000 and is for water pipes to be used by the Australian government. The Carnegie company of Pittsburg will supply half the amount. The Chicago firm may contribute the balance, the only obstacle being that the output of many departments of the plant for months to come has been sold. It is estimated the order will be taken.

The Australian government's order is for 64,000 tons of steel sheets, 28 feet long, to be rolled into pipe 9 feet in diameter. They are to be used to supply water to the Coolgardie mining district. In this district, which is one of the hottest deserts in the world, are located gold mines reputed to be fabulously rich. They have been discovered during the last few years, and several have been developed extensively and are listed on the London Stock Exchange. A great part of the ore, it is said, requires only the ordinary stamp battery treatment to recover. Stamps are the thirstiest of all kinds of machinery, and the water is procured in Coolgardie only in limited quantities. It has been sold for drinking purposes in the new towns throughout the district for a shilling a gallon.

The result of this condition is that only the richest mines can be worked. In parts of the United States ores carrying \$4 to the ton yield a profit. In Coolgardie ores carrying \$80 to \$100 in free gold are often too low to work, so costly is the water. Indeed in cases a water supply is more valuable than a mine. The Australian government appointed commissions to devise a way to get water to the mines. Several plans were presented, but all were rejected in favor of the construction of a pipe line 20 miles long, equipped with nine pumping stations, the largest work of the kind ever planned.—Special St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Exit the Cannibal!

Oh, the blithe and eager cannibal has seen his brightest days! They are fading out forever in Old Glory's coming rays. And the happy missionary will not dread the fatal broth As he drops that ragout feeling which was common to the cloth.

Oh, no more the paunchy savage will set up his steaming pot, Out of which the fragrant parson will be forked or ladled hot, And no more will grinning henchmen squat beside the chief while he, With a nice discrimination, hands around the late D. D.!

For the Yankee sweeps the ocean, and the polishers of bones In the Philippines and Sandwiches and faraway Ladrones Must resign their meaty diet and come down to plainer things. For there'll be no more man eating 'neath the eagle's sheltering wings!

CURED BY THEIR PRAYER

Detroit Clergyman Suddenly Healed In the Biblical Way.

TOLD TO RISE AND WALK, AND DID.

Fellow Pastors Gathered at the Rev. C. H. Holden's Bedside and Earnestly Prayed For His Recovery. Stricken Man Suffered Keenly For Months From a Bicycle Accident. Feels No Pain In His Leg and Now Can Plant It Firmly on the Floor.

Is any sick among you? Let him call for the elders of the church and let them pray over him, anointing him with oil in the name of the Lord.

And the prayer of faith shall save the sick, and the Lord shall raise him up.—James v, 14, 15.

Upon a bed in an upper room at 199 Field avenue in Detroit the other afternoon lay the emaciated form of a man in the prime of life, his features drawn and wasted with agony. He was the Rev. C. H. Holden of the Clinton Avenue Baptist church. Around him knelt a group of clergymen. They lifted up their voices in earnest prayer. The burden of their petition was that God would restore to health and strength and service their brother who had been stricken.

Voices were beginning to quaver and break, tears were freely flowing, when suddenly there arose from the kneeling circle a venerable man, the Rev. Dr. Barlow. He lifted a trembling hand above the sufferer and cried in a loud voice, tense with emotion:

"Brother Holden, in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ, I bid you arise and walk!"

There was a moment of startled silence. The stricken man raised himself, placed his feet upon the floor and stood trembling like an aspen leaf. Then, with features irradiated by religious exaltation, he walked, as a year old babe would walk, to the door of the upper room, and, turning, made his way back again to the bed, and sat down, weak and exhausted, yet smiling and without pain.

Three months ago the Rev. C. H. Holden was injured in a bicycle accident, and since then a dozen doctors have worked over him in vain. His agony has been frightful and he has gradually wasted away.

"When I heard how my people and my brother ministers were praying for my recovery," said he the other night, "I said to myself, 'Can it be possible that there is not enough godliness in Clinton Avenue church and among my brethren to accomplish this result with God?'"

"I resolved to have a conference with my fellow pastors and to put his promise to the test. The other afternoon about 13 of them met here in this room. Among them were Dr. Mallory of Grand River Avenue church, the Rev. Mr. Fulton of the First church, the Rev. H. N. Petit, E. B. Griffith, H. Becker, B. F. Hudson, J. C. Calder and G. L. Witlet. Opening my Bible at this passage in the epistle of James I read to them, 'And the prayer of faith shall heal the sick and the Lord shall raise him.' 'Do you believe that?' I asked them.

"After an earnest conference one and all declared that they could see no other meaning but that conveyed by the literal construction.

"Then, brethren," said I, 'let us do just what God tells us to do. Let us take him at his word.'

"They did so. They followed out to the letter the instructions given there, and then they prayed.

"It was the most glorious prayer meeting I ever attended, and when Brother Barlow, my aged assistant, suddenly arose and in the name of Christ bade me rise and walk the adjuration came upon me like a shock.

"But the thought flashed across me, 'Do it.' I arose. I walked nearly to the door and back. I suffered no pain. I got up and dressed and seated myself in this chair, where you see me now. I have felt no pain since. Before, when I even swung my leg it caused me excruciating agony. Now I can plant it firmly on the floor."—New York Journal.

Work of Helpmates.

I was driving through one of the best farming districts in western Ontario a few years ago. I expressed my admiration.

"Yes," said my companion, who knew the country thoroughly, "nearly all the farmers around here have second wives."

"Why?" was my surprised inquiry.

"Oh," he answered, "they killed their first wives making the farm!"

Perth Examiner.

A Cuban Mummy.

Paul King (C. Dayton, O., was the recipient of a very curious and probably valuable Christmas present in the shape of a Cuban mummy. The flesh is well cured, and the body resembles Egyptian mummies shown in museums. It is about five feet in height and was shipped to Mr. King by a friend in the United States engineering corps, who is stationed in Cuba.—Special Cincinnati Enquirer.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.		3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:59
		AM	PM	PM	PM	PM
Pittsburgh	lv	4:45	11:30	4:40	11:00	4:30
Rochester	"	6:30	2:15	5:25	11:50	8:25
Beaver	"	6:40	2:20	5:35	11:55	8:30
Vanport	"	6:45	2:25	5:40	12:00	8:35
Industry	"	6:55	2:35	5:50	12:10	8:44
Cooks Ferry	"	6:58	2:38	5:53	12:13	8:48
Smiths Ferry	"	7:07	2:40	6:04	12:20	8:55
East Liverpool	"	7:17	2:49	6:14	12:30	9:05
Wellsville	ar	7:30	2:56	6:28	12:40	9:15
Wellsville		7:38	3:05	6:36	12:45	
Wellsville Shop		7:43	3:10	6:41	12:50	
Yellow Creek		7:48	3:15	6:46	12:55	
Hammondsville		7:58	3:25	6:56	1:03	
Frontale		8:00	3:22	6:58	1:06	
Salineville		8:16	3:38	7:14	1:27	
Bayard		9:00	4:10	7:58	2:05	
Alliance		9:30	4:33	8:28	2:30	
Ravenna		10:43	4:38	9:41	2:35	
Hudson		10:43	4:38	9:41	2:35	
Cleveland		12:02	5:25	11:00	3:30	
Wellsville		7:45	3:10	6:55	12:55	11:00
Wellsville Shop		7:50	3:15	7:00	1:00	11:10
Yellow Creek		7:57	3:18	7:07	1:03	11:15
Port Homer		8:03	3:23	7:09	1:09	
Empire		8:10	3:28	7:14	1:17	11:23
Elliottsville		8:17	3:33	7:19	1:21	11:27
Toronto		8:21	3:38	7:23	1:26	11:33
Canton		8:28	3:43	7:30	1:31	
Steubenville		8:44	4:00	7:45	1:50	
Mingo		8:51	4:07	7:52	2:01	11:8
Brilliant		8:58	4:14	8:00	2:10	11:06
Rush Run		9:07	4:23	8:09	2:24	11:15
Portland		9:14	4:30	8:16	2:31	11:21
Yorkville		9:19	4:35	8:20	2:37	11:26
Martins Ferry		9:32	4:45	8:28	2:52	11:33
Bridgeport		9:40	4:50	8:35	2:58	11:40
Bellair		9:50	5:05	8:45	3:10	12:50
		AM	PM	PM	AM	PM
Eastward.		3:40	3:36	3:34	3:30	4:8
Bellair		4:45	9:00	4:45	11:00	12:45
Bridgeport		4:53	9:09	4:54	11:10	12:55
Martins Ferry		5:01	9:15	5:02	11:16	1:05
Yorkville		5:10	9:25	5:11	11:26	1:15
Portland		5:20	9:33	5:21	11:36	1:28
Rush Run		5:28	9:41	5:29	11:44	1:36
Brilliant		5:35	9:48	5:36	11:51	1:42
Mingo		5:44	9:56	5:45	12:00	1:50
Steubenville		5:54	10:06	5:55	12:10	2:00
Canton		6:07	10:19	6:08	12:23	2:13
Elliottsville		6:11	10:21	6:12	12:25	2:17
Empire		6:16	10:26	6:17	12:30	2:22
Port Homer		6:20	10:30	6:21	12:34	2:27
Yellow Creek		6:26	10:45	6:27	12:45	2:33
Wellsville Shop		6:31	10:50	6:32	12:50	2:38
Wellsville		6:35	10:54	6:36	12:54	2:45
Wellsville		7:38	3:10	7:39	3:10	3:05
Wellsville Shop		7:43	3:15	7:44	3:15	3:10
Yellow Creek		7:48	3:20	7:49	3:20	3:15
Hammondsville		7:58	3:30	7:59	3:30	3:25
Frontale		8:00	3:27	8:01	3:27	3:22
Salineville		8:16	3:43	8:17	3:43	3:38
Bayard		9:00	4:10	9:01	4:10	3:55
Alliance		9:30	4:33	9:31	4:33	4:10
Ravenna		10:43	4:38	10:44	4:38	5:15
Hudson		11:02	4:57	11:03	4:57	5:34
Cleveland		12:10	5:25	12:11	5:25	6:42
Wellsville		6:45	11:05	6:51	2:56	3:50
East Liverpool		6:57	11:15	7:00	3:06	4:01
Smiths Ferry		7:07	11:26	7:08	3:18	4:12
Cooks Ferry		7:20	11:38	7:21	3:30	4:20
Industry		7:24	11:42	7:25	3:34	4:24
Vanport		7:34	11:50	7:35	3:41	4:34
Beaver		7:40	11:56	7:41	3:48	4:40
Rochester		7:50	12:06	7:51	4:00	4:48
Pittsburgh		8:50	12:55	8:50	4:55	5:48
		AM	PM	PM	PM	AM

Fullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 341 and 342, and Parlor Cars on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburg and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 334 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashtabula and intermediate stations.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 340 connect with Nos. 335 and 337 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent
11-27-98-H PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

INSURE IN THE WESTERN AND SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE CO.

It is located in Ohio which is the only state requiring an official examination of its life companies annually. All ages from one to seventy years of age are insurable, provided the applicant is in sound health. Prompt payment of claims is absolutely guaranteed, \$100,000 being on deposit with state treasurer for sole protection of policy holders. It furnishes for the money paid larger benefits than any other similar company. Policies issued by The Western and Southern are in immediate benefit, and provides for liberal paid-up values after been in force five or more years.

Not one unpaid claim in the East Liverpool district. Statements made to the contrary are made with malicious intent to deceive the public.

Consult any of our agents for rates of whole life or endowment policies.

Branch Office, Ikirt Block.

RUBBER STAMPS

Exclusive Agency for the Celebrated Air Cushion Rubber Stamps.

THE NEWS REVIEW

ALL THE NEWS In the NEWS REVIEW

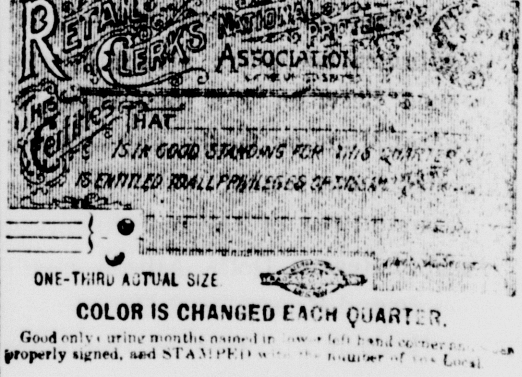
UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others? The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card ask for it when making your purchases.

Endorsed by the R. C. N. P. A.



UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



The Journeymen Tailor's Label is to be found in the left breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff-colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it in another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.



SHANTYBOAT WARFARE

Husband and Wife Could Not Agree.

HE WENT AFTER HER EFFECTS

After Taking His Away, but the Owner of the Boat Objected and Threw Him Off—Told His Story to the Authorities, and There May Be No Arrests.

There is trouble in at least one shanty-boat on the river front.

About two weeks ago a man and his wife who were not living in peace and harmony agreed to separate, and the household goods were divided. The husband removed his portion of the furniture, and the parties both left the end of the boat which they had sub-rented from the family who lived in the other end. The wife requested that her portion of the furniture be left in the boat until she called for it, and the request was granted.

The husband continued to live in the boat, but yesterday he became tired and going to the party from whom he had rented he turned over the keys to the boat and said he would return no more. The man then hunted up the wife and asked her what he would do with the furniture, and she told him to have it remain in the boat until she called. Last night the husband changed his mind, and going to the boat demanded the key and said he wanted to move the furniture. He did not get the key and as a result became very indignant and started to break in the door. The man who had the key would not stand this, and the irate husband without further ceremony was thrown bodily from the craft.

The husband then visited Mayor Bough and related his tale of woe to His Honor and wanted the party he rented from arrested, but he obtained no satisfaction, and a short time later the landlord appeared at the office of the Mayor and told his side of the story and returned to the boat firmly determined to hold the furniture.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.

Walker Whitehead.

One of the most interesting legitimate amusement events of the season will be the appearance at the Grand Opera House, Saturday, of Mr. Walker Whitehead, assisted by Miss Lelia Wolston and a capable supporting company, presenting the new romantic comedy drama, "The Red Cockade."

It is a romantic comedy drama from the French, founded on M. Ponsard's great play "Lion Amoureux," which has been considered the best play at the theatre Francais, Paris, for some years. The scenes of the new play are laid in France during the Napoleonic era, and depicts with a vivid reality many of the thrilling incidents of the Revolution of 1795, known in history as the "Reign of Terror."

December Not So Good.

Assistant Cashier Berger, of the general freight office, has completed his reports for the month of December and has forwarded them to the departments at Pittsburgh and Cleveland. The papers show that less business was done during December of last year than during the same month of 1897.

Bought a Lock.

A new lock has been placed on the large door opening in the hallway to city hall. The lock had been broken for several weeks and much inconvenience was caused those who work in the building.

Coal Office Removed.

I will remove my office from Broadway to Walnut street, north of Horn switch. Will be ready to transact business on Dec. 27. We kindly solicit your patronage. See us in our new quarters.

W. H. FRAZIER.

NEW WARSHIP PROJECTILE.

Its Inventor Claims It Cannot Explode Until It Leaves the Gun.

The high explosive of modern warfare, often as dangerous to friend as to foe, may be rendered harmless if all that J. V. Rice, Jr., a member of the Manufacturers' club of Philadelphia, claims for a newly invented projectile is true. Mr. Rice has taken out some 40 patents on various mechanical devices, and now he comes forward with the announcement that he has perfected a projectile which cannot possibly explode until it has left the muzzle of the gun. Then it will explode either by contact with some resisting substance or by means of a time fuse. The prime value which Mr. Rice says his invention has is that it will reduce to a minimum the danger of internal explosions on warships from the blowing up of the magazines.

Mr. Rice says: "A shell fired into a magazine fitted with my projectiles would not explode there, all of which may sound strange, but I can prove my assertions at any time. The idea came to me after reading about some electrical experiments made by Nicola Tesla, and I have been working on it ever since the blowing up of the Maine. Tesla has launched the possibility upon the world that he can control the movements of an electrically constructed boat from the shore without the use of wires, and that such a boat could be loaded with torpedoes and be directed against the magazine of a warship, and by exploding one would explode all.

"Allowing that Mr. Tesla is able to accomplish all he states, he could not blow up a single magazine by shell or projectile if the ammunition stored therein was of the character which I am able to make. Though I am not free to state just wherein the safety in my ammunition lies, yet I can say that the detonation can only be produced by mechanical action, which forms part of a combination, the complete parts of which must necessarily come into play before the explosion can take place.

"The new projectile which I have invented develops on explosion a pressure of 220 tons to the square inch. It is much more destructive than a dynamite shell, inasmuch that the force is equal in all directions instead of only in one, and, unlike dynamite, it develops heat capable of setting fire to anything with which it comes in contact."—Philadelphia Press.

HUGE ORDER FOR STEEL.

Australian Government Will Build a Water Main to Coolgardie.

One-half the largest foreign order for finished steel ever sent to the United States has been offered the Illinois Steel company. The order amounts to \$2,000,000 and is for water pipes to be used by the Australian government. The Carnegie company of Pittsburgh will supply half the amount. The Chicago firm may contribute the balance, the only obstacle being that the output of many departments of the plant for months to come has been sold. It is estimated the order will be taken.

The Australian government's order is for 64,000 tons of steel sheets, 28 feet long, to be rolled into pipe 9 feet in diameter. They are to be used to supply water to the Coolgardie mining district. In this district, which is one of the hottest deserts in the world, are located gold mines reputed to be fabulously rich. They have been discovered during the last few years, and several have been developed extensively and are listed on the London Stock Exchange. A great part of the ore, it is said, requires only the ordinary stamp battery treatment to recover. Stamps are the thirstiest of all kinds of machinery, and the water is procured in Coolgardie only in limited quantities. It has been sold for drinking purposes in the new towns throughout the district for a shilling a gallon.

The result of this condition is that only the richest mines can be worked. In parts of the United States ores carrying \$4 to the ton yield a profit. In Coolgardie ores carrying \$80 to \$100 in free gold are often too low to work, so costly is the water. Indeed in cases a water supply is more valuable than a mine. The Australian government appointed commissions to devise a way to get water to the mines. Several plans were presented, but all were rejected in favor of the construction of a pipe line 20 miles long, equipped with nine pumping stations, the largest work of the kind ever planned.—Special St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Exit the Cannibal!

Oh, the blithe and eager cannibal has seen his brightest days! They are fading out forever in Old Glory's coming rays. And the happy missionary will not dread the fatal broth. As he drops that ragout feeling which was common to the cloth.

Oh, no more the paunchy savage will set up his steaming pot. Out of which the fragrant parson will be forked or ladled hot. And no more will grinning henchmen squat beside the chief while he. With a nice discrimination, hands around the late D. D.!

For the Yankee sweeps the ocean, and the polishers of bones In the Philippines and Sandwiches and faraway Ladrones Must resign their meaty diet and come down to plainer things. For there'll be no more man eating 'neath the eagle's sheltering wings!

CURED BY THEIR PRAYER

Detroit Clergyman Suddenly Healed in the Biblical Way.

TOLD TO RISE AND WALK, AND DID.

Fellow Pastors Gathered at the Rev. C. H. Holden's Bedside and Earnestly Prayed For His Recovery. Stricken Man Suffered Keenly For Months From a Bicycle Accident. Feels No Pain in His Leg and Now Can Plant It Firmly on the Floor.

Is any sick among you? Let him call for the elders of the church and let them pray over him, anointing him with oil in the name of the Lord. And the prayer of faith shall save the sick, and the Lord shall raise him up.—James v. 14, 15.

Upon a bed in an upper room at 199 Field avenue in Detroit the other afternoon lay the emaciated form of a man in the prime of life, his features drawn and wasted with agony. He was the Rev. C. H. Holden of the Clinton Avenue Baptist church. Around him knelt a group of clergymen. They lifted up their voices in earnest prayer. The burden of their petition was that God would restore to health and strength and service their brother who had been stricken.

Voices were beginning to quaver and break, tears were freely flowing, when suddenly there arose from the kneeling circle a venerable man, the Rev. Dr. Barlow. He lifted a trembling hand above the sufferer and cried in a loud voice, tense with emotion:

"Brother Holden, in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ, I bid you arise and walk!"

There was a moment of startled silence. The stricken man raised himself, placed his feet upon the floor and stood trembling like an aspen leaf. Then, with features irradiated by religious exaltation, he walked, as a year old babe would walk, to the door of the upper room, and, turning, made his way back again to the bed, and sat down, weak and exhausted, yet smiling and without pain.

Three months ago the Rev. C. H. Holden was injured in a bicycle accident, and since then a dozen doctors have worked over him in vain. His agony has been frightful and he has gradually wasted away.

"When I heard how my people and my brother ministers were praying for my recovery," said he the other night, "I said to myself, 'Can it be possible that there is not enough godliness in Clinton Avenue church and among my brethren to accomplish this result with God?'"

"I resolved to have a conference with my fellow pastors and to put his promise to the test. The other afternoon about 13 of them met here in this room. Among them were Dr. Mallory of Grand River Avenue church, the Rev. Mr. Fulton of the First church, the Rev. H. N. Pettit, E. B. Griffith, H. Becker, B. F. Hudson, J. C. Calder and G. L. Witlet. Opening my Bible at this passage in the epistle of James I read to them, 'And the prayer of faith shall heal the sick and the Lord shall raise him.' 'Do you believe that?' I asked them.

"After an earnest conference one and all declared that they could see no other meaning but that conveyed by the literal construction.

"Then, brethren," said I, 'let us do just what God tells us to do. Let us take him at his word.'

"They did so. They followed out to the letter the instructions given there, and then they prayed.

"It was the most glorious prayer meeting I ever attended, and when Brother Barlow, my aged assistant, suddenly arose and in the name of Christ bade me rise and walk the adoration came upon me like a shock.

"But the thought flashed across me, 'Do it.' I arose. I walked nearly to the door and back. I suffered no pain. I got up and dressed and seated myself in this chair, where you see me now. I have felt no pain since. Before, when I even swung my leg it caused me excruciating agony. Now I can plant it firmly on the floor."—New York Journal.

Work of Helpmates.

I was driving through one of the best farming districts in western Ontario a few years ago. I expressed my admiration.

"Yes," said my companion, who knew the country thoroughly, "nearly all the farmers around here have second wives."

"Why?" was my surprised inquiry. "Oh," he answered, "they killed their first wives making the farm!" Perth Expositor.

A Cuban Mummy.

Paul Kingston of Dayton, O., was the recipient of a very curious and probably valuable Christmas present in the shape of a Cuban mummy. The flesh is well cured, and the body resembles Egyptian mummies shown in museums. It is about five feet in height and was shipped to Mr. Kingston by a friend in the United States engineering corps, who is stationed in Cuba.—Special Cincinnati Enquirer.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

Westward.	3:35	3:37	3:39	3:41	3:59
Pittsburgh	AM	PM	PM	PM	AM
Rochester	4:45	1:30	4:30	1:00	4:30
Beaver	6:35	2:15	5:25	1:50	6:25
Vanport	6:45	2:20	5:35	1:55	6:30
Industry	6:55	2:30	5:45	2:05	6:40
Cooks Ferry	7:05	2:40	5:55	2:15	6:50
Smiths Ferry	7:15	2:50	6:05	2:25	7:00
East Liverpool	7:25	3:00	6:15	2:30	7:10
Wellsville	7:30	3:05	6:20	2:35	7:15
Wellsville	7:38	3:05	6:28	2:40	7:25
Wellsville Shop	7:43	3:10	6:33	2:45	7:30
Yellow Creek	7:48	3:15	6:38	2:50	7:35
Hammondsville	7:56	3:20	6:46	2:55	7:43
Frontdale	8:00	3:25	6:50	3:00	7:47
Salineville	8:00	3:25	6:50	3:00	7:47
Bayard	8:00	3:25	6:50	3:00	7:47
Alliance	8:00	3:25	6:50	3:00	7:47
Ravenna	8:00	3:25	6:50	3:00	7:47
Hudson	8:00	3:25	6:50	3:00	7:47
Cleveland	8:00	3:25	6:50	3:00	7:47
Wellsville	7:45	3:10	6:55	2:55	7:10
Wellsville Shop	7:50	3:15	7:00	3:00	7:15
Yellow Creek	7:55	3:20	7:05	3:05	7:20
Port Homer	8:03	3:27	7:09	3:09	7:27
Empire	8:10	3:34	7:16	3:16	7:34
Elliottsville	8:17	3:41	7:23	3:23	7:41
Toronto	8:21	3:45	7:27	3:27	7:45
Costonia	8:28	3:52	7:34	3:34	7:52
Stenbenville	8:44	4:08	7:50	3:50	8:10
Mingo Je	8:51	4:15	7:57	3:57	8:17
Brilliant	8:58	4:22	8:04	4:04	8:24
Rush Run	9:07	4:30	8:12	4:12	8:32
Portland	9:14	4:37	8:19	4:19	8:39
Yorkville	9:19	4:42	8:24	4:24	8:44
Martins Ferry	9:32	4:55	8:37	4:37	8:57
Hillsport	9:41	5:04	8:46	4:46	9:06
Hillsport	9:50	5:13	8:55	4:55	9:15
Hillsport	9:50	5:13	8:55	4:55	9:15

Eastward.	3:40	3:42	3:44	3:46	4:18
Hillsport	AM	PM	PM	PM	AM
Hillsport	4:45	1:30	4:30	1:00	4:30
Wellsville	4:51	1:36	4:36	1:06	4:36
Wellsville Shop	4:56	1:41	4:41	1:11	4:41
Yellow Creek	5:01	1:46	4:46	1:16	4:46
Hammondsville	5:09	1:54	4:54	1:24	4:54
Frontdale	5:15	1:59	4:59	1:29	4:59
Salineville	5:20	2:04	5:04	1:34	5:04
Bayard	5:28	2:12	5:12	1:42	5:12
Alliance	5:35	2:19	5:19	1:49	5:19
Ravenna	5:42	2:26	5:26	1:56	5:26
Hudson	5:49	2:33	5:33	2:03	5:33
Cleveland	5:50	2:34	5:34	2:04	5:34
Wellsville	6:05	2:49	5:49	2:19	5:49
Wellsville Shop	6:10	2:54	5:54	2:24	5:54
Yellow Creek	6:15	2:59	5:59	2:29	5:59
Hammondsville	6:23	3:07	6:07	2:37	6:07
Frontdale	6:28	3:12	6:12	2:42	6:12
Salineville	6:30	3:14	6:14	2:44	6:14
Bayard	6:30	3:14	6:14	2:44	6:14
Alliance	6:30	3:14	6:14	2:44	6:14
Ravenna	6:30	3:14	6:14	2:44	6:14
Hudson	6:30	3:14	6:14	2:44	6:14
Cleveland	6:30	3:14	6:14	2:44	6:14
Wellsville	6:45	3:29	6:29	2:59	6:29
Wellsville Shop	6:50	3:34	6:34	3:04	6:34
Yellow Creek	6:55	3:39	6:39	3:09	6:39
Hammondsville	7:03	3:47	6:47	3:17	6:47
Frontdale	7:08	3:52	6:52	3:22	6:52
Salineville	7:10	3:54	6:54	3:24	6:54
Bayard	7:10	3:54	6:54	3:24	6:54
Alliance	7:10	3:54	6:54	3:24	6:54
Ravenna	7:10	3:54	6:54	3:24	6:54
Hudson	7:10	3:54	6:54	3:24	6:54
Cleveland	7:10	3:54	6:54	3:24	6:54
Wellsville	7:25	4:09	7:09	3:39	7:09
Wellsville Shop	7:30	4:14	7:14	3:44	7:14
Yellow Creek	7:35	4:19	7:19	3:49	7:19
Hammondsville	7:43	4:27	7:27	3:57	7:27
Frontdale	7:48	4:32	7:32	4:02	7:32
Salineville	7:50	4:34	7:34	4:04	7:34
Bayard	7:50	4:34	7:34	4:04	7:34
Alliance	7:50	4:34	7:34	4:04	7:34
Ravenna	7:50	4:34	7:34	4:04	7:34
Hudson	7:50	4:34	7:34	4:04	7:34
Cleveland	7:50	4:34	7:34	4:04	7:34
Wellsville	8:05	4:49	7:49	4:19	7:49
Wellsville Shop	8:10	4:54	7:54	4:24	7:54
Yellow Creek	8:15	4:59	7:59	4:29	7:59
Hammondsville	8:23	5:07	8:07	4:37	8:07
Frontdale	8:28	5:12	8:12	4:42	8:12
Salineville	8:30	5:14	8:14	4:44	8:14
Bayard	8:30	5:14	8:14	4:44	8:14
Alliance	8:30	5:14	8:14	4:44	8:14
Ravenna	8:30	5:14	8:14	4:44	8:14
Hudson	8:30	5:14	8:14	4:44	8:14
Cleveland	8:30	5:14	8:14	4:44	8:14
Wellsville	8:45	5:29	8:29	4:59	8:29
Wellsville Shop	8:50	5:34	8:34	5:04	8:34
Yellow Creek	8:55	5:39	8:39	5:09	8:39
Hammondsville	9:03	5:47	8:47	5:17	8:47
Frontdale	9:08	5:52	8:52	5:22	8:52
Salineville	9:10	5:54	8:54	5:24	8:54
Bayard	9:10	5:54	8:54	5:24	8:54
Alliance	9:10	5:54	8:54	5:24	8:54
Ravenna	9:10	5:54	8:54	5:24	8:54
Hudson	9:10	5:54	8:54	5:24	8:54
Cleveland	9:10	5:54	8:54	5:24	8:54
Wellsville	9:25	6:09	9:09	5:39	9:09
Wellsville Shop	9:30	6:14	9:14	5:44	9:14
Yellow Creek	9:35	6:19	9:19	5:49	9:19
Hammondsville	9:43	6:27	9:27	5:57	9:27
Frontdale	9:48	6:32	9:32	6:02	9:32
Salineville	9:50	6:34	9:34	6:04	9:34
Bayard	9:50	6:34	9:34	6:04	9:34
Alliance	9:50	6:34	9:34	6:04	9:34
Ravenna	9:50	6:34	9:34	6:04	9:34
Hudson	9:50	6:34	9:34	6:04	9:34
Cleveland	9:50	6:34	9:34	6:04	9:34
Wellsville	10:05	6:49	9:49	6:19	9:49
Wellsville Shop	10:10	6:54	9:54	6:24	9:54
Yellow Creek	10:15	6:59	9:59	6:29	9:59
Hammondsville	10:23	7:07	10:07	6:37	10:07
Frontdale	10:28	7:12	10:12	6:42	10:12
Salineville	10:30	7:14	10:14	6:44	10:14
Bayard	10:30	7:14	10:14	6:44	10:14
Alliance	10:30	7:14	10:14	6:44	10:14
Ravenna	10:30	7:14	10:14	6:44	10:14
Hudson	10:30	7:14	10:14	6:44	10:14
Cleveland	10:30	7:14	10:14	6:44	10:14
Wellsville	10:45	7:29	10:29	6:59	10:29
Wellsville Shop	10:50	7:34	10:34	7:04	10:

STOCKHOLDERS TO PAY

Receiver I. B. Cameron Has an Order From Washington.

ASSESSMENT OF 100 PER CENT

Epon the Stockholders of Lisbon's First National Bank Is Due Feb. 9—All Must Be Paid Within Four Months—May Go After Bondsmen and Directors.

LISBON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—I. B. Cameron as receiver of the First National Bank, of Lisbon, received an order yesterday from the comptroller of the currency commanding him to make an assessment of 100 per cent on the stockholders of the bank. It is to be paid on or before Feb. 9. The stockholders, however, have the privilege of paying on that date one-fourth of the assessment, and three other equal installments in one, two and three months following. This makes the whole amount payable by May 9. If, however, the stockholders do not pay at least one-fourth as specified in the order the whole amount becomes due and payable Feb. 10. It will then be the duty of the receiver to bring suit and levy an execution for the entire amount. Should any stockholders be among the bank's depositors they are not allowed to make it a setoff against his assessment. Each must pay his assessment and receive his deposit pro rata with other depositors.

Receiver Cameron when questioned concerning the matter said he was under the orders of the comptroller of the currency, and if he desired him to go after the bondsmen of the late cashier, M. J. Child, he would certainly do it. If the directors, by negligence, have made themselves liable the same course will be followed. Should collections from this source amount to more than is needed to pay the bank's obligations it will be refunded to the stockholders.

TULLIS IS LIABLE.

He Too Can Be Tried Like His Friends For Gambling.

An attorney who has acted in a legal capacity in connection with the recent gambling cases made the following statement to the NEWS REVIEW yesterday:

"I notice by your paper that Mayor Bough states that J. Frank Tullis is exempt from prosecution upon the charge of gambling, and gives the state law as his authority. You can say for me that Mr. Tullis is not exempt at the present time for the reason that he has not as yet testified in a state case, and is just as guilty as any of the parties who were fined for gambling. He can at the present time be arrested and fined for gambling, and there is no law that can save him."

Scott's Minstrels.

The only new and original good thing this season is "Oliver Scott's Refined Negro Minstrels," and it's sixteen to one that its success will not be duplicated by any production visiting this city. It is an elaborate series of pictures, wherein darky life is seen from plantation to palace, backed by gorgeous scenery specially painted for this mammoth spectacle. Real Negro actors make up the mammoth company, and a back dance is introduced where the dancers really contest for supremacy.

Working In Steubenville.

Several gentlemen, who have been in the city sometime auditing the books and appraising the stock of the local potteries, left this morning for Steubenville where they commenced the work of auditing the books of the Steubenville Pottery company. This plant will be finished by tomorrow evening.

John Robinson Buried.

The remains of John Robinson, who died in Elizabeth, N. J., recently, was brought to this city on the train due at 10:05 o'clock this morning. They were taken to the home of his sister near Spring Grove cemetery, where services were held this afternoon. Interment was made in Spring Grove.

Must Tell the Company.

The Pennsylvania company has just issued an order to all its employees requesting them to tell their age and how long they have been in the service of the company. It is not known the cause of this order but some suppose it is on account of the Voluntary Relief association.

An Observation.

The Bell Pottery company's injunction suit against the pottery trust has gone glimmering. When a small concern like the Bell runs up against a giant combine such as the pottery trust is, something has to drop, and drop hard.—Steubenville Herald.

RAILROAD'S NEW POLICY.

The Northwestern to Replace Two Hundred Women With Men.

"No Women Need Apply" will hereafter be the sign at the Chicago Northwestern railroad office. A good proportion of those now working for the railroad will be discharged on New Year's day, and as soon as possible they will be got rid of.

The railroad in the past has employed fully 200 women as stenographers and clerks, and it will make a great change in its policy. The high officials of the corporation are not inclined to discuss the causes of their ungallant conduct. "I have nothing to say," murmurs Vice President Sykes. "Go to General Manager Whiteman."

"The report is true, but I have nothing to say," declares Mr. Whiteman. "Go to Mr. Sykes."

Another official, who would not permit his name to be used because his superiors are silent, gave a novel reason for the sudden change in policy.

"It is all due," he said, "to the general rule of the Northwestern railroad to advance its employees from low positions to offices of trust. Can you imagine a woman as general superintendent or general manager of the affairs of this great railroad system? I cannot. Neither can any one else. So long as we have women in the clerical positions, however, just so long will the source from which to draw valuable officials in future be narrowed to small limits. This is the only reason why the change has been made."

Several of the women employees admit having received notice that after Jan. 1 their services will be dispensed with. Only those, however, who have worked for the company less than two years are affected, but the older employees will be gradually dispensed with. Would be railroad clerks and embryo superintendents are jubilant over the situation, and men are filing by scores and hundreds applications for positions.—New York Journal.

MRS. M'KINLEY WINS A COOK.

Hot Brick Blazes the Way to the White House For Aunt Martha.

Aunt Martha, an ancient negress of Atlanta, is relating with much satisfaction the circumstances under which a position as one of the White House cooks has been offered to her. On the first day of the peace jubilee the atmosphere was chilly and moist. Mrs. McKinley, though fearing the effects of the exposure, did not want to break up the affair by setting a bad example, so entered her carriage and was driven off at the head of the procession.

Aunt Martha says she had expected that the wife of the president would suffer much inconvenience on account of the weather, so she brought a hot brick, well wrapped up, along with her, and when the presidential carriage was compelled to halt for a short time after passing the jubilee arch she boldly stepped up and deftly inserted the brick under the feet of Mrs. McKinley, explaining that it was too cold a day to be out unless some such precaution was adopted. Much pleased, Mrs. McKinley instituted inquiries about Martha, and, finding her reputation satisfactory, made her an offer to come to the White House as a cook. Aunt Martha is now the most popular of Atlanta negroes.—New York Press.

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

German Scientist's Discovery and Its Successful Application.

Professor Landerer of Stuttgart has recently published his discovery of what he believes to be a cure for tuberculosis in its first stages, together with the results of 15 years of his special treatment of the disease. His method of treatment calls for subcutaneous and intravenous injections of cinnamic acid and its derivatives, hetol and hetokresol.

The treatment has been abundantly tested in the Karl and Olga hospital, Stuttgart. His notes show that tuberculosis, taken in its first stages, was invariably cured by the cinnamic acid treatment, with the aid of dietetic and hygienic measures, continued for a period of several months, while in the case of those in whom the disease had advanced to the second stage 70 per cent were cured. The injected drugs act directly on the diseased tissues, Professor Landerer says, cicatrizing them and checking tubercular agglomeration. Several specialists on lung diseases whom I saw the other day express the opinion that the discovery is most important and well supported by experiment.—Berlin Cor. Chicago Record.

How It All Began.

When Hobson sank the Merrimac, As his commander wished him, And in that awful hurricane Of deadly missiles risked him, What did those treacherous Spaniards do—Plant knives within his system? No; they hastened to assist him And were glad their shots had missed him. When they saw how few The gallant crew Who'd braved death to assist him; Who for honor and their own dear land Had faced death to assist him. And what did you think Cervera did? He actually kissed him—Yes, actually kissed him! He liked his bravery so much, The gray old sailor kissed him.

P.S.—Now our girls have also kissed him—Maxwell Williams in Chicago Record.

SHIPS SAVED AT SEA.

WHAT IS MEANT BY "SALVAGE" AND HOW IT IS PAID.

There Is No Law That Signals of Distress at Sea Must Be Heeded—Public Opinion Alone Enforces Responses to Calls For Help.

Salvage on ships saved at sea by others in the majority of cases is paid by the underwriters, although the big steamship companies insure themselves. The insurance companies think that a board of arbitration can more satisfactorily adjust salvage claims than can the courts. The word salvage, as defined by that celebrated admiralty authority, Roscoe, is "the reward which is earned by those who have voluntarily saved or assisted in saving a ship or boat or their apparel or any sort thereof or the lives of persons at sea or a ship, cargo or any part thereof, from peril or a wreck from total loss." The last part of the definition is a trifle puzzling.

In discussing the merits of salvage cases it must be remembered that there is no obligation, written or implied, upon the master or crew of any vessel to heed signals of distress. Public opinion alone enforces the idea that "a call for help at sea must be obeyed." The laws of salvage are merely framed to encourage the saving of life and property on the deep. There is avarice in the mariner as in landmen, and the laws are made to overcome and curb these mercenary ambitions. For that reason a master and his crew cannot expect salvage for saving their own vessel. It is the natural assumption in law, as well as in fact, that they must do everything they can to preserve their charge and under an agreement with the owners keep it from danger whenever possible.

In salvage one of the first laws is that the peril must be actual. The bargain made in time of danger by the master or agent of the imperiled craft with another volunteering aid need not of necessity hold in court, and generally does not. As a rule the bargain is exorbitant and made at a time when the victim would be willing to guarantee the payment of millions for proffered assistance. This point has been decided hundreds of times, the courts taking the stand that the peril made an exorbitant bargain necessary.

As a general thing, the salvage award is equal to about one-third the value in the case of sailing craft and from one-third to one-half in the case of steamers. The owners of the salvaging craft, whose money was wasted by delay, wear and tear, are of course entitled to the bigger piece of the plum. The master of the salvor gets about twice the sum that his mate receives, and the mate is paid something like double the amount of each sailor.

Should the latter have been a member of a lifeboat crew used in running bawlers or in going aboard as a prize crew he and his mates are entitled to an extra compensation. Naval officers cannot claim salvage when the work accomplished is in the direct line of their duty.

In the case of a abandoned vessel there is a peculiar law as applied to ownership. No matter where the derelict be found and towed or assisted in by a prize crew or otherwise the court holds that she is still the property of her original owners, although abandoned by her crew, their agents, and that no effort has been made by them to recover her. It sounds peculiar to the average mariner, but it's the law.

To make a successful salvage claim it is necessary that the property must be actually saved and saved by those claiming to be salvors. In other words, the salvage services must be rendered by persons not bound by contract to render them. If the mariner or other encounters the danger or misfortune or damage which might possibly expose the ship to destruction unless assistance is rendered and does all he can to save the vessel, and his services tend in some degree to save or preserve her, compensation will be awarded him, although the vessel is mainly preserved by other means.

The longest time that any one steamer has been at sea with disabled machinery before reaching port was 77 days. This was the United States corvette Iroquois in 1890. She was bound to Samoa from Honolulu, and had only seven days' rations left when port was reached. In 1897 the steamer Indralema was towed into St. Thomas after having been at sea for 47 days. The Glasgow steamer Strathness, after drifting 32 days out of the range of steamers, was towed into St. Michael's in January, 1897, by the British steamer Hannah M. Bell. Another Strath, the Strathnevis, drifted helplessly on the Pacific for two months and over in 1895, and was finally towed into Puget sound. The Disptach in 1864 was out 61 days with crippled machinery, and four years ago the British cruiser Calypso broke down 2,000 miles from port and sailed in unaided, much to the delight of the dwindling band of naval experts who maintain that every warship ought to be provided with ample sail power.

The owners of those ships that were obliged to drift for weeks, and in several cases for months, would not have found fault with the question of salvage had a helping hand come along—at least there would have been no com-

plaint just then.—New York Mail and Express.

WINTER RESORT IN CUBA.

Collector of Customs Race on the Advantages of Baracoa.

W. E. Race of El Paso, Tex., formerly collector of customs at that place, but lately employed in a similar capacity at Baracoa, Cuba, has written this letter to Assistant Secretary Howell of the treasury:

"Baracoa, I am told, is the most pleasantly situated of all the towns in Cuba, and I must say there is no city I have ever seen on our own coast that is so well endowed with such a favorable location. Were this point on our southern coast its value as a winter resort could not be estimated by any found there. The harbor is small, but quite deep, any vessel being perfectly safe within its boundaries. The town is situated on what we would term a small cape of coral formation. At the extreme sea point is situated the land fort or fortifications, if one could so call the cannon they have within its secure and well built walls.

"The harbor lies west and north of the town, and on the east is a half circle inlet, about a mile or less wide, with a beautiful beach. Across the harbor on the west side is equally well located a site for a fine resort as one could wish for. On each side of the town, about three miles apart, mountain streams enter the sea from the south. Fishing in sea and rivers is good, and there is fine hunting throughout the surrounding mountains. Pheasants and similar game are plentiful, also deer. The climate here at present is similar to the spring climate of our middle states, and the nights are cool and pleasant. Since arriving in Cuba myself and family have not suffered in the least from any of the causes of sickness the island is said to possess."—New York Sun.

OYSTERS FOR THE KLONDIKE

Over a Ton of Bivalves Recently Shipped to Dawson City.

Inside of two months Dawson City markets will be selling fresh oysters. Klondikers with money to burn can give oyster suppers at \$25 a plate to their special friends. It is safe to say that the sport who first discovered that fresh, juicy eastern oysters have arrived will make a hit that will outlive "Swift Water Bill" Gates' egg play with Gussie Lamore.

On the steamer Alki were a number of innocent looking kegs. The shipment weighed slightly over a ton, and each keg contained 50 pounds of frozen oysters. No juice will be found among the Dawson bound oysters. It was carefully drained off before the freezing process started. The oyster shippers have learned a lesson from dishonest milkmen. They decided that it was no use to carry a ton of juice over the icefields of the north for thousands of miles when plenty of water was always to be had. They start out with a ton of oysters, but the Dawsonites will have two tons to buy.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

FIFTY-FOUR BROKEN BONES.

Chicago Woman Is a Sufferer From Queer Disease.

Cora Liness, aged 35 years, of Chicago, holds the world's record for fractured bones, having sustained 54 fractures, many of which have been reduced at the county hospital, from which she has recently been discharged. Osteosarthyrosis is the name of the ailment. It means fragility of the bones.

The bones of Miss Liness are so brittle that a quick contraction of her muscles will snap one. Her first fracture occurred at the age of 2 months, and the second occurred while asleep through muscular action. The bones which break so easily mend even sooner than in ordinary cases, and the fractures are reduced in about half the time taken for the ordinary break to knit.—Philadelphia Press.

Skins Rattlesnakes Alive.

Reuben Etters, the head game warden for the Spruce Run Rod and Gun club, on the top of the Alleghany mountains, recently sent to the New York markets his season's product of rattlesnake skins and oil. He shipped 179 skins and about a pint and a half of oil, and he expects to realize about \$200 net for the same. Etters skins the rattlers alive in order to secure the skin in as perfect a condition as possible, and he has had many thrilling encounters as well as narrow escapes from being bitten by the reptiles, but so far during all the years he has been in the mountains he has never once been bitten.—Philadelphia Times.

Equal to the Occasion.

In 1840 a great convention was held in Baltimore by the young men of what was then known as the Whig party for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of General William Henry Harrison for the presidency. There was no hall in the city large enough to hold the crowd of delegates who attended. The convention accordingly met on the Canton race track, and when the great Whig orator of this state, who was chairman of the Young Men's national committee, arose to call the meeting to order he was so impressed by the vastness of the assemblage before him that instead of the usual formula he exclaimed, "The nation will please come to order!"—Baltimore Sun.

HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything.

From an Election Sticker to a 3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE COLOR PRINTING, ART CATALOGUES, EMBOSSEING, HALF TONE WORK, IM. LITHOGRAPHY, IM. TYPE WRITER, &c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS, FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

STOCKHOLDERS TO PAY

Receiver I. B. Cameron Has an Order From Washington.

ASSESSMENT OF 100 PER CENT

Epon the Stockholders of Lisbon's First National Bank Is Due Feb. 9—All Must Be Paid Within Four Months—May Go After Bondsmen and Directors.

LISBON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—I. B. Cameron as receiver of the First National Bank, of Lisbon, received an order yesterday from the comptroller of the currency commanding him to make an assessment of 100 per cent on the stockholders of the bank. It is to be paid on or before Feb. 9. The stockholders, however, have the privilege of paying on that date one-fourth of the assessment, and three other equal installments in one, two and three months following. This makes the whole amount payable by May 9. If, however, the stockholders do not pay at least one-fourth as specified in the order the whole amount becomes due and payable Feb. 10. It will then be the duty of the receiver to bring suit and levy an execution for the entire amount. Should any stockholders be among the bank's depositors they are not allowed to make it a setoff against his assessment. Each must pay his assessment and receive his deposit pro rata with other depositors.

Receiver Cameron when questioned concerning the matter said he was under the orders of the comptroller of the currency, and if he desired him to go after the bondsmen of the late cashier, M. J. Child, he would certainly do it. If the directors, by negligence, have made themselves liable the same course will be followed. Should collections from this source amount to more than is needed to pay the bank's obligations it will be refunded to the stockholders.

TULLIS IS LIABLE.

He Too Can Be Tried Like His Friends For Gambling.

An attorney who has acted in a legal capacity in connection with the recent gambling cases made the following statement to the NEWS REVIEW yesterday:

"I notice by your paper that Mayor Bough states that J. Frank Tullis is exempt from prosecution upon the charge of gambling, and gives the state law as his authority. You can say for me that Mr. Tullis is not exempt at the present time for the reason that he has not as yet testified in a state case, and is just as guilty as any of the parties who were fined for gambling. He can at the present time be arrested and fined for gambling, and there is no law that can save him."

Scott's Minstrels.

The only new and original good thing this season is "Oliver Scott's Refined Negro Minstrels," and it's sixteen to one that its success will not be duplicated by any production visiting this city. It is an elaborate series of pictures, wherein darky life is seen from plantation to palace, backed by gorgeous scenery specially painted for this mammoth spectacle. Real Negro actors make up the mammoth company, and a buck dance is introduced where the dancers really contest for supremacy.

Working In Steubenville.

Several gentlemen, who have been in the city sometime auditing the books and appraising the stock of the local potteries, left this morning for Steubenville where they commenced the work of auditing the books of the Steubenville Pottery company. This plant will be finished by tomorrow evening.

John Robinson Buried.

The remains of John Robinson, who died in Elizabeth, N. J., recently, was brought to this city on the train due at 10:05 o'clock this morning. They were taken to the home of his sister near Spring Grove cemetery, where services were held this afternoon. Interment was made in Spring Grove.

Must Tell the Company.

The Pennsylvania company has just issued an order to all its employees requesting them to tell their age and how long they have been in the service of the company. It is not known the cause of this order but some suppose it is on account of the Voluntary Relief association.

An Observation.

The Bell Pottery company's injunction suit against the pottery trust has gone glimmering. When a small concern like the Bell runs up against a giant combine such as the pottery trust is, something has to drop, and drop hard.—Steubenville Herald.

RAILROAD'S NEW POLICY.

The Northwestern to Replace Two Hundred Women With Men.

"No Women Need Apply" will hereafter be the sign at the Chicago Northwestern railroad office. A good proportion of those now working for the railroad will be discharged on New Year's day, and as soon as possible they will be got rid of.

The railroad in the past has employed fully 200 women as stenographers and clerks, and it will make a great change in its policy. The high officials of the corporation are not inclined to discuss the causes of their ungallant conduct. "I have nothing to say," murmurs Vice President Sykes. "Go to General Manager Whiteman."

"The report is true, but I have nothing to say," declares Mr. Whiteman. "Go to Mr. Sykes."

Another official, who would not permit his name to be used because his superiors are silent, gave a novel reason for the sudden change in policy.

"It is all due," he said, "to the general rule of the Northwestern railroad to advance its employees from low positions to offices of trust. Can you imagine a woman as general superintendent or general manager of the affairs of this great railroad system? I cannot. Neither can any one else. So long as we have women in the clerical positions, however, just so long will the source from which to draw valuable officials in future be narrowed to small limits. This is the only reason why the change has been made."

Several of the women employees admit having received notice that after Jan. 1 their services will be dispensed with. Only those, however, who have worked for the company less than two years are affected, but the older employees will be gradually dispensed with. Would be railroad clerks and embryo superintendents are jubilant over the situation, and men are filing by scores and hundreds applications for positions.—New York Journal.

MRS. M'KINLEY WINS A COOK.

Hot Brick Blazes the Way to the White House For Aunt Martha.

Aunt Martha, an ancient negress of Atlanta, is relating with much satisfaction the circumstances under which a position as one of the White House cooks has been offered to her. On the first day of the peace jubilee the atmosphere was chilly and moist. Mrs. McKinley, though fearing the effects of the exposure, did not want to break up the affair by setting a bad example, so entered her carriage and was driven off at the head of the procession.

Aunt Martha says she had expected that the wife of the president would suffer much inconvenience on account of the weather, so she brought a hot brick, well wrapped up, along with her, and when the presidential carriage was compelled to halt for a short time after passing the jubilee arch she boldly stepped up and deftly inserted the brick under the feet of Mrs. McKinley, explaining that it was too cold a day to be out unless some such precaution was adopted. Much pleased, Mrs. McKinley instituted inquiries about Martha, and, finding her reputation satisfactory, made her an offer to come to the White House as a cook. Aunt Martha is now the most popular of Atlanta negroes.—New York Press.

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

German Scientist's Discovery and Its Successful Application.

Professor Landerer of Stuttgart has recently published his discovery of what he believes to be a cure for tuberculosis in its first stages, together with the results of 15 years of his special treatment of the disease. His method of treatment calls for subcutaneous and intravenous injections of cinnamic acid and its derivatives, hetol and hetokresol.

The treatment has been abundantly tested in the Karl and Olga hospital, Stuttgart. His notes show that tuberculosis, taken in its first stages, was invariably cured by the cinnamic acid treatment, with the aid of dietetic and hygienic measures, continued for a period of several months, while in the case of those in whom the disease had advanced to the second stage 70 per cent were cured. The injected drugs act directly on the diseased tissues, Professor Landerer says, cicatrizing them and checking tubercular agglomeration. Several specialists on lung diseases whom I saw the other day express the opinion that the discovery is most important and well supported by experiment.—Berlin Cor. Chicago Record.

How It All Began.

When Hobson sank the Merrimac, As his commander wished him, And in that awful hurricane Of deadly missiles risked him, What did those treacherous Spanish do— Plant knives within his system? No; they hastened to assist him And were glad their shots had missed him.

When they saw how few The gallant crew Who'd braved death to assist him; Who for honor and their own dear land Had faced death to assist him. And what did you think Cervera did? He actually kissed him— Yes, actually kissed him! He liked his bravery so much, The gray old sailor kissed him.

P. S.—Now our girls have also kissed him— Maxwell Williams in Chicago Record.

SHIPS SAVED AT SEA.

WHAT IS MEANT BY "SALVAGE" AND HOW IT IS PAID.

There Is No Law That Signals of Distress at Sea Must Be Heeded—Public Opinion Alone Enforces Responses to Calls For Help.

Salvage on ships saved at sea by others in the majority of cases is paid by the underwriters, although the big steamship companies insure themselves. The insurance companies think that a board of arbitration can more satisfactorily adjust salvage claims than can the courts. The word salvage, as defined by that celebrated admiralty authority, Roscoe, is "the reward which is earned by those who have voluntarily saved or assisted in saving a ship or boat or their apparel or any sort thereof or the lives of persons at sea or a ship, cargo or any part thereof, from peril or a wreck from total loss." The last part of the definition is a trifle puzzling.

In discussing the merits of salvage cases it must be remembered that there is no obligation, written or implied, upon the master or crew of any vessel to heed signals of distress. Public opinion alone enforces the idea that "a call for help at sea must be obeyed." The laws of salvage are merely framed to encourage the saving of life and property on the deep. There is avarice in the mariner as in landmen, and the laws are made to overcome and curb these mercenary ambitions. For that reason a master and his crew cannot expect salvage for saving their own vessel. It is the natural assumption in law, as well as in fact, that they must do everything they can to preserve their charge and under an agreement with the owners keep it from danger whenever possible.

In salvage one of the first laws is that the peril must be actual. The bargain made in time of danger by the master or agent of the imperiled craft with another volunteering aid need not of necessity hold in court, and generally does not. As a rule the bargain is exorbitant and made at a time when the victim would be willing to guarantee the payment of millions for proffered assistance. This point has been decided hundreds of times, the courts taking the stand that the peril made an exorbitant bargain necessary.

As a general thing, the salvage award is equal to about one-third the value in the case of sailing craft and from one-third to one-half in the case of steamers. The owners of the salvaging craft, whose money was wasted by delay, wear and tear, are of course entitled to the bigger piece of the plum. The master of the salvor gets about twice the sum that his mate receives, and the mate is paid something like double the amount of each sailor.

Should the latter have been a member of a lifeboat crew used in running bawseers or in going aboard as a prize crew he and his mates are entitled to an extra compensation. Naval officers cannot claim salvage when the work accomplished is in the direct line of their duty.

In the case of a abandoned vessel there is a peculiar law as applied to ownership. No matter where the derelict be found and towed or assisted in by a prize crew or otherwise the court holds that she is still the property of her original owners, although abandoned by her crew, their agents, and that no effort has been made by them to recover her. It sounds peculiar to the average mariner, but it's the law.

To make a successful salvage claim it is necessary that the property must be actually saved and saved by those claiming to be salvors. In other words, the salvage services must be rendered by persons not bound by contract to render them. If the mariner or other encounters the danger or misfortune or damage which might possibly expose the ship to destruction unless assistance is rendered and does all he can to save the vessel, and his services tend in some degree to save or preserve her, compensation will be awarded him, although the vessel is mainly preserved by other means.

The longest time that any one steamer has been at sea with disabled machinery before reaching port was 77 days. This was the United States corvette Iroquois in 1890. She was bound to Samoa from Honolulu, and had only seven days' rations left when port was reached. In 1897 the steamer Indralema was towed into St. Thomas after having been at sea for 47 days. The Glasgow steamer Strathness, after drifting 32 days out of the range of steamers, was towed into St. Michael's in January, 1897, by the British steamer Hannah M. Bell. Another Strath, the Strathnevis, drifted helplessly on the Pacific for two months and over in 1895, and was finally towed into Puget sound. The Disptach in 1864 was out 61 days with crippled machinery, and four years ago the British cruiser Carlipso broke down 2,000 miles from port and sailed in unaided, much to the delight of the dwindling band of naval experts who maintain that every warship ought to be provided with ample sail power.

The owners of those ships that were obliged to drift for weeks, and in several cases for months, would not have found fault with the question of salvage had a helping hand come along—at least there would have been no com-

plaint just then.—New York Mail and Express.

WINTER RESORT IN CUBA.

Collector of Customs Race on the Advantages of Baracoa.

W. E. Race of El Paso, Tex., formerly collector of customs at that place, but lately employed in a similar capacity at Baracoa, Cuba, has written this letter to Assistant Secretary Howell of the treasury:

"Baracoa, I am told, is the most pleasantly situated of all the towns in Cuba, and I must say there is no city I have ever seen on our own coast that is so well endowed with such a favorable location. Were this point on our southern coast its value as a winter resort could not be estimated by any found there. The harbor is small, but quite deep, any vessel being perfectly safe within its boundaries. The town is situated on what we would term a small cape of coral formation. At the extreme sea point is situated the land fort or fortifications, if one could so call the cannon they have within its secure and well built walls.

"The harbor lies west and north of the town, and on the east is a half circle inlet, about a mile or less wide, with a beautiful beach. Across the harbor on the west side is equally well located a site for a fine resort as one could wish for. On each side of the town, about three miles apart, mountain streams enter the sea from the south. Fishing in sea and rivers is good, and there is fine hunting throughout the surrounding mountains. Pheasants and similar game are plentiful, also deer. The climate here at present is similar to the spring climate of our middle states, and the nights are cool and pleasant. Since arriving in Cuba myself and family have not suffered in the least from any of the causes of sickness the island is said to possess."—New York Sun.

OYSTERS FOR THE KLONDIKE

Over a Ton of Bivalves Recently Shipped to Dawson City.

Inside of two months Dawson City markets will be selling fresh oysters. Klondikers with money to burn can give oyster suppers at \$25 a plate to their special friends. It is safe to say that the sport who first discovered that fresh, juicy eastern oysters have arrived will make a hit that will outrival "Swift Water Bill" Gates' egg play with Gussie Lamore.

On the steamer Alki were a number of innocent looking kegs. The shipment weighed slightly over a ton, and each keg contained 50 pounds of frozen oysters. No juice will be found among the Dawson bound oysters. It was carefully drained off before the freezing process started. The oyster shippers have learned a lesson from dishonest milkmen. They decided that it was no use to carry a ton of juice over the icefields of the north for thousands of miles when plenty of water was always to be had. They start out with a ton of oysters, but the Dawsonites will have two tons to buy.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

FIFTY-FOUR BROKEN BONES.

Chicago Woman Is a Sufferer From Queer Disease.

Cora Liness, aged 35 years, of Chicago, holds the world's record for fractured bones, having sustained 54 fractures, many of which have been reduced at the county hospital, from which she has recently been discharged. Osteosarthritis is the name of the ailment. It means fragility of the bones.

The bones of Miss Liness are so brittle that a quick contraction of her muscles will snap one. Her first fracture occurred at the age of 2 months, and the second occurred while asleep through muscular action. The bones which break so easily mend even sooner than in ordinary cases, and the fractures are reduced in about half the time taken for the ordinary break to knit.—Philadelphia Press.

Skins Rattlesnakes Alive.

Reuben Eters, the head game warden for the Spruce Run Rod and Gun club, on the top of the Alleghany mountains, recently sent to the New York markets his season's product of rattlesnake skins and oil. He shipped 179 skins and about a pint and a half of oil, and he expects to realize about \$200 net for the same. Eters skins the rattlers alive in order to secure the skin in as perfect a condition as possible, and he has had many thrilling encounters as well as narrow escapes from being bitten by the reptiles, but so far during all the years he has been in the mountains he has never once been bitten.—Philadelphia Times.

Equal to the Occasion.

In 1840 a great convention was held in Baltimore by the young men of what was then known as the Whig party for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of General William Henry Harrison for the presidency. There was no hall in the city large enough to hold the crowd of delegates who attended. The convention accordingly met on the Canton race track, and when the great Whig orator of this state, who was chairman of the Young Men's national committee, arose to call the meeting to order he was so impressed by the vastness of the assemblage before him that instead of the usual formula he exclaimed, "The nation will please come to order!"—Baltimore Sun.

HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything.

From an Election Sticker to a 3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE COLOR PRINTING, ART CATALOGUES, EMBOSSED, HALF TONE WORK, IM. LITHOGRAPHY, IM. TYPE WRITER, &c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS, FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

STOCKHOLDERS TO PAY

Receiver I. B. Cameron Has an Order From Washington.

ASSESSMENT OF 100 PER CENT

Upon the Stockholders of Lisbon's First National Bank Is Due Feb. 9—All Must Be Paid Within Four Months—May Go After Bondsmen and Directors.

LISBON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—I. B. Cameron as receiver of the First National Bank, of Lisbon, received an order yesterday from the comptroller of the currency commanding him to make an assessment of 100 per cent on the stockholders of the bank. It is to be paid on or before Feb. 9. The stockholders, however, have the privilege of paying on that date one-fourth of the assessment, and three other equal installments in one, two and three months following. This makes the whole amount payable by May 9. If, however, the stockholders do not pay at least one-fourth as specified in the order the whole amount becomes due and payable Feb. 10. It will then be the duty of the receiver to bring suit and levy an execution for the entire amount. Should any stockholders be among the bank's depositors they are not allowed to make it a setoff against his assessment. Each must pay his assessment and receive his deposit pro rata with other depositors.

Receiver Cameron when questioned concerning the matter said he was under the orders of the comptroller of the currency, and if he desired him to go after the bondsmen of the late cashier, M. J. Child, he would certainly do it. If the directors, by negligence, have made themselves liable the same course will be followed. Should collections from this source amount to more than is needed to pay the bank's obligations it will be refunded to the stockholders.

TULLIS IS LIABLE.

He Too Can Be Tried Like His Friends For Gambling.

An attorney who has acted in a legal capacity in connection with the recent gambling cases made the following statement to the NEWS REVIEW yesterday:

"I notice by your paper that Mayor Bough states that J. Frank Tullis is exempt from prosecution upon the charge of gambling, and gives the state law as his authority. You can say for me that Mr. Tullis is not exempt at the present time for the reason that he has not as yet testified in a state case, and is just as guilty as any of the parties who were fined for gambling. He can at the present time be arrested and fined for gambling, and there is no law that can save him."

Scott's Minstrels.

The only new and original good thing this season is "Oliver Scott's Refined Negro Minstrels," and it's sixteen to one that its success will not be duplicated by any production visiting this city. It is an elaborate series of pictures, wherein darky life is seen from plantation to palace, backed by gorgeous scenery specially painted for this mammoth spectacle. Real Negro actors make up the mammoth company, and a buck dance is introduced where the dancers really contest for supremacy.

Working In Steubenville.

Several gentlemen, who have been in the city sometime auditing the books and appraising the stock of the local potteries, left this morning for Steubenville where they commenced the work of auditing the books of the Steubenville Pottery company. This plant will be finished by tomorrow evening.

John Robinson Buried.

The remains of John Robinson, who died in Elizabeth, N. J., recently, was brought to this city on the train due at 10:05 o'clock this morning. They were taken to the home of his sister near Spring Grove cemetery, where services were held this afternoon. Interment was made in Spring Grove.

Must Tell the Company.

The Pennsylvania company has just issued an order to all its employees requesting them to tell their age and how long they have been in the service of the company. It is not known the cause of this order but some suppose it is on account of the Voluntary Relief association.

An Observation.

The Bell Pottery company's injunction suit against the pottery trust has gone glimmering. When a small concern like the Bell runs up against a giant combine such as the pottery trust is, something has to drop, and drop hard.—Steubenville Herald.

RAILROAD'S NEW POLICY.

The Northwestern to Replace Two Hundred Women With Men.

"No Women Need Apply" will hereafter be the sign at the Chicago Northwestern railroad office. A good proportion of those now working for the railroad will be discharged on New Year's day, and as soon as possible they will be got rid of.

The railroad in the past has employed fully 200 women as stenographers and clerks, and it will make a great change in its policy. The high officials of the corporation are not inclined to discuss the causes of their ungallant conduct. "I have nothing to say," murmurs Vice President Sykes. "Go to General Manager Whiteman."

"The report is true, but I have nothing to say," declares Mr. Whiteman. "Go to Mr. Sykes."

Another official, who would not permit his name to be used because his superiors are silent, gave a novel reason for the sudden change in policy.

"It is all due," he said, "to the general rule of the Northwestern railroad to advance its employees from low positions to offices of trust. Can you imagine a woman as general superintendent or general manager of the affairs of this great railroad system? I cannot. Neither can any one else. So long as we have women in the clerical positions, however, just so long will the source from which to draw valuable officials in future be narrowed to small limits. This is the only reason why the change has been made."

Several of the women employees admit having received notice that after Jan. 1 their services will be dispensed with. Only those, however, who have worked for the company less than two years are affected, but the older employees will be gradually dispensed with. Would be railroad clerks and embryo superintendents are jubilant over the situation, and men are filing by scores and hundreds applications for positions.—New York Journal.

MRS. M'KINLEY WINS A COOK.

Hot Brick Blazes the Way to the White House For Aunt Martha.

Aunt Martha, an ancient negress of Atlanta, is relating with much satisfaction the circumstances under which a position as one of the White House cooks has been offered to her. On the first day of the peace jubilee the atmosphere was chilly and moist. Mrs. McKinley, though fearing the effects of the exposure, did not want to break up the affair by setting a bad example, so entered her carriage and was driven off at the head of the procession.

Aunt Martha says she had expected that the wife of the president would suffer much inconvenience on account of the weather, so she brought a hot brick, well wrapped up, along with her, and when the presidential carriage was compelled to halt for a short time after passing the jubilee arch she boldly stepped up and deftly inserted the brick under the feet of Mrs. McKinley, explaining that it was too cold a day to be out unless some such precaution was adopted. Much pleased, Mrs. McKinley instituted inquiries about Martha, and, finding her reputation satisfactory, made her an offer to come to the White House as a cook. Aunt Martha is now the most popular of Atlanta negroes.—New York Press.

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

German Scientist's Discovery and Its Successful Application.

Professor Landerer of Stuttgart has recently published his discovery of what he believes to be a cure for tuberculosis in its first stages, together with the results of 15 years of his special treatment of the disease. His method of treatment calls for subcutaneous and intravenous injections of cinnamic acid and its derivatives, betol and betokresol.

The treatment has been abundantly tested in the Karl and Olga hospital, Stuttgart. His notes show that tuberculosis, taken in its first stages, was invariably cured by the cinnamic acid treatment, with the aid of dietetic and hygienic measures, continued for a period of several months, while in the case of those in whom the disease had advanced to the second stage 70 per cent were cured. The injected drugs act directly on the diseased tissues, Professor Landerer says, cicatrizing them and checking tubercular agglomeration. Several specialists on lung diseases whom I saw the other day express the opinion that the discovery is most important and well supported by experiment.—Berlin Cor. Chicago Record.

How It All Began.

When Hobson sank the Merrimac, As his commander wished him, And in that awful hurricane Of deadly missiles risked him, What did those treacherous Spanish do—Plant knives within his system? No; they hastened to assist him And were glad their shots had missed him. When they saw how few The gallant crew Who'd braved death to assist him; Who for honor and their own dear land Had faced death to assist him, And what d'you think Cervera did? He actually kissed him—Yes, actually kissed him! He liked his bravery so much, The gray old sailor kissed him.

P. S.—Now our girls have also kissed him.—Maxwell Williams in Chicago Record.

SHIPS SAVED AT SEA.

WHAT IS MEANT BY "SALVAGE" AND HOW IT IS PAID.

There is No Law That Signals of Distress at Sea Must Be Heeded—Public Opinion Alone Enforces Responses to Calls For Help.

Salvage on ships saved at sea by others in the majority of cases is paid by the underwriters, although the big steamship companies insure themselves. The insurance companies think that a board of arbitration can more satisfactorily adjust salvage claims than can the courts. The word salvage, as defined by that celebrated admiralty authority, Roscoe, is "the reward which is earned by those who have voluntarily saved or assisted in saving a ship or boat or their apparel or any sort thereof or the lives of persons at sea or a ship, cargo or any part thereof, from peril or a wreck from total loss." The last part of the definition is a trifle puzzling.

In discussing the merits of salvage cases it must be remembered that there is no obligation, written or implied, upon the master or crew of any vessel to heed signals of distress. Public opinion alone enforces the idea that "a call for help at sea must be obeyed." The laws of salvage are merely framed to encourage the saving of life and property on the deep. There is avarice in the mariner as in landsmen, and the laws are made to overcome and curb these mercenary ambitions. For that reason a master and his crew cannot expect salvage for saving their own vessel. It is the natural assumption in law, as well as in fact, that they must do everything they can to preserve their charge and under an agreement with the owners keep it from danger whenever possible.

In salvage one of the first laws is that the peril must be actual. The bargain made in time of danger by the master or agent of the imperiled craft with another volunteering aid need not of necessity hold in court, and generally does not. As a rule the bargain is exorbitant and made at a time when the victim would be willing to guarantee the payment of millions for proffered assistance. This point has been decided hundreds of times, the courts taking the stand that the peril made an exorbitant bargain necessary.

As a general thing, the salvage award is equal to about one-third the value in the case of sailing craft and from one-third to one-half in the case of steamers. The owners of the salvaging craft, whose money was wasted by delay, wear and tear, are of course entitled to the bigger piece of the plum. The master of the salvor gets about twice the sum that his mate receives, and the mate is paid something like double the amount of each sailor.

Should the latter have been a member of a lifeboat crew used in running bawlers or in going aboard as a prize crew he and his mates are entitled to an extra compensation. Naval officers cannot claim salvage when the work accomplished is in the direct line of their duty.

In the case of a abandoned vessel there is a peculiar law as applied to ownership. No matter where the derelict be found and towed or assisted in by a prize crew or otherwise the court holds that she is still the property of her original owners, although abandoned by her crew, their agents, and that no effort has been made by them to recover her. It sounds peculiar to the average mariner, but it's the law.

To make a successful salvage claim it is necessary that the property must be actually saved and saved by those claiming to be salvors. In other words, the salvage services must be rendered by persons not bound by contract to render them. If the mariner or other encounters the danger or misfortune or damage which might possibly expose the ship to destruction unless assistance is rendered and does all he can to save the vessel, and his services tend in some degree to save or preserve her, compensation will be awarded him, although the vessel is mainly preserved by other means.

The longest time that any one steamer has been at sea with disabled machinery before reaching port was 77 days. This was the United States corvette Iroquois in 1890. She was bound to Samoa from Honolulu, and had only seven days' rations left when port was reached. In 1897 the steamer Indralema was towed into St. Thomas after having been at sea for 47 days. The Glasgow steamer Strathness, after drifting 32 days out of the range of steamers, was towed into St. Michael's in January, 1897, by the British steamer Hannah M. Bell. Another Strath, the Strathnevis, drifted helplessly on the Pacific for two months and over in 1895, and was finally towed into Puget sound. The Dispatch in 1864 was out 61 days with crippled machinery, and four years ago the British cruiser Calypso broke down 2,000 miles from port and sailed in unaided, much to the delight of the dwindling band of naval experts who maintain that every warship ought to be provided with ample sail power.

The owners of those ships that were obliged to drift for weeks, and in several cases for months, would not have found fault with the question of salvage had a helping hand come along—at least there would have been no com-

plaint just then.—New York Mail and Express.

WINTER RESORT IN CUBA.

Collector of Customs Race on the Advantages of Baracoa.

W. E. Race of El Paso, Tex., formerly collector of customs at that place, but lately employed in a similar capacity at Baracoa, Cuba, has written this letter to Assistant Secretary Howell of the treasury:

"Baracoa, I am told, is the most pleasantly situated of all the towns in Cuba, and I must say there is no city I have ever seen on our own coast that is so well endowed with such a favorable location. Were this point on our southern coast its value as a winter resort could not be estimated by any found there. The harbor is small, but quite deep, any vessel being perfectly safe within its boundaries. The town is situated on what we would term a small cape of coral formation. At the extreme sea point is situated the land fort or fortifications, if one could so call the cannon they have within its secure and well built walls.

"The harbor lies west and north of the town, and on the east is a half circle inlet, about a mile or less wide, with a beautiful beach. Across the harbor on the west side is equally well located a site for a fine resort as one could wish for. On each side of the town, about three miles apart, mountain streams enter the sea from the south. Fishing in sea and rivers is good, and there is fine hunting throughout the surrounding mountains. Pheasants and similar game are plentiful, also deer. The climate here at present is similar to the spring climate of our middle states, and the nights are cool and pleasant. Since arriving in Cuba myself and family have not suffered in the least from any of the causes of sickness the island is said to possess."—New York Sun.

OYSTERS FOR THE KLONDIKE

Over a Ton of Bivalves Recently Shipped to Dawson City.

Inside of two months Dawson City markets will be selling fresh oysters. Klondikers with money to burn can give oyster suppers at \$25 a plate to their special friends. It is safe to say that the sport who first discovered that fresh, juicy eastern oysters have arrived will make a hit that will outrival "Swift Water Bill" Gates' egg play with Gussie Lamore.

On the steamer Alki were a number of innocent looking kegs. The shipment weighed slightly over a ton, and each keg contained 50 pounds of frozen oysters. No juice will be found among the Dawson bound oysters. It was carefully drained off before the freezing process started. The oyster shippers have learned a lesson from dishonest milkmen. They decided that it was no use to carry a ton of juice over the icefields of the north for thousands of miles when plenty of water was always to be had. They start out with a ton of oysters, but the Dawsonites will have two tons to buy.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

FIFTY-FOUR BROKEN BONES.

Chicago Woman Is a Sufferer From Queer Disease.

Cora Liness, aged 35 years, of Chicago, holds the world's record for fractured bones, having sustained 54 fractures, many of which have been reduced at the county hospital, from which she has recently been discharged. Osteosarthritis is the name of the ailment. It means fragility of the bones.

The bones of Miss Liness are so brittle that a quick contraction of her muscles will snap one. Her first fracture occurred at the age of 2 months, and the second occurred while asleep through muscular action. The bones which break so easily mend even sooner than in ordinary cases, and the fractures are reduced in about half the time taken for the ordinary break to knit.—Philadelphia Press.

Skins Rattlesnakes Alive.

Reuben Eiters, the head game warden for the Spruce Run Rod and Gun club, on the top of the Alleghany mountains, recently sent to the New York markets his season's product of rattlesnake skins and oil. He shipped 179 skins and about a pint and a half of oil, and he expects to realize about \$200 net for the same. Eiters skins the rattlers alive in order to secure the skin in as perfect a condition as possible, and he has had many thrilling encounters as well as narrow escapes from being bitten by the reptiles, but so far during all the years he has been in the mountains he has never once been bitten.—Philadelphia Times.

Equal to the Occasion.

In 1840 a great convention was held in Baltimore by the young men of what was then known as the Whig party for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of General William Henry Harrison for the presidency. There was no hall in the city large enough to hold the crowd of delegates who attended. The convention accordingly met on the Canton race track, and when the great Whig orator of this state, who was chairman of the Young Men's national committee, arose to call the meeting to order he was so impressed by the vastness of the assemblage before him that instead of the usual formula he exclaimed, "The nation will please come to order!"—Baltimore Sun.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop

IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything.

From an Election Sticker

to a 3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE COLOR PRINTING, ART CATALOGUES, EMBOSSED, HALF TONE WORK, IM. LITHOGRAPHY, IM. TYPE WRITER, &c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS, FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing, presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

It Will Be a
Happy New Year

If you use

**"COKE'S
BREAD."**

Made by W. H. Colclough &
Co., 102 Fifth Street.

PHONE 176-2.

N. B.—Leave your orders now for
Fruit Cake. Wedding Cake a specialty.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The Red Men will install officers this evening.

Frank Oyster, of Sixth street, was in Alliance today on business.

Councilman W. C. Stewart is visiting friends in Hancock county today.

J. W. Finley is able to be out after a severe illness with the grip.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Sebring will this evening entertain a party of friends at dinner.

John W. Harris has returned from a visit of a few days with Rochester friends.

The street force were busy today cutting ice in the hill streets so that teams could get up them.

John Means, of Steubenville, was in the city last evening, the guest of John S. Goodwin, of Broadway. He returned to his home this morning.

The number of strangers who have come to the city within the past few days has been almost without precedent and the hotels have been crowded.

The household effects of Mrs. Cora Watson were this morning shipped to New Brighton. It has been several days since any movings have been received.

Mrs. M. K. Zimmerman is seriously ill at her home in Market street suffering from a severe attack of the grip. Her condition yesterday was considered serious.

Mrs. Maria E. Carson, wife of Rev. P. M. Carson, is seriously ill at her home, 351 Lisbon street. Although the illness has been prolonged, her friends anticipate speedy recovery.

William Wilson, who sails Saturday for England, will take with him an exhibit of 30 pieces of fine American ware to Nottingham Castle. The ware is being sent by William Mayer.

The supreme court has decided that telephone companies cannot cut down trees bordering highways without the consent of property owners. The party who brought suit received \$1,200.

The funeral of Robert Reed took place this afternoon from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Daniel Southall, and was very largely attended. Rev. B. M. Carson officiated. Interment was made at Spring Grove.

John and James Seeley and William Hauck, the alleged river pirates who were suspected of having operated in this place, were detected in an attempt to escape from the Steubenville jail. They had sawed the bars of their cells.

The main line of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road, between Broadway and Walnut street, was improved today by the placing of several new rails in the place of the old ones. Foreman Hickey has placed this section in the best condition possible.

It was rumored this morning that a charge of keeping open after hours had been preferred against an uptown saloon keeper. Mayor Bough was asked about the matter this morning and said that he had not seen any such charge if one had been made.

Clerk Ed McClure, of the postoffice department today received the October examination papers from Washington. The successful persons who passed the examination are Miss Lillian McBane, clerk; Edward Gould, mail carrier.

Mayor Bough returned to his office last evening, after spending the day visiting his father, Stacey P. Bough, at Cannon's Mills. The gentleman has been very ill with the grip, and Tuesday it was feared he was taking the pneumonia. His condition last evening was much improved.

Matters continue slow at the freight depot, and yesterday very few cars were loaded and sent from the outbound platform. The clerks at the general office have business to do, but they are not rushed like they were in November. Receipts are fair, and a small increase is visible over those of last week.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

REMOVAL SALE.

A GENUINE REDUCTION. This accounts for the hundreds of pleased customers who have attended this sale. The low prices still rule; so almost anything you may need in the line of dry goods can be secured at this sale at a money saving to you.

Blankets.

Good blanket weather—good time to buy. This is a good place to buy them, as we not only carry good reliable blankets, but the prices are very low.

All wool colored blankets, 66x81 inches. regular price \$2.98; sale price, \$2.48.

The \$3.50 blankets at \$2.98.

The \$4.50 blankets at \$3.98.

The \$7.50 blankets at \$6.50.

And similar reductions on any other priced blankets we have in stock.

Comforts.

\$7.50 eider down comforts, silk top, satine lining, at \$6.25.

\$3 cotton down comforts at \$2.40.

\$2.75 extra size home made at \$2.40.

\$2.25 comforts at \$1.75.

\$1.75 comforts at \$1.40.

\$1 comforts at 85c.

Flannels.

All wool country made—

The 35c flannels at 28c.

The 21c flannels at 17c.

\$1 all wool flannel skirts at 80c each.

Lace Curtains.

Our entire stock of lace curtains, curtaintains and curtain materials at a discount of 20 per cent.

Furs.

A few nice fur scarfs at low prices.

Collarettes.

The \$2.98 collarettes at \$1.98.

The \$8.50 collarettes at \$6.25.

The \$15 collarettes at \$9.98.

Cloaks.

Selling coats every day now. Good time to buy, prices are low and you have about three or four months yet in which to wear a winter jackee.

Women's Jackets.

The \$5 jackets at \$3.98.

The \$7.50 jackets at \$5.

The \$10 jackets at \$6.98.

The \$18 jackets at \$11.98.

Low prices on plush capes.

33 1/3 % REDUCTION

on all children's cloaks, 1 to 12 years. It will pay you to visit our Removal Sale.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

PROTEST AGAINST NORTH.

A Resolution Was Adopted by the Ohio Woolgrowers—Lawrence Re-Elected President.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—The Ohio woolgrowers adopted resolutions asking congress to revise the wool and woolen goods schedule of the tariff law so as to equalize the protection to manufacturers and to wool; advocating the establishment of depositories for marketing wool and opposed the appointment of S. N. D. North, secretary of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, as superintendent of the census for the alleged reason that his sympathies were adverse to the woolgrowers. Judge Lawrence of Bellefontaine was re-elected president and W. N. Cowden of Quaker City secretary.

After Columbus Gas Interests.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—Emerson McMullin of New York city is in this city, and in an interview said that he was representing a company recently incorporated by New York capitalists, under the laws of West Virginia, with a capital stock of \$5,000,000, which was about to secure the control of the Columbus Gas company and the Central Ohio Natural Gas and Fuel company. The purpose was to prevent the depreciation of the property, owing to fierce competition. Mr. McMullin said, but not to consolidate the two concerns.

Railroad to Be Sold.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—The Hocking Valley and Toledo railroad will be sold in this city on Feb. 24, under the order of the United States court, by the special master commissioners. No bid for less than \$3,250,000 will be considered on the railroad property, and none less than \$750,000 on the property of the Hocking Coal and Railroad company, a subsidiary concern. The sale is in furtherance of the reorganization plan.

Died About Two Hours Later.

CANAL DOVER, Jan. 12.—William Spicher, aged 35, who lived near Beach City, was watching laborers engaged in blowing out stumps with dynamite, when a heavy piece of timber struck him. He died about two hours later.

FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS.

Women's Board For the United States and Canada Met in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The third conference of the women's board of foreign missions in the United States and Canada opened here, in the Broadway tabernacle. The following officers were elected to serve during the conference: President, Mrs. Judson Smith, Boston; treasurer, Miss Elgiman, Norwich; secretaries, Miss Theodora Crosby, New York, and Miss Mabel Brown, Newark, N. J.

NEW THEOLOGICAL PROFESSORS.

Rev. Drs. Hall and Knox Nominated For Places at Union Seminary.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Union Theological seminary the Rev. Dr. Thomas C. Hall, formerly of Chicago, was nominated professor of Christian ethics and the Rev. Dr. George W. Knox of Rye, N. Y., formerly of the University of Tokio, Japan, and for some time lecturer of apologetics at the Union seminary, was nominated professor of the philosophy and history of religion.

Under the rules of the board the nominations will be confirmed at a special meeting 30 days hence.

REV. DR. VAN DYKE CALLED.

Clergyman Asked to Take Chair of Literature at Johns Hopkins.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, pastor of the Brick Presbyterian church, received a call to the chair of literature of Johns Hopkins university at Baltimore.

Dr. Van Dyke was seriously considering the offer, it was said, but a strong effort was being made by the congregation to retain him as pastor.

Hillis Spoke in Plymouth Church.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The Rev. Dr. N. D. Hillis, pastor of the Central church of Chicago, who had been called to fill the pastorate of Plymouth church, received his first introduction to that congregation, when he lectured to an audience that crowded the church.

AGAINST CURRENCY LEGISLATION.

House Committee Voted to Withdraw the Bill on the House Calendar.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The banking and currency committee of the house unanimously directed the withdrawal of the bill revising the banking and currency laws now on the house calendar.

Representative Mitchell of New York gave notice that at next Wednesday's meeting of the committee he would move that the bill be re-reported to the house and Mr. Van Voorhees of Ohio gave notice that he would move to substitute the recommendations of the president's message on the subject.

MAKING STEADY PROGRESS.

American-Canadian Commission Was in Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The American-Canadian commission was in session, but its work was devoted to matters of detail. The members of the commission report, however, that they are making steady progress.

In the sixteenth century fencers held the sword in their right hand and a dagger in the left to ward off blows.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 11.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 68¢@69c. CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, old, 42¢@43c; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 41¢@41½c; high mixed, shelled, 38¢@39½c; No. 2 yellow shelled, new, 40¢@40½c; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 42¢@42½c.

OATS—No. 1 white, new, 33¢@34c; No. 2 white clipped, 33¢@33½c; extra No. 3 white, 32½¢@32¾c; light mixed, 31¢@31½c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$8.75@9.00; No. 2, \$8.00@8.25; No. 1 clover mixed, \$8.00@8.25; wagon hay, \$9.00@9.50 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 65¢@75c per pair; small, 50¢@60c; spring chickens, 50¢@60c per pair; ducks, 60¢@75c per pair; turkeys, 10¢@11c per pound; geese, \$1.00@1.15 per pair. Dressed—Chickens, 10¢@11c per pound; ducks, 10¢@12c; turkeys, 12¢@14c; geese, 9¢@10c.

GAME—Rabbits, per pair, 12¢@15c; quail, per dozen, \$1.25@1.50; squirrel, per dozen, \$1.00@1.25; pheasants, \$6.00@7.00; prairie chickens, \$5.00@6.00 per dozen; wild turkeys, \$1.00@1.50 each; venison saddle, 17¢@18c per pound.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23¢@24c; extra creamery, 22¢@23c; Ohio fancy creamery, 18¢@19c; country roll, 14¢@15c; low grades and cooking, 11¢@12c.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, 10¢@11c; three-quarters, 9¢@10c; New York state, full cream, October make, 11¢@11½c; Ohio Swiss, 11¢@11½c; Wisconsin, 13¢@14c; 20-pound brick, Swiss, 12¢@12½c; Limburger, 11¢@12c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 25¢@26c; candled, 2¢@27c; southern, fresh, 23¢@24c; storage eggs, 21¢@22c.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 11.

CATTLE—Supply today light; market steady. We quote: Extra, \$5.40@5.60; prime, \$5.15@5.35; good, \$4.90@5.10; tidy, \$4.50@4.75; fair, \$4.00@4.35; common, \$3.20@3.75; feeders, \$3.80@4.35; stockers, \$3.00@3.75; heifers, \$3.20@4.40; oxen, \$2.50@3.75; bulls, cows and stags, \$2.50@3.80; good fresh cows, \$4.00@5.00; fair, \$3.50@3.80; bologna cows, \$10.00@20.00.

HOGS—Receipts light, about 10 double-decks; market active and 5c higher. We quote: Prime heavies and assorted mediums, \$3.85@3.90; best Yorkers, \$3.80@3.85; light Yorkers and pigs, \$3.70@3.75; skips and common pigs, \$2.75@3.25; roughs, \$2.50@3.40.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply 4 loads; market steady. We quote: Choice wethers, \$4.45@4.55; good wethers, \$4.25@4.40; fair mixed, \$3.70@4.10; common, \$2.50@3.50; choice lambs, \$5.30@5.45; common to good, \$4.50@5.25; veal calves, \$6.50@7.25; heavy and thin calves, \$4.00@5.00.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 11.

HOGS—Market active and higher at \$3.17¢@3.75.

CATTLE—Market strong at \$2.50@4.85.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at \$4.25@4.05. Lambs—Market steady at \$4.25@5.40.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.

WHEAT—Spot market firm; No. 2 red, 80¢@f. o. b. about to arrive.

CORN—Spot market firm; No. 2, 43¢@43½c f. o. b. about.

OATS—Spot market quiet; No. 2, 33¢@34c; No. 2 white, 35¢@36c.

CATTLE—Market active; steers firm to a shade higher; bulls 15c higher; cows steady to 1c higher. Steers, \$4.70@5.50; tail ends, \$1.30; oxen and stags, \$2.75@4.8c; bulls, \$3.00@4.10; cows, \$2.10@4.10.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady to firm; lambs opened strong, closing easy. Sheep, common to good, \$3.00@4.75; no prime here; lambs, ordinary to choice, \$2.25@5.85; Canada lambs, \$5.02¢@5.70; culis, \$4.54.

HOGS—Market firm at \$3.85¢@4.10.

The News Review for news.

The First National Bank

Of East Liverpool, O.

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

DAVID BOYCE, W. L. THOMPSON,
J. M. KELLY, O. C. VODREY,
B. C. SIMMS, JNO. O. THOMPSON,
JAS. N. VODREY.

Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 50,000

General Banking Business.

Invite Business and
Personal Accounts!

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

193 Washington Street.

FOR SALE.

Lot on east side of Avondale,
between Bradshaw and Mi-
nerva Street. Will be sold
cheap to cash buyer. Call on

**The Hill
Real Estate Co.**
105 Sixth St., City.

PIANO TUNING.

1st tuning.....\$3.00
2d tuning (within 1 yr) 2.00
3d tuning (within 1 yr) 1.00

J. P. HARRINGTON.
SMITH & PHILLIPS.

Our Fire Department

Received 17 calls during the month of December. The next call may be to some of your property. If not insured you should at once. Apply for rates to

GEO. H. OWEN & CO.,

General Insurance
and Real Estate Agts.,

First National Bank Building.
Phone 49.

BRIGGS

PIANOS

SMITH & PHILLIPS
EAST LIVERPOOL — OHIO
WITH W. L. THOMPSON & CO.

Watch Repairing.

A watch is a most delicate piece of mechanism, and when out of order should be placed in the hands of the most skillful workmen.

Take It to PATTISON.

Our Optical Business Is steadily growing. We make glasses that FIT, and the materials are the finest procurable.

224 WASHINGTON ST.
**Running and
Paid Up Stock**

now being issued in any
amount desired.

THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.,
Corner Fifth and Washington.

ALL the News in the
News Review.

It Will Be a
Happy New Year
If you use
"COKE'S
BREAD."

Made by W. H. Colclough &
Co., 102 Fifth Street.
PHONE 176-2.
N. B.—Leave your orders now for
Fruit Cake. Wedding Cake a specialty.

LOCAL BREVITIES.
The Red Men will install officers this evening.
Frank Oyster, of Sixth street, was in Alliance today on business.
Councilman W. C. Stewart is visiting friends in Hancock county today.
J. W. Finley is able to be out after a severe illness with the grip.
Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Sebring will this evening entertain a party of friends at dinner.
John W. Harris has returned from a visit of a few days with Rochester friends.
The street force were busy today cutting ice in the hill streets so that teams could get up them.
John Means, of Steubenville, was in the city last evening, the guest of John S. Goodwin, of Broadway. He returned to his home this morning.
The number of strangers who have come to the city within the past few days has been almost without precedent and the hotels have been crowded.
The household effects of Mrs. Cora Watson were this morning shipped to New Brighton. It has been several days since any movings have been received.
Mrs. M. K. Zimmerman is seriously ill at her home in Market street suffering from a severe attack of the grip. Her condition yesterday was considered serious.

Mrs. Maria E. Carson, wife of Rev. P. M. Carson, is seriously ill at her home, 351 Lisbon street. Although the illness has been prolonged, her friends anticipate speedy recovery.
William Wilson, who sails Saturday for England, will take with him an exhibit of 30 pieces of fine American ware to Nottingham Castle. The ware is being sent by William Mayer.
The supreme court has decided that telephone companies cannot cut down trees bordering highways without the consent of property owners. The party who brought suit received \$1,200.
The funeral of Robert Reed took place this afternoon from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Daniel Southall, and was very largely attended. Rev. B. M. Carson officiated. Interment was made at Spring Grove.
John and James Seeley and William Hauck, the alleged river pirates who were suspected of having operated in this place, were detected in an attempt to escape from the Steubenville jail. They had sawed the bars of their cells.
The main line of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road, between Broadway and Walnut street, was improved today by the placing of several new rails in the place of the old ones. Foreman Hickey has placed this section in the best condition possible.
It was rumored this morning that a charge of keeping open after hours had been preferred against an uptown saloon keeper. Mayor Bough was asked about the matter this morning and said that he had not seen any such charge if one had been made.
Clerk Ed McClure, of the postoffice department today received the October examination papers from Washington. The successful persons who passed the examination are Miss Lillian McBane, clerk; Edward Gould, mail carrier.
Mayor Bough returned to his office last evening, after spending the day visiting his father, Stacey P. Bough, at Cannon's Mills. The gentleman has been very ill with the grip, and Tuesday it was feared he was taking the pneumonia. His condition last evening was much improved.
Matters continue slow at the freight depot, and yesterday very few cars were loaded and sent from the outbound platform. The clerks at the general office have business to do, but they are not rushed like they were in November. Receipts are fair, and a small increase is visible over those of last week.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

REMOVAL SALE.

A GENUINE REDUCTION. This accounts for the hundreds of pleased customers who have attended this sale. The low prices still rule; so almost anything you may need in the line of dry goods can be secured at this sale at a money saving to you.

Blankets.

Good blanket weather—good time to buy. This is a good place to buy them, as we not only carry good reliable blankets, but the prices are very low.
All wool colored blankets, 66x81 inches. regular price \$2.98; sale price, \$2.48.
The \$3.50 blankets at \$2.98.
The \$4.50 blankets at \$3.98.
The \$7.50 blankets at \$6.50.
And similar reductions on any other priced blankets we have in stock.

Comforts.

\$7.50 eider down comforts, silk top, satine lining, at \$6.25.
\$3 cotton down comforts at \$2.40.
\$2.75 extra size home made at \$2.40.
\$2.25 comforts at \$1.75.
\$1.75 comforts at \$1.40.
\$1 comforts at 85c.

Flannels.

All wool country made—
The 35c flannels at 28c.
The 21c flannels at 17c.
\$1 all wool flannel skirts at 80c each.

Lace Curtains.

Our entire stock of lace curtains, curtainnets and curtain materials at a discount of 20 per cent.

Furs.

A few nice fur scarfs at low prices.

Collarettes.

The \$2.98 collarettes at \$1.98.
The \$8.50 collarettes at \$6.25.
The \$15 collarettes at \$9.98.

Cloaks.

Selling coats every day now. Good time to buy, prices are low and you have about three or four months yet in which to wear a winter jackee.

Women's Jackets.

The \$5 jackets at \$3.98.
The \$7.50 jackets at \$5.
The \$10 jackets at \$6.98.
The \$18 jackets \$11.98.
Low prices on plush eapes.

33 1/3 % REDUCTION on all children's cloaks, 1 to 12 years. It will pay you to visit our Removal Sale.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

PROTEST AGAINST NORTH.

A Resolution Was Adopted by the Ohio Woolgrowers—Lawrence Re-Elected President.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—The Ohio woolgrowers adopted resolutions asking congress to revise the wool and woolen goods schedule of the tariff law so as to equalize the protection to manufacturers and to wool; advocating the establishment of depositories for marketing wool and opposed the appointment of S. N. D. North, secretary of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, as superintendent of the census for the alleged reason that his sympathies were adverse to the woolgrowers. Judge Lawrence of Bellefontaine was re-elected president and W. N. Cowden of Quaker City secretary.

After Columbus Gas Interests.
COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—Emerson McMullan of New York city is in this city, and in an interview said that he was representing a company recently incorporated by New York capitalists, under the laws of West Virginia, with a capital stock of \$5,000,000, which was about to secure the control of the Columbus Gas company and the Central Ohio Natural Gas and Fuel company. The purpose was to prevent the depreciation of the property, owing to fierce competition. Mr. McMullan said, but not to consolidate the two concerns.

Railroad to Be Sold.
COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—The Hocking Valley and Toledo railroad will be sold in this city on Feb. 24, under the order of the United States court, by the special master commissioners. No bid for less than \$3,250,000 will be considered on the railroad property, and none less than \$750,000 on the property of the Hocking Coal and Railroad company, a subsidiary concern. The sale is in furtherance of the reorganization plan.

Died About Two Hours Later.
CANAL DOVER, Jan. 12.—William Spicher, aged 35, who lived near Beach City, was watching laborers engaged in blowing out stumps with dynamite, when a heavy piece of timber struck him. He died about two hours later.

FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS.
Women's Board For the United States and Canada Met in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The third conference of the women's board of foreign missions in the United States and Canada opened here, in the Broadway tabernacle. The following officers were elected to serve during the conference: President, Mrs. Judson Smith, Boston; treasurer, Miss Elgiman, Norwich; secretaries, Miss Theodora Crosby, New York, and Miss Mabel Brown, Newark, N. J.

NEW THEOLOGICAL PROFESSORS.

Rev. Drs. Hall and Knox Nominated For Places at Union Seminary.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Union Theological seminary the Rev. Dr. Thomas C. Hall, formerly of Chicago, was nominated professor of Christian ethics and the Rev. Dr. George W. Knox of Rye, N. Y., formerly of the University of Tokio, Japan, and for some time lecturer of apologetics at the Union seminary, was nominated professor of the philosophy and history of religion. Under the rules of the board the nominations will be confirmed at a special meeting 30 days hence.

REV. DR. VAN DYKE CALLED.
Clergyman Asked to Take Chair of Literature at Johns Hopkins.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, pastor of the Brick Presbyterian church, received a call to the chair of literature of Johns Hopkins university at Baltimore. Dr. Van Dyke was seriously considering the offer, it was said, but a strong effort was being made by the congregation to retain him as pastor.

Hillis Spoke in Plymouth Church.
NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The Rev. Dr. N. D. Hillis, pastor of the Central church of Chicago, who had been called to fill the pastorate of Plymouth church, received his first introduction to that congregation, when he lectured to an audience that crowded the church.

AGAINST CURRENCY LEGISLATION.

House Committee Voted to Withdraw the Bill on the House Calendar.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The banking and currency committee of the house unanimously directed the withdrawal of the bill revising the banking and currency laws now on the house calendar.

Representative Mitchell of New York gave notice that at next Wednesday's meeting of the committee he would move that the bill be re-reported to the house and Mr. Van Voorhees of Ohio gave notice that he would move to substitute the recommendations of the president's message on the subject.

MAKING STEADY PROGRESS.
American-Canadian Commission Was in Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The American-Canadian commission was in session, but its work was devoted to matters of detail. The members of the commission report, however, that they are making steady progress.

In the sixteenth century fencers held the sword in their right hand and a dagger in the left to ward off blows.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 11.
WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 68¢@69¢.
CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, old, 42¢@43¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 41¢@41½¢; high mixed, shelled, 39¢@39½¢; No. 2 yellow shelled, new, 40¢@40½¢; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 42¢@42½¢.
OATS—No. 1 white, new, 33¢@34¢; No. 2 white clipped, 33¢@33½¢; extra No. 3 white, 32½¢@33¢; light mixed, 31¢@31½¢.
HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$8.75@9.00; No. 2, \$8.00@8.25; No. 1 clover mixed, \$8.00@8.25; wagon hay, \$9.00@9.50 for timothy.
POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 65¢@75¢ per pair; small, 50¢@60¢; spring chickens, 50¢@60¢ per pair; ducks, 60¢@75¢ per pair; turkeys, 10¢@11¢ per pound; geese, \$1.00@1.15 per pair. Dressed—Chickens, 10¢@11¢ per pound; ducks 10¢@11¢; turkeys, 12¢@14¢; geese, 9¢@10¢.
GAME—Rabbits, per pair, 12¢@15¢; quail, per dozen, \$1.25@1.50; squirrel, per dozen, \$1.00@1.25; pheasants, \$6.00@7.00; prairie chickens, \$5.00@6.00 per dozen; wild turkeys, \$1.00@1.50 each; venison saddle, 17¢@18¢ per pound.
BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23¢@24¢; extra creamery, 22¢@23¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 18¢@19¢; country roll, 14¢@15¢; low grades and cooking, 11¢@12¢.
CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, 10½¢@11¢; three-quarters, 9½¢@10¢; New York state, full cream, October make, 11¢@11½¢; Ohio Swiss, 11¢@11½¢; Wisconsin, 11¢@11½¢; 20-pound brick, Swiss, 12¢@12½¢; Limburger, 11¢@12¢.
EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 25¢@26¢; candled, 2¢@27¢; southern, fresh, 23¢@24¢; storage eggs, 21¢@22¢.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 11.
CATTLE—Supply today light; market steady. We quote: Extra, \$5.40@5.60; prime, \$5.15@5.35; good, \$4.90@5.10; tidy, \$4.50@4.75; fair, \$4.00@4.35; common \$3.30@3.75; feeders, \$3.80@4.35; stockers, \$3.00@3.75; heifers, \$4.20@4.40; oxen, \$2.50@3.75; bulls, cows and stags, \$2.50@3.80; good fresh cows, \$4.00@5.00; fair, \$2.50@3.50; bologna cows, \$1.00@2.00.
HOGS—Receipts light, about 10 double-decks; market active and 5c higher. We quote: Prime heavies and assorted mediums, \$3.85@3.90; best Yorkers, \$3.80@3.85; light Yorkers and pigs, \$3.70@3.75; skips and common pigs, \$2.75@3.25; roughs, \$2.50@3.40.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply 4 loads; market steady. We quote: Choice wethers, \$4.45@4.55; good wethers, \$4.25@4.40; fair mixed, \$3.70@4.10; common, \$2.50@3.50; choice lambs, \$3.30@3.45; common to good, \$4.50@5.25; veal calves, \$5.50@7.25; heavy and thin calves, \$4.00@5.00.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 11.
HOGS—Market active and higher at \$3.17½@3.75.
CATTLE—Market strong at \$2.50@4.85.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at \$2.25@4.00. Lambs—Market steady at \$4.25@5.40.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.
WHEAT—Spot market firm; No. 2 red, 80½¢ f. o. b. affloat to arrive.
CORN—Spot market firm; No. 2, 43½¢@43¾¢ f. o. b. affloat.
OATS—Spot market quiet; No. 2, 33½¢; No. 2 white, 35½¢.
CATTLE—Market active; steers firm to a shade higher; bulls 1c higher; steers steady to 1c higher. Steers, \$4.00@5.50 tail ends \$4.30; oxen and stags, \$2.70@4.80; bulls, \$5.00@6.40; cows, \$2.10@4.10.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady to firm; lambs, opened strong, closed easy. Sheep, common to good, \$3.00@4.75; no prime here; lambs, ordinary to choice, \$2.45@5.85; Canada lambs, \$3.02½@4.70; culis \$4.50.
HOGS—Market firm at \$3.85@4.10.
The News Review for news.

The First National Bank Of East Liverpool, O.

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

DAVID BOYCE, W. L. THOMPSON.
J. M. KELLY, O. O. VODREY.
B. O. SIMMS, JNO. O. THOMPSON.
JAS. N. VODREY.

Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 50,000

General Banking Business.

Invite Business and Personal Accounts!

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

193 Washington Street.

FOR SALE.

Lot on east side of Avondale, between Bradshaw and Minerva Street. Will be sold cheap to cash buyer. Call on

The Hill
Real Estate Co.
105 Sixth St., City.

PIANO TUNING.

1st tuning.....\$3.00
2d tuning (within 1 yr) 2.00
3d tuning (within 1 yr) 1.00
J. P. HARRINGTON.
SMITH & PHILLIPS.

Our Fire Department

Received 17 calls during the month of December. The next call may be to some of your property. If not insured you should at once. Apply for rates to

GEO. H. OWEN & CO.,
General Insurance and Real Estate Agts.,
First National Bank Building.
Phone 49.

BRIGGS PIANOS

SMITH & PHILLIPS
EAST LIVERPOOL - OHIO
WITH W. L. THOMPSON & CO.

Watch Repairing.

A watch is a most delicate piece of mechanism, and when out of order should be placed in the hands of the most skillful workmen.

Take it to PATTISON.

Our Is steadily growing. We Optical make glasses that FIT, and Business the materials are the finest procurable.

224 WASHINGTON ST. Running and Paid Up Stock

now being issued in any amount desired.

THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.,
Corner Fifth and Washington.

ALL the News in the News Review.

It Will Be a
Happy New Year
If you use

**"COKE'S
BREAD."**

Made by W. H. Colclough &
Co., 102 Fifth Street.

PHONE 176-2.

N. B.—Leave your orders now for
Fruit Cake. Wedding Cake a specialty.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The Red Men will install officers this evening.

Frank Oyster, of Sixth street, was in Alliance today on business.

Councilman W. C. Stewart is visiting friends in Hancock county today.

J. W. Finley is able to be out after a severe illness with the grip.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Sebring will this evening entertain a party of friends at dinner.

John W. Harris has returned from a visit of a few days with Rochester friends.

The street force were busy today cutting ice in the hill streets so that teams could get up them.

John Means, of Steubenville, was in the city last evening, the guest of John S. Goodwin, of Broadway. He returned to his home this morning.

The number of strangers who have come to the city within the past few days has been almost without precedent and the hotels have been crowded.

The household effects of Mrs. Cora Watson were this morning shipped to New Brighton. It has been several days since any movings have been received.

Mrs. M. K. Zimmerman is seriously ill at her home in Market street suffering from a severe attack of the grip. Her condition yesterday was considered serious.

Mrs. Maria E. Carson, wife of Rev. F. M. Carson, is seriously ill at her home, 351 Lisbon street. Although the illness has been prolonged, her friends anticipate speedy recovery.

William Wilson, who sails Saturday for England, will take with him an exhibit of 30 pieces of fine American ware to Nottingham Castle. The ware is being sent by William Mayer.

The supreme court has decided that telephone companies cannot cut down trees bordering highways without the consent of property owners. The party who brought suit received \$1,200.

The funeral of Robert Reed took place this afternoon from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Daniel Southall, and was very largely attended. Rev. B. M. Carson officiated. Interment was made at Spring Grove.

John and James Seeley and William Hauck, the alleged river pirates who were suspected of having operated in this place, were detected in an attempt to escape from the Steubenville jail. They had sawed the bars of their cells.

The main line of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road, between Broadway and Walnut street, was improved today by the placing of several new rails in the place of the old ones. Foreman Hickey has placed this section in the best condition possible.

It was rumored this morning that a charge of keeping open after hours had been preferred against an uptown saloon keeper. Mayor Bough was asked about the matter this morning and said that he had not seen any such charge if one had been made.

Clerk Ed McClure, of the postoffice department today received the October examination papers from Washington. The successful persons who passed the examination are Miss Lillian McBane, clerk; Edward Gould, mail carrier.

Mayor Bough returned to his office last evening, after spending the day visiting his father, Stacey P. Bough, at Cannon's Mills. The gentleman has been very ill with the grip, and Tuesday it was feared he was taking the pneumonia. His condition last evening was much improved.

Matters continue slow at the freight depot, and yesterday very few cars were loaded and sent from the outbound platform. The clerks at the general office have business to do, but they are not rushed like they were in November. Receipts are fair, and a small increase is visible over those of last week.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

REMOVAL SALE.

A GENUINE REDUCTION. This accounts for the hundreds of pleased customers who have attended this sale. The low prices still rule; so almost anything you may need in the line of dry goods can be secured at this sale at a money saving to you.

Blankets.

Good blanket weather—good time to buy. This is a good place to buy them, as we not only carry good reliable blankets, but the prices are very low.

All wool colored blankets, 66x81 inches. regular price \$2.98; sale price, \$2.48.

The \$3.50 blankets at \$2.98.

The \$4.50 blankets at \$3.98.

The \$7.50 blankets at \$6.50.

And similar reductions on any other priced blankets we have in stock.

Comforts.

\$7.50 eider down comforts, silk top, satine lining, at \$6.25.

\$3 cotton down comforts at \$2.40.

\$2.75 extra size home made at \$2.40.

\$2.25 comforts at \$1.75.

\$1.75 comforts at \$1.40.

\$1 comforts at 85c.

Flannels.

All wool country made—

The 35c flannels at 28c.

The 21c flannels at 17c.

\$1 all wool flannel skirts at 80c each.

Lace Curtains.

Our entire stock of lace curtains, curtainnets and curtain materials at a discount of 20 per cent.

Furs.

A few nice fur scarfs at low prices.

Collarettes.

The \$2.98 collarettes at \$1.98.

The \$8.50 collarettes at \$6.25.

The \$15 collarettes at \$9.98.

Cloaks.

Selling coats every day now. Good time to buy, prices are low and you have about three or four months yet in which to wear a winter jackee.

Women's Jackets.

The \$5 jackets at \$3.98.

The \$7.50 jackets at \$5.

The \$10 jackets at \$6.98.

The \$18 jackets at \$11.98.

Low prices on plush capes.

33 1/3 % REDUCTION

on all children's cloaks, 1 to 12 years. It will pay you to visit our Removal Sale.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

PROTEST AGAINST NORTH.

A Resolution Was Adopted by the Ohio Woolgrowers—Lawrence Re-Elected President.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—The Ohio woolgrowers adopted resolutions asking congress to revise the wool and woolen goods schedule of the tariff law so as to equalize the protection to manufacturers and to wool; advocating the establishment of depositories for marketing wool and opposed the appointment of S. N. D. North, secretary of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, as superintendent of the census for the alleged reason that his sympathies were adverse to the woolgrowers. Judge Lawrence of Bellefontaine was re-elected president and W. N. Cowden of Quaker City secretary.

After Columbus Gas Interests.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—Emerson McMillan of New York city is in this city, and in an interview said that he was representing a company recently incorporated by New York capitalists, under the laws of West Virginia, with a capital stock of \$5,000,000, which was about to secure the control of the Columbus Gas company and the Central Ohio Natural Gas and Fuel company. The purpose was to prevent the depreciation of the property, owing to fierce competition. Mr. McMillan said, but not to consolidate the two concerns.

Railroad to Be Sold.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—The Hocking Valley and Toledo railroad will be sold in this city on Feb. 24, under the order of the United States court, by the special master commissioners. No bid for less than \$3,250,000 will be considered on the railroad property, and none less than \$750,000 on the property of the Hocking Coal and Railroad company, a subsidiary concern. The sale is in furtherance of the reorganization plan.

Died About Two Hours Later.

CANAL DOVER, Jan. 12.—William Spicher, aged 35, who lived near Beach City, was watching laborers engaged in blowing out stumps with dynamite, when a heavy piece of timber struck him. He died about two hours later.

FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS.

Women's Board For the United States and Canada Met in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The third conference of the women's board of foreign missions in the United States and Canada opened here, in the Broadway tabernacle. The following officers were elected to serve during the conference: President, Mrs. Judson Smith, Boston; treasurer, Miss Elgiman, Boston; secretaries, Miss Theodora Crosby, New York, and Miss Mabel Brown, Newark, N. J.

NEW THEOLOGICAL PROFESSORS.

Rev. Drs. Hall and Knox Nominated For Places at Union Seminary.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Union Theological seminary the Rev. Dr. Thomas C. Hall, formerly of Chicago, was nominated professor of Christian ethics and the Rev. Dr. George W. Knox of Rye, N. Y., formerly of the University of Tokio, Japan, and for some time lecturer of apologetics at the Union seminary, was nominated professor of the philosophy and history of religion.

Under the rules of the board the nominations will be confirmed at a special meeting 30 days hence.

REV. DR. VAN DYKE CALLED.

Clergyman Asked to Take Chair of Literature at Johns Hopkins.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke, pastor of the Brick Presbyterian church, received a call to the chair of literature of Johns Hopkins university at Baltimore.

Dr. Van Dyke was seriously considering the offer, it was said, but a strong effort was being made by the congregation to retain him as pastor.

Hillis Spoke in Plymouth Church.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The Rev. Dr. N. D. Hillis, pastor of the Central church of Chicago, who had been called to fill the pastorate of Plymouth church, received his first introduction to that congregation, when he lectured to an audience that crowded the church.

AGAINST CURRENCY LEGISLATION.

House Committee Voted to Withdraw the Bill on the House Calendar.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The banking and currency committee of the house unanimously directed the withdrawal of the bill revising the banking and currency laws now on the house calendar.

Representative Mitchell of New York gave notice that at next Wednesday's meeting of the committee he would move that the bill be re-reported to the house and Mr. Van Voorhis of Ohio gave notice that he would move to substitute the recommendations of the president's message on the subject.

MAKING STEADY PROGRESS.

American-Canadian Commission Was in Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The American-Canadian commission was in session, but its work was devoted to matters of detail. The members of the commission report, however, that they are making steady progress.

In the sixteenth century fencers held the sword in their right hand and a dagger in the left to ward off blows.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 11.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 68¢@69¢. CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, old, 42¢@43¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 41¢@41½¢; high mixed, shelled, 39¢@39½¢; No. 2 yellow shelled, new, 40¢@40½¢; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 42¢@42½¢. OATS—No. 1 white, new, 33¢@34¢; No. 2 white clipped, 32¢@33¢; extra No. 3 white, 32½¢@33¢; light mixed, 31¢@31½¢. HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$8.75@9.00; No. 2, \$8.00@8.25; No. 1 clover mixed, \$8.00@8.25; wagon hay, \$9.00@9.50 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 65¢@75¢ per pair; small, 50¢@60¢; spring chickens, 50¢@60¢ per pair; ducks, 60¢@75¢ per pair; turkeys, 10¢@11¢ per pound; geese, \$1.00@1.15 per pair. Dressed—Chickens, 10¢@11¢ per pound; ducks, 10¢@11¢; turkeys, 12¢@14¢; geese, 9¢@10¢.

GAME—Rabbits, per pair, 12¢@15¢; quail, per dozen, 1.25@1.50; squirrel, per dozen, 1.00@1.25; pheasants, \$4.00@7.00; prairie chickens, \$5.00@6.00 per dozen; wild turkeys, \$1.00@1.50 each; venison saddle, 17¢@18¢ per pound.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23¢@24¢; extra creamery, 22¢@23¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 18¢@19¢; country roll, 14¢@15¢; low grades and cooking, 11¢@12¢.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, 10½¢@11¢; three-quarters, 9½¢@10¢; New York state, full cream, October make, 11¢@11½¢; Ohio Swiss, 11¢@11½¢; Wisconsin, 12¢@14¢; 20-pound brick, Swiss, 12¢@12½¢; Limburger, 11¢@12¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 25¢@26¢; candied, 2¢@27¢; southern, fresh, 23¢@24¢; storage eggs, 21¢@22¢.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 11.

CATTLE—Supply today light; market steady. We quote: Extra, \$5.40@5.60; prime, \$5.15@5.35; good, \$4.90@5.10; tidy, \$4.5¢@4.75; fair, \$4.00@4.35; common, \$3.20@3.75; feeders, \$3.8¢@4.35; stockers, \$3.00@3.75; heifers, \$4.25@4.40; oxen, \$2.50@3.75; bulls, cows and stags, \$2.50@3.80; good fresh cows, \$4.00@5.00; fair, \$3.50@3.80; bologna cows, \$10.00@20.00.

HOGS—Receipts light, about 10 double-decks; market active and 5¢ higher. We quote: Prime heavies and assorted mediums, \$3.85@3.90; best Yorkers, \$3.80@3.85; light Yorkers and pigs, \$3.70@3.75; skips and common pigs, \$2.75@3.25; roughs, \$2.5¢@3.40.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply 4 loads; market steady. We quote: Choice wethers, \$4.15@4.55; good wethers, \$4.25@4.40; fair mixed, \$3.70@4.10; common, \$2.50@3.50; choice lambs, \$5.30@5.45; common to good, \$4.50@5.25; veal calves, \$6.50@7.25; heavy and thin calves, \$4.00@5.00.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 11.

HOGS—Market active and higher at \$3.17½¢@3.75.

CATTLE—Market strong at \$2.50@4.85.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at \$2.25@4.00. Lambs—Market steady at \$4.35@5.40.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.

WHEAT—Spot market firm; No. 2 red, 80½¢ f. o. b. afloat to arrive. CORN—Spot market firm; No. 2, 43¢@43½¢ f. o. b. afloat. OATS—Spot market quiet; No. 2, 33½¢; No. 2 white, 35½¢.

CATTLE—Market active; steers firm to a shade higher; bulls 15¢ higher; cows steady to 1¢ higher. Steers, \$4.70@5.50; tail ends, \$4.30; oxen and stags, \$2.7¢@4.8¢; bulls, \$3.00@4.10; cows, \$2.10@4.10.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady to firm; lambs opened strong, close easy. Sheep, common to good, \$3.00@4.75; no prime here; lambs, ordinary to choice, \$3.25@5.85; Canada lambs, \$5.62½¢@6.70; culis \$4.5¢.

HOGS—Market firm at \$3.85@4.10. The News Review for news.

The First National Bank Of East Liverpool, O.

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

DAVID BOYCE, W. L. THOMPSON.
J. M. KELLY, O. O. VODREY.
B. C. SIMMS, JNO. C. THOMPSON.
JAS. N. VODREY.

Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 50,000

General Banking Business.

Invite Business and
Personal Accounts!

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

193 Washington Street.

FOR SALE.

Lot on east side of Avondale, between Bradshaw and Minerva Street. Will be sold cheap to cash buyer. Call on

**The Hill
Real Estate Co.**
105 Sixth St., City.

PIANO TUNING.

1st tuning.....\$3.00
2d tuning (within 1 yr) 2.00
3d tuning (within 1 yr) 1.00

J. P. HARRINGTON.
SMITH & PHILLIPS.

Our Fire Department

Received 17 calls during the month of December. The next call may be to some of your property. If not insured you should at once. Apply for rates to

GEO. H. OWEN & CO.,

General Insurance
and Real Estate Agts.,

First National Bank Building.

Phone 49.

BRIGGS

PIANOS

SMITH & PHILLIPS
EAST LIVERPOOL - OHIO
WITH W. L. THOMPSON & CO.

Watch Repairing.

A watch is a most delicate piece of mechanism, and when out of order should be placed in the hands of the most skillful workmen.

Take It to **PATTISON.**

Our Optical Business Is steadily growing. We make glasses that FIT, and the materials are the finest procurable.

**224 WASHINGTON ST.
Running and
Paid Up Stock**

now being issued in any amount desired.

THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.,
Corner Fifth and Washington.

ALL the News in the
News Review.

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 183.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, JAN. 12, 1899.

TWO CENTS

FIGHT FOR SENATOR.

Both Houses Resumed at Harrisburg Today.

SENATORIAL SQUABBLE GROWS.

Jenks and Black Both After the Democratic Nomination—Quay Can't Be Elected as Long as the Anti-Quayites Remain Firm.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 12.—Both branches of the legislature reconvened this morning.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 12.—The selection of a successor to Matthew Stanley Quay in the United States senate created almost as much contention among the Democrats in the legislature as in the Republican ranks. With the Democracy the question was whether George A. Jenks of Brookville or Chauncey F. Black of York should be the nominee of today's caucus in the supreme court chamber. With the Republicans, it was the field against Senator Quay, with neither faction certain as to the outcome. The Republicans have a majority of 74 on joint ballot, and the only way the Democrats hope to win is by a split among the Republicans.

Senator Quay has a majority of votes to start with in his own party, but so long as the anti-Quay legislators stand together he cannot be re-elected. While the Democrats are divided on the selection of a candidate to be voted for against Quay they agree that the senator will not poll any Democratic votes. The senate and house will vote separately next Tuesday and jointly the following day. Many of the legislators are predicting that there will be a deadlock and that a senator will not be elected until after the trial of the Quay-Haywood conspiracy cases in the Philadelphia courts.

A new and interesting phase is placed on the election of a senator by the general agreement among the leaders that the man receiving a majority of the votes cast in the joint session of the legislature will be the next senator. On joint ballot there are 254 votes. A majority of these would be 128, therefore only 65 votes are necessary to a choice, assuming that only 128 or a bare majority are present. Of the 109 Republicans who voted in the caucus last week, 88 named Senator Quay as their choice. At that time it was agreed that the action of the caucus was binding upon all of those present and that Senator Quay still lacked 19 of the 128 necessary to elect. Under the condition, as it really exists, if a number of members are absent from sickness or other cause when the joint ballot is cast, it is possible that a much smaller number than 128 will decide the senatorship.

It was stated that a secret conference had been held between the leaders of the Quay faction and certain Democratic leaders with a view to preventing fusion on the senatorship between the Democrats and the anti-Quay Republicans. The Democrats who took part in the conference will, it is stated, endeavor to hold the 84 Democratic members of the legislature in line for a straightout Democrat, thus defeating the selection of an anti-Quay Republican.

Senator Quay reached Harrisburg from Washington to take personal direction of his campaign. Senator Penrose came with him.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Republican state committee an address was adopted calling upon the Republican members of the two houses to stand by the action of the senatorial caucus in naming Colonel Quay as the party's candidate for the United States senatorship. One paragraph accused John Wanamaker and Judge Gordon with unwarranted interference in Republican and Democratic affairs, Wanamaker being charged with trying to defeat Stone for governor and Gordon having been repudiated by his party as aspirant for the governorship.

The 13 Democratic senators and 71 members are to meet this morning to nominate their candidate. Col. James M. Guffey of Pittsburgh, member of the national Democratic committee; ex-Governor Pattison of Philadelphia, chairman John M. Garman of the state committee and other party leaders, from over the state were here in Jenks' interest. Ex-Judge James Gay Gordon of Philadelphia, ex-Congressman Howard Mutchler of Easton and Jere S. Black, Jr., were directing Mr. Black's canvass.

Mr. Jenks' friends claimed he was entitled to the honor for having borne the brunt of the fight in the last gubernatorial campaign. He was the Democratic nominee and was beaten by over 100,000 plurality by Governor-elect Stone. The Jenks people said it was the party custom to accord this honor to the defeated candidate for governor. Mr. Black was the nominee about two years ago and was claiming the nomination on the ground that Jenks promised him his support during the campaign.

Senator William Flinn of Allegheny, chairman of the 53 Republican senators and members who refused to take part in any senatorial caucus until Senator Quay had been acquitted of the conspiracy charges, and Secretary of the Commonwealth David Martin of Philadelphia were directing the movements of the opposition. The anti caucus leg-

islators were intending to have a secret conference this morning to outline their plan of campaign for next Tuesday.

Ex-Postmaster General Wanamaker and a committee from the Business Men's League were also on the ground fighting Quay. They reached the city from Philadelphia and were joined by Congressman John Dalzell of Pittsburgh, Charles W. Stone of Warren and other prominent anti-Quay leaders.

JUST TO FILIPINOS.

Foraker Said This Country Would So Act—Self-Government Can Be Determined.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Mr. Foraker (O.) addressed the senate in opposition to the declaration of the Vest resolution that the United States has no constitutional power to acquire foreign territory to be maintained as colonies. While much of his speech was devoted to a constitutional argument in support of the right of this country as a nation to acquire and govern outlying territory, he gave particular attention to the utterances that have been made in contravention of that position, especially those of Mr. Vest and Mr. Hoar. He laid down the broad proposition that to adopt the Vest resolution was to declare that our fathers had brought forth a nation that was inferior to all other nations regardless of the generally accepted idea that one nation was the equal of another and all equally restricted. He maintained that the right to acquire territory was an inherent right of nationality, and that as we have the right to make war and to enter into treaty agreements, it follows logically that we have the power to acquire territory by conquest and to assume the responsibilities that may accrue therefrom.

In answer to a query by Mr. Hoar, Mr. Foraker said:

"With the determination of the ultimate policy respecting the Philippines these feelings will have much to do. No one, so far as I am able to learn, is preparing by force and violence to take and hold them. I am willing to trust the administration. I have no sympathy with those who talk of making war on Aguinaldo any more than I had with those who talked of making war on Gomez."

"I repeat," continued Mr. Foraker, "that we had four choices as to what we should do and I affirm that the president acted wisely. It is now for congress to investigate whether the Filipinos are capable of self-government and whether they desire self-government. We will know in a short time what the feeling of the islands is. Then we can act intelligently and I know we will act justly."

In conclusion, Mr. Foraker said he would place in the record the recent proclamation of the president to the insurgents as a declaration of the spirit and purpose of the United States. When he took his seat there was a demonstration of approval from the galleries which was unchecked by the presiding officer.

At the conclusion of Mr. Foraker's speech Mr. Allen (Neb.) continued briefly the debate upon the constitutional questions relating to the acquisition of the Philippines. He combated the position taken by Mr. Foraker, maintaining that the United States government could not constitutionally acquire the Philippine islands without the ultimate object in view of admitting them into the union as a state.

HIGH LICENSE FOR ALASKA.

This a Provision of the Criminal Laws Passed in the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The house completed and passed the bill for the codification of the criminal laws of Alaska, upon which it has been working intermittently for a week. An amendment was adopted providing a high license system in the territory with a species of local option. Liquor dealers, by its provisions, are to pay a license of \$1,000 per year, and the consent of a majority of the white citizens residing within two miles of a liquor dealer's establishment must be obtained before a license can issue.

An attempt to recommit the bill for the purpose of securing the adoption of a provision excluding convicts from service on juries was defeated.

THE PEACE TREATY REPORTED.

A Motion Made to Have Public Debates in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Senator Davis reported the peace treaty when the senate convened in executive session, stating that it had not been amended in any respect in the committee.

Senator Berry moved that the debate upon the treaty should be conducted in open senate, but the motion went over until today. There were only casual remarks upon the policy of publicity and these were generally favorable to the removal of the secrecy injunction from the treaty and as generally opposed to the opening of the doors of the senate for the debate upon the treaty.

Senator Davis gave notice that he would ask for the earliest possible consideration, giving the impression that he would move to take up the treaty today.

M. E. Freedmen's Aid Society.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 12.—The Freedmen's Aid society of the Methodist church was holding its annual session here. Part of the session was devoted to hearing reports and routine business.

COMPLAINED OF OTIS.

Americans From Manila Said He Was Inactive.

ALARMING REPORT TO MADRID.

Rios Sent Word That the Rebels Were About to Attack Manila—New Proposition For Control Eminating From Madrid—Opinion in Washington.

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Daily Mail publishes the following dispatch from Hongkong:

"The Americans who are arriving here from Manila complain bitterly of the inaction of Major General Otis, particularly in leaving the Manila water supply at the mercy of the rebels. They say a collision between the Americans and insurgents is inevitable. Aguinaldo's dispatches to the Filipino junta here have been stopped."

MADRID, Jan. 12.—General Rios, the Spanish commander, cabled from Manila reiterating the assertion that the situation of affairs in the Philippine islands was most grave. The rebels, it appeared, were concentrating in the neighborhood of Manila with the intention of attacking that place. Great preparations were being made for the defense of the city. The Spanish general also asserted that the natives of the Visayas had again refused to permit the Americans to land, threatening to resist by force if an attempt was made to do so. The Americans, therefore, according to General Rios, had abandoned the idea of disembarking and he confirmed a previous statement to the effect that they were unwilling to bombard Iloilo "because the European houses are soaked with petroleum with the view of being set alight by the American shells."

General Rios also alleged the rebels were determined to fight the Americans before reinforcements arrived from the United States.

In conclusion, General Rios said Aguinaldo's proclamation had "produced immense enthusiasm among the rebels."

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Madrid correspondent of The Times said: "It is not to the advantage of Spain that a settlement in the Philippines is delayed. The fact is fully realized that Spanish shipping is suffering from the uncertainty as well as the interests of the religious orders whose property is at stake and many of whose members are prisoners."

"It is not true that the Spanish commanders have been ordered to give the Americans trouble. Spain desires to bury the hatchet. A scheme is being seriously discussed for the government of the Philippines by an international company, or by three companies like the British South African company, which would be more acceptable to the natives than the rule of the United States and would enable Spanish investments without loss of markets in the archipelago."

LONDON, Jan. 12.—The Berlin correspondent of The Standard says that Prof. Blumentritt, Aguinaldo's representative there, wrote to The Tageblatt as follows: "The Americans, being addicted to drink, are less able to fight in the tropics than the sober Spaniards. A guerrilla war could be kept up for six or eight years, during which the inevitable conflict between the powers in Eastern Asia would afford the Filipinos a chance."

"All the Jesuits and Benedictines are at liberty; only the other orders have been kept prisoners. The former are now pro-American, because American rule offers the only hope of retrieving their fortunes. Ill treatment of prisoners is severely punished, while nuns are not molested, most of them being natives. The Americans imagine they can buy the insurgent army for \$3,000,000, but the Filipinos anticipate that an American party inspired by Washington's spirit will yet come into power and grant them independence."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—At the war department, when inquiry was made relative to a report that there had been a meeting near Manila of a commission selected jointly by General Otis and Aguinaldo, it was pointed out that under the large discretionary authority conferred upon him by the department and in conformity with the president's express instructions to exhaust all peaceful means of adjusting the difficulty with the insurgents, General Otis had full authority to adopt such a course without asking express permission from the department.

A rather interesting question was raised by the meeting of this commission as to whether it did or did not constitute a recognition of the insurgents, but the general opinion was that it did not, the matter being one of purely internal concern, with which no foreign nation had a right to interfere. Meanwhile the meeting of the commission had served at least to avert the crisis which seemed impending in the Philippines and there was now fair grounds for the supposition that the statu quo would be maintained, at least until the ratification of the pending peace treaty.

Depew to Address Railroaders.

CHICAGO, Jan. 12.—Arrangements were completed for a congress of rail-

way employes to be held in this city, Feb. 18, under the auspices of the Railway and Telegraph Employes' Political League. Chauncey M. Depew of New York will deliver an address.

DEFENDED THE BEEF.

Employees of Several Companies Testified. A Volunteer Nurse Told of the Seneca.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The war investigating commission examined as witnesses several employees of Libby, McNeill & Libby and Armour & Co., packers. All testified that the beef furnished the government, including tinned beef, was good and no chemical process was used for its preservation.

Jeannette Jennings, a newspaper woman and a volunteer worker of the Red Cross, told her experience as a nurse aboard the Seneca. She was sent aboard her to care for the sick who were returning from Cuba. She said that except for a single case of beef extract the vessel had not aboard it a single article for the use of the sick. The captain was very attentive and supplied many meals to the sick soldiers from the passengers' table, but he protested before starting that the vessel had not been cleaned and was in no condition to receive sick or convalescents and that she had no supplies nor even eating utensils for the sick aboard.

Witness, seeing this condition, had hastily collected as many supplies as possible from the Texas, but the time did not permit getting much.

The ship passengers, who were foreign attaches and correspondents, gave up their state rooms to the sick and with the hastily collected supplies, the ship managed to get through without losing a patient.

Transferred to American Flag.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Jan. 12.—The Menendez line of steamers, the most important Cuban coastwise mail company, transferred all its vessels from the Spanish to the American flag, celebrating the event here at a luncheon given on board the Josefita.

RYAN AN OLD TIME BANDIT.

Identified as the Leader in a Recent Robbery.

MANSFIELD, Mo., Jan. 12.—Bryum, the self-confessed trainrobber, positively identified John Kennedy, arrested in Kansas City, as the organizer and leader of the gang who held up and robbed a Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis passenger train at Macomb, Mo.

Kennedy was identified beyond question of doubt as Bill Ryan, the famous bandit, who was connected with the Jesse James gang for many years. Ryan carried scars received in some of his raids. Kennedy was brought here from Kansas City for his preliminary hearing.

FIFIELD REFUSED THE PLACE.

Jonathan Ross Accepted the Vacant U. S. Senatorship From Vermont.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., Jan. 12.—Hon. B. F. Fifield of Montpelier notified Governor Smith that on account of family reasons he was compelled to decline the appointment as United States senator to succeed the late Senator Morrill. The appointment was at once offered to Hon. Jonathan Ross of St. Johnsbury, chief justice of the supreme court of Vermont.

Ross accepted the appointment, resigning his office as chief justice.

Jonathan Ross was born in Waterford, Vt., April 30, 1826. He is a lawyer, was elected to the state supreme court in 1870, and in 1890 he was elected to the chief justiceship, which position he held until he sent in his resignation.

WRANGLING AMONG MINERS.

Trouble Over Proposal to Send a Committee For Certain Books.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 12.—After much delay and a recess the miners' national convention was called together again to hear a report from a special committee appointed to learn the progress of the investigators appointed to go over the books of the organization. This special committee stated that the records of the organization were not complete and a motion was offered to send a committee to Indianapolis to get the books of the Indiana organization.

Hot discussions occurred between Warner and Dolan and Ratchford and McBride and others. Hot discussion occurred for and against sending a committee for the books.

To Provide Consumptive Hospital.

ALBANY, Jan. 12.—The report of the special committee of the senate to investigate the question of the spread of consumption found that consumption was contagious and recommended that the state establish a hospital or hospitals for the treatment of cases of tuberculosis, the hospital to be located somewhere in the forest preserve in the Adirondack mountains, the site to be selected by trustees and approved by the forest preserve board. An accompanying bill provided for an appropriation of \$200,000.

Brought Back Sick Soldiers.

HAMPTON, Va., Jan. 12.—The United States hospital ship Relief, with 135 sick and convalescent soldiers from Santiago de Cuba and Ponce, Porto Rico, arrived at Old Point. The patients were transferred to the Josiah Simpson general hospital. Only 18 were too ill to walk.

MORE MUSTERED OUT.

The Fourth Kentucky Ordered Sent Home.

OTHER VOLUNTEERS TO FOLLOW.

Remaining Organizations in Southern Camps May Get Orders by Feb. 1. Those Afar to Be Released Last—Those in Philippines to Have Preference.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Orders were issued by Maj. Gen. Miles for the muster out of the Fourth Kentucky volunteer infantry now in camp at Anderson, Ala., officers and men to be provided transportation to their places of enrollment in Kentucky. The Sixty-ninth New York infantry is the only one of the volunteer regiments recently selected for honorable discharge that will be mustered out at its home station. The others are expected to be all mustered out at their present stations in the south.

In the selection of regiments for muster out the main consideration has been the interests of the government, and in every case the selection fell upon organizations whose services could be spared with the least impairment to the policy of the administration for the use of the military in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines. Consequently, the troops on duty in those countries will be the last of the volunteers to be mustered out. The volunteers in the Philippines are likely to be the first of those abroad selected for discharge. There will be no general discharge of regulars who enlisted till the war was over and until after the ratification of the treaty of peace with Spain.

If no more reinforcements were needed in Cuba and the Philippines between now and the Feb. 1, it was stated on good authority that all the remaining volunteer organizations held in reserve in southern camps would be mustered out within the next few weeks.

Wheeler Head For Pensions.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—General Wheeler appeared before the house committee on pensions and made a fervid appeal for a special pension bill giving to the widows and relatives of those who fell at Santiago and other battles of the Spanish war an amount commensurate with the gallantry of those who lost their lives.

War Vessels Left Callao.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Captain Barker cabled the navy department from Callao, Peru, that he was about to sail with the Oregon, the Scindia and the Iris directly to Honolulu, on the way to Manila. At the same time the battleship Iowa started northward for San Francisco in company with the collier Justin and the supply steamer Celdio.

BAD YEAR FOR WOOL.

A Discouraging Report Was Made by North—New Officers Chosen.

BOSTON, Jan. 12.—The thirty-fourth annual meeting of National Wool Manufacturers' association was held here. William H. Haile was re-elected president; Benjamin Phipps, treasurer; S. N. D. North, secretary. Secretary North's report was an exhaustive review of the year. He said in part:

The number of failures and assignments in the wool manufacture have been larger probably than in any previous year since the panic of 1857.

These many disasters among woolen mills are not due merely to the bad business conditions of the current year. They are the culmination of a series of years of short business at less than living prices.

The year's experience has again sharply raised the question whether it is not possible, by concerted action, to provide and enforce some remedy for the vicious methods of business which have crept into the trade.

The secretary then gave statistics showing the total foreign value of the imports of wools of every description for consumption under the present tariff, under the McKinley tariff and under the Wilson tariff, and said:

These figures enable us to be sure that foreign goods are no longer a serious element in the market situation, except as a few of those 18-month old importations may be still unsold.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED.

Skaters on the Way Home Struck by a Train, Near Irwin, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 12.—Four persons were run down and instantly killed by an express train near Larimer station, on the Pennsylvania railroad. The list of the dead was as follows:

Mary Miller, 17 years old.
Thomas Miller, her brother, 23 years old.

Albert Watson, aged 17 years.
Walter Brown, 20 years.

About a mile from Larimer is a pond known as the "Bald Eagle" dam, which affords skating for the young people in that vicinity. The victims of the accident had been skating there and were on their way home when killed.

Universalists' Convention Met.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The trustees of the general convention of Universalists met here. The chief business was the appointment of a missionary to Japan, appropriations and the election of a financial secretary.

AMANDA SMITH TALKED

Holiness Her Subject at the First M. E. Church.

SHE WILL SPEAK THIS EVENING

In the Auditorium of the Church—Meetings at the African M. E. Church Have Been Very Successful Since the Colored Evangelist Came to the City.

Amanda Smith, the colored evangelist, has been very successful since she began to hold meetings in the city. The first services were held at the African M. E. church which has been filled every evening with enthusiastic crowds. Reverend Carson has given the lady every assistance, and the result has been the accomplishment of much good. The services there ended last night, a large number of persons being in attendance. Tuesday afternoon the evangelist held her first meeting at the First M. E. church, and yesterday the lecture room was well filled with an interested audience. She spoke in the main on holiness, and her clear voice and earnest manner at once attracted the attention of all present. She spoke for some time, and handled the subject in a most satisfactory manner to those who were so fortunate as to hear her.

The evening services at the First M. E. church will begin tonight when the evangelist is expected to address one of the largest crowds ever gathered in the building.

COMING THIS WAY.

Pittsburg Capitalists to Build a Long Trolley Line.

Charters have been issued to two Pittsburg corporations, the Ohio Valley Railway company and the Coraopolis and Sewickley Bridge company, which propose to construct an electric line that will connect Pittsburg and Beaver Falls. The capitalization of the bridge company is \$200,000 and that of the other \$300,000. The Ohio river will be bridged from Sewickley to Coraopolis, and an electric line built from that point to Freedom, Beaver county. This will complete the line between Beaver Falls and Pittsburg.

A local man, who evidently knows more than he will tell of the scheme, says that it is only a matter of time until the line is extended down the river to the state line.

VERY FORTUNATE

Has Liverpool Been In Its Grip Experience.

"Liverpool has been fortunate in its experience with the grip," said a leading physician. "While the town has had a great many cases, and a large number of sick at this time, you have probably noticed that no cases of grip have resulted fatally, while in almost every other place you hear of people who are dying of the disease. I won't attempt to explain it, but you can readily see for yourself just what the situation is. We have the grip, but it's not the killing kind."

PENSION BILLS

Were Introduced Into the House by Hon. R. W. Taylor.

A special from Washington says: "Representative Taylor, of Ohio, introduced a bill to pension John G. Lindsay, of Salineville, at \$24 per month; also bills to correct the military records of Archibald Downey, of Alliance; Henry Wernet, Canton; William Hartzell, Mahoning county; David Harrington, Canton; Charles May, Youngstown; Jacob Metzger, Columbiana; and J. D. Wedley, Salem."

Not Popular In Steubenville.

The following from yesterday's Gazette seems to show that Mormonism is not popular in Steubenville:

"W. F. Burton, president of the Ohio Mormon conference, and 'Elder' J. B. Erickson, of East Liverpool, are here conferring with 'Elders' Thos. Warnock and E. A. Hardy who have been conducting their nefarious work in this vicinity."

Doctor Lee Improving.

Doctor Lee, who is confined to his home in Elm street by the grip, is improving and it is expected that he will be able to be out Sunday. Arrangements had been made to hold communion service at the First Presbyterian church next Sunday, but it has been postponed one week.

Interred In Spring Grove.

The funeral of Harry Neville took place this afternoon from the residence of his grandmother in Seventh street. The remains were interred in Spring Grove cemetery.

SKUNKS GUARDED WHISKY.

Connecticut Man's Novel Plan to Protect His Liquor From State Officers.

Liquor dealers in prohibition towns in Connecticut have employed all manner of dodges to defeat the sheriffs and prosecuting agents, but none evolved a plan like unto a Voluntown man. Voluntown has had more raids for its size than any town in the state. The officials are vigilant and the liquor dealers resourceful.

As a result of a complaint made to Prosecuting Agent Durnham he organized a search party, including the sheriff. Not a sign of whisky was found in the house of the suspected man. Durnham winked his eye and suggested that they look over the plowed ground at the back of the house.

"Suffering snakes!" ejaculated the sheriff, "that ain't whisky we smell?"

"How comes it that you know what whisky smells like?" asked Durnham. "Whew!" he added as the odor struck his nostrils.

"It's skunks!" said everybody in chorus.

There wasn't the slightest doubt of it. The coming of the searchers had aroused the animals. There were two of them, and they were tethered. A council of war was held. Durnham advanced the theory, born of long association with the violators of the prohibition law, that the skunks were placed there to guard whisky. The others agreed with him. They reconnoitered from a safe distance and made the discovery that the ground looked as if it had been recently dug up.

It was decided to kill the skunks. Durnham's theory was correct. Half a dozen jugs of whisky were found buried at the point where the pegs to which the skunks' tethers were fastened had been driven into the ground. "Don't think them skunks'll do that whisky any good," remarked the sheriff. The whisky was found on land owned by a man named Whipple, who denies all knowledge of it.—Special New York World.

VALUABLE CATTLE FOOD.

New Corn Product Successfully Made From the Stalks.

The new corn product upon which investigations have been conducted at the Maryland agricultural experiment station at College Park to determine its value as a stock food has been given much consideration by the farming community of the state—in fact, many states have taken up the subject and are conducting experiments to ascertain its relative feeding value. In the process of the extraction of the pith the blades and husk are first removed and the stalks are cut up in small pieces. After the extraction of the pith from the stalk the balance is ground up into meal, which in general appearance resembles coarse bran. This ground material is termed the "new corn product."

The new corn product contains 11 pounds per 100 more digestible matter and 2 pounds per 100 more digestible protein than the whole fodder shredded. During the past few years much has been done in the way of testing methods for preparing corn fodder for feeding, with most of the results in favor of some method of shredding the stalk. Shredding possesses many points which make it superior to the ordinary or old way of cutting fodder, the principal one of which is that the shredded fodder is almost wholly eaten by animals.

It is found that the new corn product contains within one pound as much total digestible matter as wheat bran, but less than one-third as much digestible protein; consequently the nutritive ratio is wider. It was further observed that animals fed with a fattening ration with the new corn product base made more gain in live weight and upon less feed than with a fattening ration of the same grain and corn blades. The keeping qualities of the new corn product are as good as linseed meal, cottonseed meal or wheat bran, and rations made up with this material can be fed with less labor and less waste of feed than when hay and fodder are fed separately, as ordinarily practiced.—College Park (Md.) Special Baltimore Sun.

An Insult.

A Caribou (Me.) man lately wandered into a remote hotel that doesn't keep a dictionary, and on coming down in the morning was asked by the landlord how he rested.

"Oh," replied the gentleman. "I suffered nearly all night with insomnia!"

The landlord took offense at this and roared, "I'll bet you \$2 there ain't one in my house!"—Exchange.

An Unfortunate "Immune."

He was one of the "immunes." And they marched him to the tunes. They played along the way to Santiago. But the first trip that he made. For a fortnight he was laid. On his back with the lumbago—the lumbago!

He was one of the "immunes." He had passed through sickly Junes. And lived to cheer his country's glorious banner.

But when the war was over. And he thought he was in clover. He had sixteen weeks of fever in Havana!

He was one of the "immunes." Singing patriotic tunes. While o'er the ranks the stars of glory clustered. But he's no "immune" believer. With the measles, chills and fever, And he's anxious out the service to be mustered!

WHITNEY'S ROYAL HOME

Mansion In New York Being Fitted Up on Magnificent Scale.

MILLIONS IN THE FURNISHINGS.

William C. Whitney's Devotion Surrounds His Invalid Wife With Many Luxuries—The Tapestries, Older Than the Oldest Gobellins, Have Cost the Wealthy Owner \$1,000,000. Ceilings Cost \$50,000.

Of all the royally appointed mansions that grace New York that which William C. Whitney is now building at 871 Fifth avenue, the corner of Sixty-eighth street, will be the most magnificent in its furnishings.

From what is known of his plans, Mr. Whitney has not spared millions to make his mansion a veritable palace of fine arts and luxury. He has ransacked the workshops of Europe to find art works for his new home. The leading sculptors and painters have been engaged to make the Whitney mansion as perfect as millions, linked with extravagance of taste, can make it.

In order that Mrs. Whitney may be pleased and cheered in her illness, Mr. Whitney has designed a royal suit for her which will outstrip the apartments of most of the queens of Europe. The walls of the boudoir are to be hung with a silk fabric for which \$35 a yard was paid. The furniture of her apartments is of the finest French make from special design and cost \$50,000, as it is lavishly decorated with carving.

The bathroom will be a place of surpassing magnificence. Lined throughout with snowy marble, it will hold a cameolike tub. This will also be of white marble, cut from a single block and carved upon its outer surface with graceful traceries in relief. The mono-



WILLIAM C. WHITNEY.

lith will rest upon a flooring of the finest mosaic. The faucets of the tub are to be of pure gold of unique design.

To the ceilings of the rooms Mr. Whitney has given particular attention. Each is a triumph in art. They were painted in France and cost \$50,000. In order that they may be put in place according to the artist's wishes workmen were sent to the United States with them, and they will have entire charge of placing them. This regal suit for Mrs. Whitney will consist of four rooms—boudoir, bedroom, dressing room and bath. The ultimate cost of them is impossible of calculation, as Mr. Whitney is constantly planning to add to their comfort and luxury.

In Mr. Whitney's drawing room will hang the famous Louvre tapestries for which he paid \$1,000,000. They were woven at the palace of the Louvre before the days of the now famous Gobelin tapestries and are accounted the finest fabrics in the world. They will aid in making the Whitney drawing room the most gorgeous room in New York.

The border of thin tapestries, mellowed by age, is a band of fruits and flowers in color on a base of gold 14 inches deep. The bullion threads with which it was woven are as bright and ruddy as when they left the weaver's hands.

The furniture of the drawing room is of teak, the richest of oriental woods, lavishly carved, thoroughly in harmony with the subdued tones of the tapestry. The shades to the windows are of white grosgrain silk, with curtains of fine meshed lace of rare make.

In searching the art shops of Europe Mr. Whitney has selected only the most valuable and rare bronzes, paintings, miniatures and ceramics for his palace. Many of the works date back into the dusty centuries and are the chef d'oeuvres of masters.

It is not known when the Whitney palace will be ready for occupancy, but it is thought the furnishing will be completed before next autumn. William C. Whitney has already expended millions in humoring his tastes, but his Fifth avenue palace will be the crowning achievement.—New York Journal.

A "Bureau of Courtesy."

A "bureau of courtesy" is being organized as one feature of the coming Transmississippi and International exposition in Omaha. The announcement of the bureau says: "It is hoped to enroll in it nearly all the residents of the city. Each member of the bureau will wear a button or a badge, and visitors will be privileged to address at any

time or place any wearer of this insignia for the purpose of getting information of any sort."—Keystone.

CAUGHT IN A SHOWER OF PIG

Connecticut Farmer's Thrilling Experience of His Life.

James Green of Norfolk, Conn., had the thrilling experience of his life recently, despite the fact that he was in the thick of the civil war. He went through Antietam, Shiloh and Gettysburg without a scratch, but now carries one arm in a sling.

Mr. Green works on a dairy farm between Canaan and Norfolk, where he has about 60 head of cattle under his supervision. He was on the main floor of the big barn the other day, when he felt a rush of air and saw a pudgy pig strike with a squashy noise at his feet. Before he could recover from his surprise a good sized hog flew past his ear and fell on the corpse of the pig. Mr. Green had heard of showers of frogs, but not of pigs. He looked up to locate the possible hole in the roof. A hay shoot runs up fully 50 feet to the lofts on each side of the barn, and it was from the top of this that the porcine meteors were radiating.

Says Mr. Green: "By the time the third porker had landed I says to myself, 'What in thunder's struck them critters?' for I knew their place was in the pens under the barn. Afore I could answer down comes a couple more, and I says to myself, 'Green, the thing for you to do is to stand from under and let the show go on.' So I jumped on one side and then turned to look up and see how many more I might expect, when, gee whiz, a corker seemed to come straight for me, brushin my face and just missin the spot he meant to strike.

"By this time I calkerlated I'd seen about all the show I wanted to, and I was jest startin to hump myself when, splash, bang, still another came, with such speed that I couldn't git out o' his way. All I could do was to put up my arm to save my head. Down I went like a thousand o' brick, the pig all over me. But the full force of the blow was on my arm, which was broken. As I was gettin up, more dead nor alive, I swan, another come and knocked me silly, and then I had to lay there till the shower was over. In all, 15 carcasses were piled up around me when I was able to git on my pins ag'in. Every inch o' my body's sorer'n a hen's twisted neck."

It was found that the pigs had migrated from the basement and in single file had climbed the narrow stairs to the loft. In their explorations they had gone too near the hay shoot, and, still sticking to the leader, had tobogganed down on top of Green.—Special New York Telegram.

NOVEL TRAINING METHODS.

"Kid" McCoy Has Taken Up a New System For His Coming Fight.

Although the weather has been unfavorable recently to outdoor athletic work at Asbury Park, N. J., it has not interfered in the least with the labors of "Kid" McCoy. This ambitious young athlete entered on a rigid course of training the other day, having as attendants his brother Homer, Doc Payne and Con Reilly.

His system is a little out of the ordinary, and his daily routine is according to a schedule arranged by B. H. Benton, whom McCoy says is his right hand man at Asbury Park. The morning is devoted to outdoor work, and the "Kid" does not return until 11 o'clock, when the time to noon is used up in bathing, rubbing, etc. When thoroughly cooled out, McCoy is severely treated with massage and a special preparation from a recipe of David H. Blanchard of Boston, the ingredients of which are secret.

In the afternoon two hours are devoted to bag punching, dumbbells and chest weight exercise. He has been giving up half an hour daily to boxing, but now he is to forego boxing as a part of his training. The one great effort of the aspiring young champion is to build up his health and weight, and whatever avoidupois he takes on he is desirous of retaining if it will not retard his activity or in any way handicap him.

His method of dieting is also special, all his meals being cooked and served under the superintendence of Mr. Benton. All meats, fruits and vegetables are sent to Asbury Park daily from New York, and the daily consignment is enough for several families. It is the intention to keep the "Kid" out in the open air as much as possible, weather permitting. The entire staff arise at 6:30 a. m., and they retire promptly at 9:30 p. m. The rules as laid out will be strictly lived up to until the contest.—Special New York World.

Matches Cause Insanity.

John McSwain, 27, of Wadsworth, O., recently was driven insane by eating potatoes cooked in a pot into which matches had fallen unnoticed. He was poisoned by the phosphorus, and insanity resulted.—Special Cincinnati Enquirer.

On a "Franc" Arrangement.

Paris was conspicuously remiss in hospitality toward the American peace commissioners, but the hotels will continue to accept money from United States guests with their usual magnanimous affability.—Washington Star.



A more pitiful sight than a mother and her child, both captives and shackled in a dungeon, could not well be imagined. There are thousands of mothers and their babes who lie shackled by disease in the dungeon of death.

Without knowing it, or having the faintest comprehension of it, the fault lies with the mother. Too many women enter upon the responsibilities of wifehood and motherhood while suffering from weakness and disease of the delicate and important organs that make wifehood and motherhood possible. A woman who suffers in this way cannot be a capable wife and a competent mother. Before entering upon the duties and responsibilities of these positions, she should see to it that her health, both general and local, is thoroughly restored. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all medicines for this purpose. It acts directly on the sensitive organs concerned, making them strong, healthy and vigorous. It promotes regularity of the functions, allays irritation and inflammation, heals ulceration, checks unnatural and exhausting drains and soothes pain. It tones and builds up the shattered nerves. It turns the dangers and pains of maternity into safety and ease. It is a medicine that is intended for this one purpose only and is good for no other. Dealers sell it and no honest dealer will suggest a substitute.

"Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription did me so much good that to-day I am well again and stronger than I have been for years," writes Mrs. Alex. Lockie, of Wise, Isabella Co., Mich. "I have a baby one year old and as fat and healthy as one could wish to see. I took two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' I keep Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets in the house all the time. My family take no other kind of pills."

THERE ARE OTHERS.

Plenty of Them, but so Different—Local Proof Is What East Liverpool People Want.

There are a great many of them. Every paper has its share. Statements hard to believe, harder to prove.

Statements from far-away places. What people say in Maine. Public expression from California. Ofttimes good indorsement there. But of little service here at home. East Liverpool people want local proof.

The saying of neighbors, friends and citizens.

Home endorsement counts. It disarms the skeptic, is beyond dispute.

This is the backing that stands behind every box of Doan's Kidney Pills; here is a case of it:

Mr. P. J. Green, veterinary surgeon, says: "While attending a sick horse belonging to Mr. G. H. Gardner, of 163 Jackson street, he remarked to me that the horse seemed to be in pain. I replied that I was the sicker of the two, as I could at that time scarcely straighten up with my back from lameness, weakness and severe pains. He asked me what my symptoms were, and I explained to him that I had suffered for a number of years from my kidneys; that I had attacks at times when nothing helped me, and it was agony for me to get around, but that I could not endure idleness. The secretions from the kidney were very high colored and acidulous; that I had spells of dizziness when I would see black specks floating before my eyes, and felt generally broken up. He looked up and said that he had the very thing I needed to cure me in his house—Doan's Kidney Pills. He went into the house and brought me out eight pills. I took them with me, and used them two at a dose. The effect was astonishing to me. I felt it almost at once, and went to the W. & W. Pharmacy and bought a box and took them. The encouragement held out to me by the first eight pills was not mythical, as by their continued use the improvement continued, and I consider no expression of praise too strong for Doan's Kidney Pills; in short they are no plus ultra.

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

ALL NERVOUS DISEASES—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse of other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Frequent Urinary and Consumption. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 CENTS per package or six packages (full treatment) for \$2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. **AAJAX REMEDY CO.,** 19 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John I. Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

Feeding Family Help.

The first work done in the Waldorf-Astoria, New York, each day is the preparation of breakfast for 1,200 employees. The last of these meals is served usually before the earliest rising guest sleepily orders his eggs and coffee, thinking himself almost a hero to be breakfasting at such an hour.

Swindled.

Mrs. Smarte says her husband is the worst man that ever was to go shopping. He's almost sure to get swindled every time. "Why," she says, "it was only t'other day that he bought a flute, and when it came home, if you'll believe it, 'twas full of holes."—Boston Transcript.

LANG BROKE HIS LEG

Peculiar Accident In a Bowling Alley.

FRACTURE QUICKLY REDUCED

Then the Injured Man Was Taken to His Home Where He Will In Time Recover. No Cause Is Assigned For the Unusual Happening.

A serious accident occurred last night in the bowling alley.

Early in the evening Isaac Lang and a friend were in the alley bowling a friendly game of ten pins. Mr. Lang did not use a heavy ball and every time after throwing a ball down the alley he was in the habit of making a quick turn and whirling around. He had just thrown a ball down the alley and made the usual quick twist. He stood for a few seconds and then fell on his right side. The spectators at first did not realize that he had been seriously injured, and waited for a short time for him to get up, but when it was found he was unable to do so he was removed from the alley and a physician summoned.

When the physician arrived he made a thorough examination and found that Mr. Lang had sustained a severe fracture of the left leg between the knee and hip, and stated that the fracture must have been caused by the twist after Mr. Lang had thrown the ball down the alley. The fracture was reduced and the injured man was made as comfortable as possible.

The patrol wagon was called and Mr. Lang was taken to his home in Forest street where he is resting as easy as could be expected under the circumstances, but it will be several weeks before he is able to be out.

READY TO BOOM

As Soon as the Papers For the Trust Are All Signed.

A story was in circulation today that the potteries would be rushed with work as soon as the affairs of the trust are placed in proper condition.

Orders have been piling up in the office of every pottery in town, and at the proper time they will be filled with a rush. It is stated that one firm has 11 car loads to ship, and their customers are anxious to have the ware, while another has contracts which must be filled at the earliest possible moment. There seems to be no question but what the demand for Liverpool ware just now is great.

HURT ON LINCOLN AVENUE.

A Coaster Collided With a Telephone Pole.

Lincoln avenue was crowded with coasters last night, a great many boys being among the number.

During the evening one youngster lost control of his sled and collided with a telephone pole. He was sent rolling down the hill, and when friends went to his assistance it was found that his chin was cut. The boy was taken home.

Broadway was another favorite coasting place, and the crowd there was large, but no serious accidents occurred.

CHICKEN THIEVES

Made Another Raid on California Hollow.

Chicken thieves have been busy in California hollow during the past few nights, and as a result a number of fowls have been stolen.

Among the number taken was a bird that had been matched against a Wells-ville chicken several weeks ago, but the fight was postponed because of the street railway strike.

There is no clue to the thieves.

NEW OFFICERS.

Library Directors Will Endeavor to Elect Them Tomorrow Night.

The library directors will hold a very important meeting tomorrow evening and new officers will be elected.

Miss McLane will present the annual report and the question of moving to larger quarters will be decided.

Spent a Day With Friends.

Rev. C. F. Swift spent the day in Beaver Falls and New Brighton visiting friends. While in Beaver Falls he was the guest of Rev. W. H. Gladden, at one time pastor of the Methodist Protestant church in this city.

Buchanan Is Better.

Robert Buchanan, of Third street, who has been confined to his home for some time as a result of injuries received in two gas explosions, is now able to be out. His injuries were more serious than were first thought.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

Muslin Underwear Sale.

Monday morning we placed on sale a lot of Agents' Samples of Muslin Underwear, together with our own entire stock, and give a uniform reduction of

20% OFF

regular close retail prices. This will give you the very best muslin underwear in the market, at the cost of material and trimmings. We make you a present of the making. The line consists of Night Gowns, Skirts, Drawers, Corset Covers and Chemise, and is choice in every particular.

25c garments will cost you	20c
35c garments will cost you	28c
50c garments will cost you	40c
75c garments will cost you	60c
\$1.00 garments will cost you	80c
\$1.25 garments will cost you	\$1.00
\$1.50 garments will cost you	\$1.20

At the first named prices these garments are extra good value; at 20 per cent off these prices they are Genuine Bargains. During this sale we will give 20 per cent off on all Laces and Embroideries.

OUR 1/3 OFF SALE

On ladies' and children's wraps and ladies' suits is still going on, and if you have anything in these lines to buy you ought to take advantage of this offer.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

Stupidity Rewarded.

This story is told of Sir Walter Scott, who was far from being a brilliant pupil at school. After he became famous he one day dropped into the old school to pay a visit to the scene of his former woes. The teacher was anxious to make a good impression on the writer and put the pupils through their lessons so as to show them to the best advantage. After awhile Scott said: "But which is the dunce? You have one surely. Show him to me."

The teacher called up a poor fellow who looked the picture of woe as he bashfully came toward the distinguished visitor.

"Are you the dunce?" asked Scott. "Yes, sir," said the boy. "Well, my good fellow," said Scott, "here is a crown for you for keeping my place warm."

A Prime Political Reason.

It was in the Newington ward, where the candidate on the Liberal side was Mr. Ritchie, a well known confectioner and restaurateur, whose pies and rock were equally famous in Auld Reekie. After the poll the following conversation was heard between two workingmen who had just emerged from the voting station: "Weel, Tam, did ye vote for Ritchie?" "No," said the other, "I didna." "And what for no?" asked his astonished friend. "You're a Leebler, are na' ye, and Ritchie's the Leebler candidate?" "I ken that fine," retorted his companion imperturbably, "but I never could bear Ritchie's pies!" —New Century.

Salt Hay.

Salt hay is used in winter for coloring various kinds of plants that grow close to the earth. It has a long staple, and it serves this purpose well. Straw with long staple still is used for bundling up plants and shrubs having stalks. Salt hay is used in cemeteries to cover up ivy clad graves. The ivy is thus kept in better condition than if it were left exposed to the blasts and the cold of winter. The brown hay is laid lengthwise upon the grave in a covering of uniform thickness all over it, which is held in place by bent rods settled down upon it at intervals, hooplike, and with their ends in the ground on either side.

Political Wit.

The repartee of the political platform is frequently surpassed by the repartee of the crowd. Recently, at a Conservative meeting, a local politician "on the stump" declared, in vindication of his devotion to truth, that when a boy he had been thrashed by a mistaken father for telling it.

It was an ill mannered Democrat in

the body of the hall who briskly replied, "I guess it's cured yer, guvner!" —London Chronicle.

Princess Maud and Her Monocle.

Among the notable personages of Europe who have introduced the wearing of single eyeglasses for women is the Princess Charles of Denmark, who before her marriage was Princess Maud, daughter of the Prince of Wales. Her example is being followed by many prominent ladies in English society. —New York Journal

WANTED.

WANTED—A good man for choice desk room in an office. Apply to A. W. Scott & Co., Foutts building. Room ready by March 1st.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. George Brunt, Fifth street.

WANTED—Christian man or woman here in position of trust; salary \$900. Enclose self-addressed, stamped envelope to Manager, care of this paper.

FOUND

FOUND—Pocketbook, containing money. Owner can have same by calling on F. Gray, Boston addition.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate.

IN pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Columbiana county, Ohio, I will offer for sale, at public auction, on Saturday, the 4th day of February, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., upon the premises, the following described real estate: Situated in the city of East Liverpool, county of Columbiana and state of Ohio, and known as and being that certain parcel of land near the northwest corner of the southeast quarter of section twenty-four (24), commencing at a post set in the west side of the public road at the southeast corner of a tract of land conveyed by William Densmore and wife to James Densmore, and running thence south eighty-two (82) feet and six (6) inches to a post; thence south eighty-seven and one-half (87½) degrees west one hundred and twenty-four feet (124) feet; thence north eighty-two (82) feet and six (6) inches to a post on the east side of a ten-foot alley; thence north eight y-seven and one-half (87½) degrees east one hundred and twenty-four (124) feet to the place of beginning.

Said property is appraised at eleven hundred and thirty-four dollars (\$1,134.00), and cannot sell for less than two-thirds of said appraisement.

Terms of sale: One-third in hand, one-third in one year and one-third in two years from the date of sale, with interest; deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on premises sold.

J. H. BROOKES, Administrator of Emily Mountford, deceased.

Jan. 4, 1899.

HASSEY'S PLACE

For Fine Candies.

No stale goods. Fresh every day.

Opposite First National Bank.

Have You Inspected It? — Inspected What?

Why that Magnificent JOB and BOOK WORK turned out at the....

News Review Job Office.

FINE Presses, Skilled Workmen, Superb Material. Thousands of dollars worth of latest Designs and Styles of Type, Border and Novelties. All work absolutely guaranteed.

Test the News Review Job Department.

The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

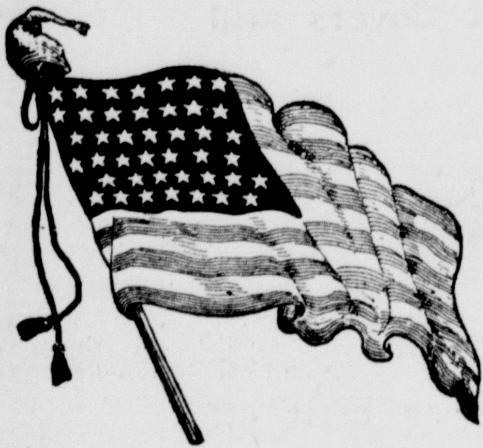
PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
 HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
 [Entered as second class matter at the East
 Liverpool, O., postoffice.]
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
 (Postage free in United States and Canada.)
 One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
 Three Months.....1 25
 By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, JAN. 12.



UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Labels at the head of their columns.



CARNEGIE is probably ill. He hasn't had an "important communication" for the public for several days.

It costs money to be elected to a seat in the United States senate from Montana. One candidate is credited with paying \$30,000 for a vote.

SENATOR HOAR is believed in the far east to be a strong man and good, but he probably felt that he had been largely overestimated as he heard the splendid argument of Senator Foraker yesterday.

The regular troops about to be sent to the Philippines will doubtless give a good account of themselves if Aguinaldo continues in his avowed course. There are no better soldiers on earth than are found in the United States army.

WHEN Jerry Simpson acknowledges that prosperity has taken so firm a hold on the people as to render useless his experienced calamity cry as a vote catcher, the time has come for novices like Bryan to learn the lesson of experience as taught through his friends.

WHILE Bryan, Carnegie and Altgeld are endeavoring to prove that the country is going to the dogs, business men who have no political axes to grind say the people were never in better condition financially, nor were the prospects for continued prosperity ever brighter. The public will not require much thinking to decide which side of this important matter is correct.

WHEN Grover Cleveland understands that this country looks upon him as a dead duck he will probably cease to be interviewed on public questions. He might have remained a prominent figure, but by his own actions he gave his friends to understand that he had made his pile out of politics and was willing to quit. Now the country is anxious that he will keep his promise.

CARNEGIE AND BRYAN.

If Andy Carnegie is a true prophet, and his prophecy that Bill Jennings Bryan could, if he would, defeat the peace treaty with Spain, should materialize, what would Bill and Andy offer to the people of the United States as a substitute? Echo, etc.

THE FUTURE OF CUBA.

Much is being written concerning the future of Cuba, and many arguments are being advanced to show that it should be made a part of the United States, but these enthusiasts forget that we have no right to possess the land. While it is the duty for this government to occupy the island until a stable government can be found and the insurgent leaders made to understand that liberty is not license to murder and rob those residents who did not support them during the war, it is not its right to take complete possession and govern for all time. That question must be settled by the Cubans in their own way after quiet has come to the island and the people have settled down to the pursuits of peace. Then, if they desire to unite with the Union, the time will have come for the United States to accept. When this will be no man can tell, but that it will come in time no one will deny. Cuba, as a part of the Union, would indeed be a garden spot.

Dyspeptics, Office Men and Others, TAKE NOTICE.

WE have secured the agency for the Purina Milling Co.'s Ralston Flour, and in addition to the very popular bottom and pan loaf we are now baking, we will from the flour, commence baking a new bread called **BRAIN BREAD.** No loaf will be GENUINE unless it CONTAINS the Brain Bread Brand. Ask your Grocer for **BRAIN BREAD,** and you will get the most nourishing and health giving bread on the market.

The Bagley Co.,

Originators Home Made Baked Goods.
 Phone 44.

Fine Foods Build
 Fine Minds.

TOOK TWO TO LISBON

John Purpuri and Edward Hoover Are In Jail.

BURGLARY, LARCENY CHARGED

It is the Result of Their Appearance at City Hall Last Saturday, When They Asked to Be Locked Up—John Sharp Promised to Drink No More.

John Sharp, employed as hostler by John Rinehart, took the temperance pledge before Mayor Bough this morning and gave his word he would not be back until next year and probably longer. Notwithstanding this John paid \$6 60 before he pronounced the words which put a wide gap between him and bad whiskey. Sharp was arrested yesterday afternoon by Officer Bryan in the Midway, and taken to the jail in the patrol where a charge of being drunk was placed against him. He was released.

Yesterday afternoon John Purpuri and Edward Hoover were brought before the mayor and charges of burglary and larceny were read to each. Both pleaded not guilty and waived a hearing for court. Each was held in the sum of \$400 on the first charge and \$50 on the second. They did not furnish the amount this morning and Chief Johnson took them to Lisbon by the overland route.

The men, it is alleged, entered the brewery of Thomas Greenwood last Friday evening by breaking a window on the east side of the building, and took a small keg of porter. At the same time a dish pan filled with string sausage was taken from the meat shop of William Clay, West Market street. The keg and sausage were found in the coal house of the Purpuri residence by Chief Johnson. The men appeared at city hall and asked to be locked up "for fun."

William Messer, who was locked up several days ago on suspicion, was released from custody last evening. It was thought he was implicated in the Hauck robbery, but he was able to prove his innocence.

The charge of suspicion, which has been the cause of the detention of Thomas Boyd since Monday morning, will be changed this evening to one of a more serious character. It will probably be larceny. The authorities have been working hard on the case, and have everything in readiness to warrant them in making the charge. His hearing will probably take place tomorrow.

THE BAND

Will Continue to Be a Part of the Eighth.

The Eighth regiment band, which accompanied the regiment to Cuba, has been reorganized at Akron and when the regiment has been put on its feet once more will be a part of that organization. W. R. Palmer has been re-



EVEN
 IF

You had a

NECK

As long as this

fellow and had

SORE
 THROAT

ALL
 THE
 WAY
 DOWN

Tonsiline

WOULD QUICKLY
 CURE IT.

25c and 50c.
 All Druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO.

CANTON, O.

elected leader; J. T. Flower, president; Herbert Cooper, secretary; U. G. Kirn, treasurer.

The members of Company B have also decided that they will continue in the regiment, and will hold a meeting next Monday night for the purpose of setting on foot measures for the reorganization of the company.

AMANDA SMITH.

This Famous Colored Evangelist Is Quite a Joker.

Yesterday afternoon, in the meeting at the First M. E. church, the famous colored evangelist, made use of the pith of the following, respecting the pastor, who has been threatened with an attack of grip:

"Doctor Crawford, your beloved pastor, is ill with the grip. Don't let his sickness interfere with your coming to church and getting a share of the good things the Master provides. If you get as good a grip on the Lord as the grip has on Brother Crawford, you'll be all right."

SOON AS POSSIBLE

Will State Secretary Kling Visit This Place.

Secretary Platts this morning received a letter from State Secretary Kling stating that he was unable to be here last Friday owing to the fact that he was called to New York on important business relative to the coming state conference.

Mr. Kling said he did not know how long he would be in New York, but said he would notify the secretary as soon as he was able to visit the city to hold a conference with the Ladies' auxiliary and board of directors.

AN INQUIRY.

Can Private Business Be Transacted In a City Office?

MR. EDITOR:—I am in receipt of a circular saying the representative of a foreign corporation will be at the water works' office to transact business with any party so desiring. I want to know what right any one has to transact business in that office that we taxpayers pay for, except the water works' business. Do the water works trustees sanction this?

INQUIRER.

PALESTINE UNIONISTS

Will Organize a Trades and Labor Council Tomorrow.

The labor unions of East Palestine will tomorrow evening hold a preliminary meeting to organize a Trades and Labor council.

They will adopt the bylaws and constitution of the Liverpool council and will probably ask that a prominent member of the organization be sent to their city to assist them in getting the organization started.

SKATING.

It Should Not Be Permitted on the Streets.

Complaints are heard on every hand because the police do not put an end to skating on the streets. In some parts of the city the pavements have been abandoned by pedestrians because of the danger of being knocked down by fast flying youngsters. It is a pronounced nuisance, and should be abated.

On the River.

The river continues to fall rapidly, and business at the wharf will soon be at a standstill again unless a change of weather comes to the rescue.

During the past 24 hours the Ohio has dropped about a foot. The gauge showed 8.7 feet at 6 p. m. yesterday. The Allegheny was putting out heavy ice yesterday. Most of the coal has gone south, however, and the packets are able to make good time. The Queen City passed yesterday. The Virginia is making good time on her way up, and it will be in tomorrow morning at the latest. She has a big freight trip.

Received an Invitation.

The city officials have received an invitation to attend a convention of the Ohio State League of Municipalities to be held in Zanesville, January 24, 25 and 26. It is not probable the invitation will be accepted.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. J. E. McDonald, Thompson Place.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

For Sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

A. R. MACKALL'S MONEY

A Palestine Relative Wants an Administrator.

MRS. MACKALL WAS NOTIFIED

The Matter Will Soon be Heard In Probate Court—Salem Woman After a Divorce—Second U. P. Church Granted the Right to Borrow Money.

LISBON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—L. D. Overlander and C. P. Rothwell have made application for letters of administration upon the estate of A. R. Mackall. A citation will be issued to Mrs. Mackall today, requiring her to take or renounce the administration of the estate. The hearing of her answer will be Jan. 24. By the law Mrs. Mackall is entitled to administer the estate if she so desires. She would also, naturally, be the proper person to act as guardian for her minor children, but under the law she cannot act as both. While the consent of the widow and next of kin is not necessary to the appointment of an administrator, ordinarily the person suggested by them, if suitable, is selected.

Ida B. Taggart, of Salem, asks for a divorce from her husband, Charles M. Taggart, on the grounds of absence for three years. They were married in 1893, and have no children. She asks to be given her maiden name of Bryan.

M. L. Young, of Salem, secured a judgment of \$274 89 against H. P. Schemmerhorn.

The Second U. P. church, of Liverpool, is authorized to mortgage its real estate in a sum not to exceed \$3,500 to pay for the completion of its new church.

Judge Smith finds that the indebtedness of the Furnace Clay company, of Salineville, remaining unpaid, is \$19,136.85, and J. G. Moore is appointed receiver to receive the amount assessed against the stockholders to pay this indebtedness.

The year's allowance to the widow, Lou K. McCalla, who lives in Kansas, by the appraisers of the estate of David W. McCalla, was set aside by common pleas court.

FOR COLLEGE ATHLETES.

A Large Indoor Track and Gymnastic Contest Planned For This Winter.

The University of Chicago is planning to hold a large indoor track and gymnastic contest this winter. It will probably be an open meet for colleges, academies and high schools, in which wrestling and gymnastic contests will be added to the regular programme of indoor track events. The exact date and place for holding the contests are not yet decided upon, but the meet will be held some time in March and probably at Tattersall's.

The event for this year has grown out of the success of the big Tattersall's meet of last season. Under Staggs' management the affair then proved one of the most satisfactory meets of the indoor season. College athletes were entered from Wisconsin, Illinois, Chicago, Notre Dame and Northwestern, while high schools and academies from Chicago, Aurora, Minneapolis and Albion, Mich., sent representatives. It will be the aim of the managers this year to duplicate the best features of last year's meet and to add others. Wrestling, which proved such an attraction last year, will be kept on the programme, and probably the series of gymnastic contests which were a pretty feature of the last meet will be repeated. Fencing and fancy tumbling and dumbbell exercises are to be retired.—Special St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

A Pair of Kings.

If Gillett goes to Spain and Carlos steals the throne, their business would be so mutual as to methods that they are likely to be chums.—Kansas City Times.

WOOD REACHED WASHINGTON.

Breakfasted With Alger and Later Went to the White House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Major General Leonard Wood, the military commandant at Santiago, arrived in Washington. He breakfasted with Secretary Alger and then repaired to the White House for a consultation with the president respecting internal conditions in Cuba.

The war department delayed final action on the various financial problems connected with the customs service at Santiago and at other Cuban ports until General Wood's arrival.

CHOATE NOMINATED.

The New Yorker Named as Ambassador to Great Britain.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The president nominated Joseph H. Choate of New York to be ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Great Britain.

Decided For Express Company.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 12.—Judge Arnold, in the common pleas court, in a suit brought to determine whether a shipper or the Adams Express company should pay for the war revenue stamp to be attached to bills of lading for express packages, decided in favor of the express company and that the shipper must pay for stamp.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER

Are the only preparations that will restore the hair to its original healthy condition.

—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—

The Last Drink of Summer.

Winter and rough weather is at the door. You now miss the drink of the thin glasses and the cooling summer beverages. The fruit juices, the frozen ices, etc., are now a thing of the past. But the man at the fountain now has something just as good. In place of these delicious summer drinks, we will serve you with steaming hot ones. Beef tea, chocolates, cocoa, clam-broth, coffee, etc.

Our Fountain Is Just as Popular as Ever.

BERT ANSLEY, CITY PHARMACY.

140 Fourth St., E. L. O.

Night School

Ohio Valley Business College.

Personal attention in COMMON BRANCHES.

Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand and Typewriting. Enter at once while there is a seat.

J. F. COOPER, PRESIDENT.

STRIKE IS ENDED

Street Railway Motormen Will Go To Work At Once.

CONFERENCE THIS AFTERNOON

Settled the Differences Existing Between General Manager Healy and His Men. Motorman Stodghill Will Not Be Taken Back, but the Property Matter Will be Settled to the Satisfaction of All.

President of Council Marshall this morning succeeded in arranging a conference between the motormen and General Manager Healy, and as a result the strike was settled.

A committee of the motormen, composed of Reeves, Dotts, Allison, Fowler, Morrow and Knapp, met General Manager Healy in the office of Doctor Marshall, and after a short deliberation it was decided to declare the strike off.

The terms of the settlement of the strike are that Motorman Stodghill will not be reinstated, but that he be given a letter of recommendation as a motorman and be given back all the money he had paid on his property, minus a reasonable rental if he sees fit to accept the terms. The other request of the motormen was satisfactorily adjusted, and the committee reported to the union. A meeting was held at once and the union unanimously ratified the action of the committee.

The men agreed to report for duty at once at the power house, and as the tracks have been kept in good condition the company had cars running over the line in less than an hour.

The end of the strike will cause a great deal of satisfaction to patrons of the line, and the amicable adjustment of the trouble is to be commended.

LATER—The first car in charge of Motorman Kerr left the power house a few minutes before 3 o'clock.

MISUNDERSTANDING

Prevented that Promised Meeting Last Evening.

Owing to a misunderstanding no meeting of the council committee and motormen's union was held last evening, as the motormen knew nothing of it.

A conference was arranged to be held in the evening between General Manager Healy and the employees, but when it was understood the council committee was going to meet the men the session to have been held with the general manager was postponed.

General Manager Healy stated this morning that there was no change in the strike and no effort would be made to send a car over the line for a few days. He said he had some applications for the positions of the motormen, but had not accepted any of them desiring to wait and see if the trouble could not be adjusted.

POSTPONED

Was the Case of Harrison Rinehart Against Charles Smith.

The case of Harrison Rinehart against C. A. Smith for \$38 has been postponed until tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. It will be heard by Squire Hill.

Frank G. Chapman has entered suit in the court of Squire Hill against Thomas Whitney for \$28.22 claimed due for goods sold and delivered. The case will be heard tomorrow.

SALESMEN NOW

The Number Employed and the Amount of Sales Being Considered.

H. A. Keffer has been selected by the trust to investigate and report upon the number of traveling salesmen selling Liverpool ware. Each manufacturer was instructed to send him a complete list of the salesmen they employ, the territory they cover and the amount of their sales each year.

A Big Book.

A copy of the latest book of rules and tariffs has been received at the local telegraph office. The volume is very large, and contains a complete list of the telegraph offices of the Western Union system and all its connecting lines and cables.

Officer Whan Still Ill.

Officer Whan, who has been ill at his home in Lisbon street for a week, is unable to be out as yet. He is suffering with a severe attack of grip.

NEWS REVIEW for news.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CALLED MILES LIAR.

General Eagan Used Strong Language This Afternoon.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—General Eagan this afternoon before the war investigators called General Miles a liar, and said he ought to be drummed out of the service.

QUIET AT MANILA.

General Otis Cables That Natives Are Returning.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—General Otis cabled today that conditions at Manila are quiet. Many natives are returning.

Those Who Are Ill.

Secretary Platts, of the Young Men's Christian association, who has been confined to his home for several days suffering from grip, was sufficiently recovered yesterday afternoon to visit the building. He resumed his duties this morning.

Mrs. S. J. Martin, of Broadway, is confined to her home by illness.

Mrs. Edwin Oppelt suffers from the grip.

Mrs. W. W. Bridge and two daughters are seriously ill at their home in Third street with grip.

Jonathan Hughes is ill with pneumonia at his home in Third street. Owing to his advanced age it is thought he will not recover.

Dr. C. B. Ogden is somewhat improved today, but will not be able to be out for a few days.

Mrs. Eliza J. Stapleton, who has been seriously ill at her home in Sixth street for several months, is slowly improving.

Exhibit of Falconry at Paris.

At the Paris exposition in 1900 a novel exhibit will be made of falconry, installed in the historical department of the section devoted to hunting. There will be shown all the implements used in the ancient sport, such as gloves, hoods, bags, uniforms. There will also be noted pictures of hunting with falcons, such as Darnet's in the Orleans museum, representing Anne of Austria, surrounded by her court women, all with falcons on their wrists.

Suffered an Operation.

An operation was performed this afternoon at the Mercy hospital, Pittsburgh, in order to try and save the arm of James B. Hall who entered that institution for treatment Monday. Mrs. Hall and John W. Hall left on the noon train to be present at his bedside.

Held a Business Meeting.

The officers and executive committee of the Endeavor society of the Methodist Protestant church held an important business session last evening in the lecture room of the church. Much business was transacted although it was of a routine character.

Much Improved.

Mrs. Charles McPherson, of Pleasant street, who has been in Denver, Col., for several months in search of health, returned to the city last evening in company with her husband. It is thought that her condition was much improved during her stay in the west.

Will Meet Here.

The Eastern Ohio Medical society, at its meeting in Steubenville, elected officers and decided to hold the next session in this place April 11.

A Minnesota Missionary.

Reverend Sulzer, Sunday school missionary for Minnesota, spoke at the First Presbyterian church last night.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—M. Wade was in Pittsburgh today on business.

—Edward Lewis is the guest of his parents in Wheeling.

—William Erlanger, of Fifth street, was a Pittsburgh visitor today.

—Frank Lowe, of Steubenville, spent yesterday in the city visiting friends.

—Harvey Barnhart, of Third street, left for Wheeling this morning, where he spent the day visiting friends.

—Mrs. Cora Watson and daughter left at noon for New Brighton, where they will make their future home. Her household effects were sent to that place this morning.

WELLSVILLE.

CIVIL SUIT SETTLED

Hibbits Brothers and Sheckler Came Together.

THE VERDICT WAS THROWN OUT

Because the Jury Had No Right to Deliver the Verdict Given—Mrs. Packer Is Very Ill—Result of an Accident to Her Husband—All the News.

Yesterday afternoon the case of Johnston Miller against the Buckeye brick works for the sum of \$81.85 was heard before Squire Haney. The case had been postponed from Monday on account of the illness of the plaintiff. Attorney Snediker represented the defendant and Lones & Ingram were there for the plaintiff. No testimony was introduced but that of the plaintiff, and in a very short space of time the justice rendered a decision in favor of the plaintiff for the full amount.

In the case heard before Squire McKenzie yesterday afternoon, concerning the just amount that should be paid Miss Gertie Lillace by Robert Dorsey, of East Liverpool, for the maintenance of his child, the justice ordered that \$300 be paid.

The judgment of the jury in the case of Hibbits against Sheckler was set aside by Squire Riley as no special verdict by a jury is allowed by the law. The parties came together and the matter was compromised by the payment of \$10 by the plaintiffs to the defendant and possession of the mine to be given up at once.

Mrs. Packer Ill.

Mrs. Frank Packer, of Nevada street, is again seriously ill. As was feared, the shock and excitement of the accident suffered by her husband has caused a relapse of typhoid fever, from which she had almost recovered. The reports from her husband, who is under treatment at the West Penn hospital, are most encouraging, and it is certain that the injured arm can be saved from amputation.

News of Wellsville.

The rolling mill is again running full time. New foundations have been placed under parts of machinery, and other repairs were made during the holiday shutdown.

Miss Margaret McGregor, of Wooster, is visiting friends in town.

Mrs. Andrew Watson and Mrs. A. C. Fogo spent today in Toronto with the families of Frank B. Kelley and Win S. Carson.

Rev. W. L. Crowl, of Commerce street, who has been alarmingly ill, has again resumed his usual health.

Edward Whetton, of Broadway, is ill with the prevailing disease.

So many of the employees of the railroad are off duty on account of sickness induced by exposure to the severe cold weather that but little repair work is being accomplished. Every day brings a new list of those unable to report for duty.

Councilman George Wells is again able to resume his duties on the railroad after illness of several weeks' duration.

Lou McCreary is now able to attend to his duties at the railroad shops.

Miss Louie Hill is visiting friends in Tiltonville.

Thomas Walmsly and wife, of the West End, left yesterday for an extended visit with friends in Illinois.

Invitations are out for a reception to be given by Misses Sue and Nan Stevenson tomorrow evening.

W. C. Aber, of Toronto, was registered at the Hotel Davis yesterday.

J. Goetz was a Pittsburgh visitor yesterday.

Miss Lillian Baron, who has been spending her holiday vacation at home, has again resumed her studies at Beaver college.

Walter Ewing is reported ill at the home of his father, Charles Ewing, Broadway.

Clerk J. S. McNutt and wife arrived in town from Lisbon last evening. Mr. McNutt is on a business trip and Mrs. McNutt will visit among her large circle of friends. Mr. McNutt will leave for a trip to Pittsburgh this evening.

NEW HYPNOTIC FREAKS.

Strange Capabilities of a Young Woman In Paris.

THE SENSIBILITY OF Mlle. LINA.

When In a Trance, It Leaves Her Body and Can Be Localized by the Operator In Any Object Within a Few Feet of Her—Curious Experiments In Which She Has Figured.

A very puzzling young person is at present exercising the curiosity of Parisians. She is known to fame as Mlle. Lina. Till recently she was an artist's model. Then Colonel de Rochas and M. Jules Bois discovered her strange capabilities, and Mlle. Lina has since passed much of her time in hypnotic trances, a state in which she performs wonders that must be seen to be believed. Her sponsors, it will be well to remark, are men of high standing and acknowledged reputation and not professional organizers of rare shows. Colonel de Rochas is at the head of the Ecole Polytechnique, a government institution and one of the foremost educational establishments in France. M. Jules Bois is among the most talented of the younger school of French novelists and an accepted authority on hypnotism and kindred subjects.

Presented under these auspices, Mlle. Lina cannot be dismissed as a vulgar impostor. Her pretensions at any rate deserve to be looked into. They are wonderful enough. Mlle. Lina, for instance, is the best subject Colonel de Rochas has so far come across for demonstrating the phenomena he terms the "exteriorization of sensibility." When in a trance, her sensibility leaves her body and can be localized by the operator in any object he desires within a few feet of her. If this object be pricked or otherwise manipulated, Mlle. Lina experiences exactly the same sensation as if the act had been performed on her own person, whereas her body while she is in this state is wholly insensible.

It may be objected that this sort of thing might be feigned. Colonel de Rochas, however, vouches for several cases in which deception would seem to be out of the question. On one occasion, for example, the sensibility of Mlle. Lina had been transferred to a photographic plate. Various experiments were made, and then the subject was brought back, as it was thought, to her normal condition. After the lapse of a considerable time Mlle. Lina was suddenly seized with shivering, and then with violent sickness. It was found that simultaneously with the appearance of these symptoms M. Euer, to whom the photographic plate belonged, had immersed it, unknown to the rest of the company and in a dark room in a distant corner of the house, in a chemical bath, and was developing it in the usual way, a process which had afflicted Mlle. Lina with a sort of seasickness.

In another curious set of experiments music played an important part. It was found that when a piano was played within hearing of Mlle. Lina while she was under the hypnotic influence she adopted attitudes suitable to the music played. In every case the attitudes were so strikingly beautiful and apposite as to excite the admiration of the operatic artists and painters who had been invited to witness the experiments. Here again the suspicion might arise of deception, though there is no reason to believe that Mlle. Lina has ever had any musical or dramatic training. But direct proof has been forthcoming of the genuineness of the phenomena.

A Polish musical composer who witnessed some of the experiments asked to be allowed to apply a test that would satisfy him that Mlle. Lina was not merely going through a performance rehearsed beforehand. What he did was to play a Polish country dance that has fallen even in Poland into almost entire oblivion. To his astonishment Mlle. Lina went through the dance exactly as it ought to be performed, though it was utterly impossible that she could have learned the proper gestures and measure.—Pall Mall Gazette.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 5th day of December, 1898, an application was made to the Commissioners of Columbiana County asking for permission to annex to the City of East Liverpool, in the County of Columbiana, and State of Ohio, the following described territory:

That territory bounded by commencing at a point on the northern boundary line of the present corporate limits, and at the quarter-section line of section thirty (30), township five (5), range one (1), Liverpool township, and running thence north to the north-west corner of section twenty-four (24) in this township; thence due east with the north line of section twenty-four (24), eighteen (18), and twelve (12), also on the north line of Pennsylvania avenue, as shown on the map of annexation; thence with the north line of Pennsylvania avenue to the state line thence with the state line to low water mark in the Ohio river; thence with low water mark in the Ohio river to the present corporate limits; thence along the present corporate limits to the place of beginning.

Said petition is now on file in the office of the Auditor of Columbiana county, and will be for hearing before the said Commissioners on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the rooms of the Commissioners, in the court house, in Columbiana county, Ohio.

J. M. McGARRY,

City Solicitor.
Published in the NEWS REVIEW, East Liverpool, Ohio, Dec. 15, 22, and 29, 1898, Jan. 5, 12, and 19, 1899.

An Expert.

"Do you carve?"
"I should say I did!"
"And what are your specialties?"
"Sausage and omelets."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

It is a sober truth that people who live only to amuse themselves work harder at the task than most people do in earning their daily bread.—Hannab More

Favorable to Tower and Harris.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The senate committee on foreign relations authorized favorable reports upon the nominations of Anton Charniague Tower, to be ambassador to Russia, and of Hon. A. C. Harris, to be minister to Austria-Hungary.

Carnegies Bought a Plate Mill.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Jan. 12.—The plate mill of the Bethlehem Iron company was sold to the Carnegie company and it will be removed to Homestead. The mill has been idle for a year. The purchase price is not given.

Generals Honorably Discharged.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—At their own request Brigadier Generals William W. Gordon and W. C. Oates of the volunteer army were honorably discharged from the military service of the United States.

General Hawley Renominated.

HARTFORD, Jan. 12.—At the joint caucus of the Republican members of both branches of the Connecticut legislature, General Hawley was nominated to succeed himself on the ninth ballot.

Hobart Was Able to Preside.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Vice President Hobart presided over the senate for the first time since the holiday recess, having heretofore been detained at his home by an attack of grip.

Colonel Webster Dead.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—Colonel George P. Webster, a well-known lawyer and a prominent member of Tammany Hall, died at his home in this city.

Weather Forecast.

Western Pennsylvania—Threatening; warmer; fresh east to west winds.
Ohio—Threatening; warmer in northern portion; fresh easterly winds.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

JAN. 13, 1899.

OLIVER SCOTT'S

BIG

MINSTREL CARNIVAL.

40-Prominent People-40

Headed by Billy Miller, Jas. White, Clarence Powell, Annie Stevenson, Harry Hart, John Kucker, the great McCarver Bros., Dudley & Harris, Marsh Craig, Alie Brown, Harry Waters, the original "Rastus," Reed Bros., Don Marreimo, the Cuban wonder, and 36 others of note.

R. N. Thompson's Big Military Band and Frank M. Hallstock's Orchestra. Watch for the big parade at noon.

Prices, 25, 35 and 50.

Seats on sale at Will Reed's.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

Special Dramatic Attraction,
SATURDAY, January 14.
Mr. Walker Whiteside, assisted by Miss Lelia Wolstan and a selected company of players, presenting—

The Red Cockade.

A Romantic Comedy-Drama of the Napoleonic Era.

An Adaptation From the French of "Lion Amoureux," by M. Ponsard.

Note—The Minnet as introduced in the second act, arranged and conducted by Mme. Malvina, of Augustin Daly's theatre, N. Y.

Prices 25, 35, 50, 75 and \$1. Reserved seats on sale at Reeds.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

2 Nights 2 | Mon. 16.
Only. Jan.

Wilson Theater Co. in High Class Comedy and Vaudeville. Opening in greatest of all Farce Comedies.

WHAT HAPPENED TO SMITH

Introducing refined up-to-date Specialties. Illustrated Songs and Calcutt Effects. Edison's latest moving pictures. The wonderful Kladescope Dance.

Monday Night, Ladies' Free.
Any lady accompanied by one paid ticket will be admitted free.

Remember the prices are within the reach of all.

10, 20 and 30c.

W. H. FRAZIER.

for the Yankee sweeps the ocean, and
the polishers of bones
in the Philippines and Sandwiches and
faraway Ladrões
must resign their meaty diet and come
down to plainer things, ...
or there'll be no more man eating 'neath
the eagle's sheltering wings!

...ment of a very curious and prob-
ably valuable Christmas present in the
form of a Cuban mummy. The flesh is
preserved, and the body resembles
other mummies shown in museums.
The mummy is about five feet in height and was
sent to Mr. Kingston by a friend in
the United States engineering corps,
who is stationed in Cuba.—Special Cincinnati
Enquirer.

Fullman Sleeping Cars are run on **Nos. 1 and 342**, and **Parlor Cars** on **Nos. 337 and 338** between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via **Long Creek and Alliance**. **No. 336** connects at **Wheeler** for **New Castle, Jamestown, Huntington, Niles, Warren, Ashtabula** and **intermediate stations**. **No. 340** for **Erle, Ashtabula** and **intermediate stations**.

Nos. 335 and 337 connect at **Payard** for **Philadelphia**, and stations on **Tuscarawas** such. **Nos. 340 and 360** connect with **Ns. 335 and 337** at **Wellsville**.

F. LOREE, General Manager, **E. A. FORD**, General Passenger Agent

-98-H PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any of the **Pennsylvania Lines**.

ALL THE NEWS

In the NEWS REVIEW

UNION-MADE GOODS

This Certificate has been issued to the
 service has been made by members of the International Union
 of Bakers, the largest and most powerful of the labor organizations
 of the United States. It is a guarantee that the goods made
 by the members of the International Union of Bakers are made
 by the members of the International Union of Bakers.

Local Stamp

STOCKHOLDERS TO PAY

Receiver I. B. Cameron Has an Order From Washington.

ASSESSMENT OF 100 PER CENT

Epon the Stockholders of Lisbon's First National Bank Is Due Feb. 9—All Must Be Paid Within Four Months—May Go After Bondsmen and Directors.

LISBON, Jan. 12.—[Special]—I. B. Cameron as receiver of the First National Bank, of Lisbon, received an order yesterday from the comptroller of the currency commanding him to make an assessment of 100 per cent on the stockholders of the bank. It is to be paid on or before Feb. 9. The stockholders, however, have the privilege of paying on that date one-fourth of the assessment, and three other equal installments in one, two and three months following. This makes the whole amount payable by May 9. If, however, the stockholders do not pay at least one-fourth as specified in the order the whole amount becomes due and payable Feb. 10. It will then be the duty of the receiver to bring suit and levy an execution for the entire amount. Should any stockholders be among the bank's depositors they are not allowed to make it a setoff against his assessment. Each must pay his assessment and receive his deposit pro rata with other depositors.

Receiver Cameron when questioned concerning the matter said he was under the orders of the comptroller of the currency, and if he desired him to go after the bondsmen of the late cashier, M. J. Child, he would certainly do it. If the directors, by negligence, have made themselves liable the same course will be followed. Should collections from this source amount to more than is needed to pay the bank's obligations it will be refunded to the stockholders.

TULLIS IS LIABLE.

He Too Can Be Tried Like His Friends For Gambling.

An attorney who has acted in a legal capacity in connection with the recent gambling cases made the following statement to the NEWS REVIEW yesterday: "I notice by your paper that Mayor Bough states that J. Frank Tullis is exempt from prosecution upon the charge of gambling, and gives the state law as his authority. You can say for me that Mr. Tullis is not exempt at the present time for the reason that he has not as yet testified in a state case, and is just as guilty as any of the parties who were fined for gambling. He can at the present time be arrested and fined for gambling, and there is no law that can save him."

Scott's Minstrels.

The only new and original good thing this season is "Oliver Scott's Refined Negro Minstrels," and it's sixteen to one that its success will not be duplicated by any production visiting this city. It is an elaborate series of pictures, wherein darky life is seen from plantation to palace, backed by gorgeous scenery specially painted for this mammoth spectacle. Real Negro actors make up the mammoth company, and a buck dance is introduced where the dancers really contest for supremacy.

Working In Steubenville.

Several gentlemen, who have been in the city sometime auditing the books and appraising the stock of the local potteries, left this morning for Steubenville where they commenced the work of auditing the books of the Steubenville Pottery company. This plant will be finished by tomorrow evening.

John Robinson Buried.

The remains of John Robinson, who died in Elizabeth, N. J., recently, was brought to this city on the train due at 10:05 o'clock this morning. They were taken to the home of his sister near Spring Grove cemetery, where services were held this afternoon. Interment was made in Spring Grove.

Must Tell the Company.

The Pennsylvania company has just issued an order to all its employees requesting them to tell their age and how long they have been in the service of the company. It is not known the cause of this order but some suppose it is on account of the Voluntary Relief association.

An Observation.

The Bell Pottery company's injunction suit against the pottery trust has gone glimmering. When a small concern like the Bell runs up against a giant combine such as the pottery trust is, something has to drop, and drop hard.—Steubenville Herald.

RAILROAD'S NEW POLICY.

The Northwestern to Replace Two Hundred Women With Men.

"No Women Need Apply" will hereafter be the sign at the Chicago Northwestern railroad office. A good proportion of those now working for the railroad will be discharged on New Year's day, and as soon as possible they will be got rid of.

The railroad in the past has employed fully 200 women as stenographers and clerks, and it will make a great change in its policy. The high officials of the corporation are not inclined to discuss the causes of their ungallant conduct. "I have nothing to say," murmurs Vice President Sykes. "Go to General Manager Whiteman."

"The report is true, but I have nothing to say," declares Mr. Whiteman. "Go to Mr. Sykes."

Another official, who would not permit his name to be used because his superiors are silent, gave a novel reason for the sudden change in policy.

"It is all due," he said, "to the general rule of the Northwestern railroad to advance its employees from low positions to offices of trust. Can you imagine a woman as general superintendent or general manager of the affairs of this great railroad system? I cannot. Neither can any one else. So long as we have women in the clerical positions, however, just so long will the source from which to draw valuable officials in future be narrowed to small limits. This is the only reason why the change has been made."

Several of the women employees admit having received notice that after Jan. 1 their services will be dispensed with. Only those, however, who have worked for the company less than two years are affected, but the older employees will be gradually dispensed with. Would be railroad clerks and embryo superintendents are jubilant over the situation, and men are filing by scores and hundreds applications for positions.—New York Journal.

MRS. M'KINLEY WINS A COOK.

Hot Brick Blazes the Way to the White House For Aunt Martha.

Aunt Martha, an ancient negress of Atlanta, is relating with much satisfaction the circumstances under which a position as one of the White House cooks has been offered to her. On the first day of the peace jubilee the atmosphere was chilly and moist. Mrs. McKinley, though fearing the effects of the exposure, did not want to break up the affair by setting a bad example, so entered her carriage and was driven off at the head of the procession.

Aunt Martha says she had expected that the wife of the president would suffer much inconvenience on account of the weather, so she brought a hot brick, well wrapped up, along with her, and when the presidential carriage was compelled to halt for a short time after passing the jubilee arch she boldly stepped up and deftly inserted the brick under the feet of Mrs. McKinley, explaining that it was too cold a day to be out unless some such precaution was adopted. Much pleased, Mrs. McKinley instituted inquiries about Martha, and, finding her reputation satisfactory, made her an offer to come to the White House as a cook. Aunt Martha is now the most popular of Atlanta negroes.—New York Press.

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

German Scientist's Discovery and Its Successful Application.

Professor Landerer of Stuttgart has recently published his discovery of what he believes to be a cure for tuberculosis in its first stages, together with the results of 15 years of his special treatment of the disease. His method of treatment calls for subcutaneous and intravenous injections of cinnamic acid and its derivatives, betol and betokresol.

The treatment has been abundantly tested in the Karl and Olga hospital, Stuttgart. His notes show that tuberculosis, taken in its first stages, was invariably cured by the cinnamic acid treatment, with the aid of dietetic and hygienic measures, continued for a period of several months, while in the case of those in whom the disease had advanced to the second stage 70 per cent were cured. The injected drugs act directly on the diseased tissues, Professor Landerer says, cicatrizing them and checking tubercular agglomeration. Several specialists on lung diseases whom I saw the other day express the opinion that the discovery is most important and well supported by experiment.—Berlin Cor. Chicago Record.

How It All Began.

When Hobson sank the Merrimac, As his commander wished him, And in that awful hurricane Of deadly missiles risked him, What did those treacherous Spanish do—Plant knives within his system? No; they hastened to assist him And were glad their shots had missed him.

When they saw how few The gallant crew Who'd braved death to assist him; Who for honor and their own dear land Had faced death to assist him, And what d'you think Cervera did? He actually kissed him—He actually kissed him! Yes, actually kissed him! He liked his bravery so much, The gray old sailor kissed him.

P.S.—Now our girls have also kissed him—Maxwell Williams in Chicago Record.

SHIPS SAVED AT SEA.

WHAT IS MEANT BY "SALVAGE" AND HOW IT IS PAID.

There is no Law That Signals of Distress at Sea Must Be Heeded—Public Opinion Alone Enforces Responses to Calls For Help.

Salvage on ships saved at sea by others in the majority of cases is paid by the underwriters, although the big steamship companies insure themselves. The insurance companies think that a board of arbitration can more satisfactorily adjust salvage claims than can the courts. The word salvage, as defined by that celebrated admiralty authority, Roscoe, is "the reward which is earned by those who have voluntarily saved or assisted in saving a ship or boat or their apparel or any sort thereof or the lives of persons at sea or a ship, cargo or any part thereof, from peril or a wreck from total loss." The last part of the definition is a trifle puzzling.

In discussing the merits of salvage cases it must be remembered that there is no obligation, written or implied, upon the master or crew of any vessel to heed signals of distress. Public opinion alone enforces the idea that "a call for help at sea must be obeyed." The laws of salvage are merely framed to encourage the saving of life and property on the deep. There is avarice in the mariner as in landmen, and the laws are made to overcome and curb these mercenary ambitions. For that reason a master and his crew cannot expect salvage for saving their own vessel. It is the natural assumption in law, as well as in fact, that they must do everything they can to preserve their charge and under an agreement with the owners keep it from danger whenever possible.

In salvage one of the first laws is that the peril must be actual. The bargain made in time of danger by the master or agent of the imperiled craft with another volunteering aid need not of necessity hold in court, and generally does not. As a rule the bargain is exorbitant and made at a time when the victim would be willing to guarantee the payment of millions for proffered assistance. This point has been decided hundreds of times, the courts taking the stand that the peril made an exorbitant bargain necessary.

As a general thing, the salvage award is equal to about one-third the value in the case of sailing craft and from one-third to one-half in the case of steamers. The owners of the saving craft, whose money was wasted by delay, wear and tear, are of course entitled to the bigger piece of the plum. The master of the salvor gets about twice the sum that his mate receives, and the mate is paid something like double the amount of each sailor.

Should the latter have been a member of a lifeboat crew used in running bawlers or in going aboard as a prize crew he and his mates are entitled to an extra compensation. Naval officers cannot claim salvage when the work accomplished is in the direct line of their duty.

In the case of a abandoned vessel there is a peculiar law as applied to ownership. No matter where the derelict be found and towed or assisted in by a prize crew or otherwise the court holds that she is still the property of her original owners, although abandoned by her crew, their agents, and that no effort has been made by them to recover her. It sounds peculiar to the average mariner, but it's the law.

To make a successful salvage claim it is necessary that the property must be actually saved and saved by those claiming to be salvors. In other words, the salvage services must be rendered by persons not bound by contract to render them. If the mariner or other encounters the danger or misfortune or damage which might possibly expose the ship to destruction unless assistance is rendered and does all he can to save the vessel, and his services tend in some degree to save or preserve her, compensation will be awarded him, although the vessel is mainly preserved by other means.

The longest time that any one steamer has been at sea with disabled machinery before reaching port was 77 days. This was the United States corvette Itasca in 1890. She was bound to Samoa from Honolulu, and had only seven days' rations left when port was reached. In 1897 the steamer Indralema was towed into St. Thomas after having been at sea for 47 days. The Glasgow steamer Strathness, after drifting 33 days out of the range of steamers, was towed into St. Michael's in January, 1897, by the British steamer Hannah M. Bell. Another Strath, the Strathnevis, drifted helplessly on the Pacific for two months and over in 1895, and was finally towed into Puget sound. The Dispatch in 1864 was out 61 days with crippled machinery, and four years ago the British cruiser Calypso broke down 2,000 miles from port and sailed in unaided, much to the delight of the dwindling band of naval experts who maintain that every warship ought to be provided with ample sail power.

The owners of those ships that were obliged to drift for weeks, and in several cases for months, would not have found fault with the question of salvage had a helping hand come along—at least there would have been no com-

plaint just then.—New York Mail and Express.

WINTER RESORT IN CUBA.

Collector of Customs Race on the Advantages of Baracoa.

W. E. Race of El Paso, Tex., formerly collector of customs at that place, but lately employed in a similar capacity at Baracoa, Cuba, has written this letter to Assistant Secretary Howell of the treasury:

"Baracoa, I am told, is the most pleasantly situated of all the towns in Cuba, and I must say there is no city I have ever seen on our own coast that is so well endowed with such a favorable location. Were this point on our southern coast its value as a winter resort could not be estimated by any found there. The harbor is small, but quite deep, any vessel being perfectly safe within its boundaries. The town is situated on what we would term a small cape of coral formation. At the extreme sea point is situated the land fort or fortifications, if one could so call the cannon they have within its secure and well built walls.

"The harbor lies west and north of the town, and on the east is a half circle inlet, about a mile or less wide, with a beautiful beach. Across the harbor on the west side is equally well located a site for a fine resort as one could wish for. On each side of the town, about three miles apart, mountain streams enter the sea from the south. Fishing in sea and rivers is good, and there is fine hunting throughout the surrounding mountains. Pheasants and similar game are plentiful, also deer. The climate here at present is similar to the spring climate of our middle states, and the nights are cool and pleasant. Since arriving in Cuba myself and family have not suffered in the least from any of the causes of sickness the island is said to possess."—New York Sun.

OYSTERS FOR THE KLONDIKE

Over a Ton of Bivalves Recently Shipped to Dawson City.

Inside of two months Dawson City markets will be selling fresh oysters. Klondikers with money to burn can give oyster suppers at \$25 a plate to their special friends. It is safe to say that the sport who first discovered that fresh, juicy eastern oysters have arrived will make a hit that will outrival "Swift Water Bill" Gates' egg play with Gussie Lamore.

On the steamer Alki were a number of innocent looking kegs. The shipment weighed slightly over a ton, and each keg contained 50 pounds of frozen oysters. No juice will be found among the Dawson bound oysters. It was carefully drained off before the freezing process started. The oyster shippers have learned a lesson from dishonest milkmen. They decided that it was no use to carry a ton of juice over the icefields of the north for thousands of miles when plenty of water was always to be had. They start out with a ton of oysters, but the Dawsonites will have two tons to buy.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

FIFTY-FOUR BROKEN BONES.

Chicago Woman Is a Sufferer From Queer Disease.

Cora Liness, aged 35 years, of Chicago, holds the world's record for fractured bones, having sustained 54 fractures, many of which have been reduced at the county hospital, from which she has recently been discharged. Osteosarthyrosis is the name of the ailment. It means fragility of the bones.

The bones of Miss Liness are so brittle that a quick contraction of her muscles will snap one. Her first fracture occurred at the age of 2 months, and the second occurred while asleep through muscular action. The bones which break so easily mend even sooner than in ordinary cases, and the fractures are reduced in about half the time taken for the ordinary break to knit.—Philadelphia Press.

Skins Rattlesnakes Alive.

Reuben Eters, the head game warden for the Spruce Run Rod and Gun club, on the top of the Alleghany mountains, recently sent to the New York markets his season's product of rattlesnake skins and oil. He shipped 179 skins and about a pint and a half of oil, and he expects to realize about \$200 net for the same. Eters skins the rattlers alive in order to secure the skin in as perfect a condition as possible, and he has had many thrilling encounters as well as narrow escapes from being bitten by the reptiles, but so far during all the years he has been in the mountains he has never once been bitten.—Philadelphia Times.

Equal to the Occasion.

In 1840 a great convention was held in Baltimore by the young men of what was then known as the Whig party for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of General William Henry Harrison for the presidency. There was no hall in the city large enough to hold the crowd of delegates who attended. The convention accordingly met on the Canton race track, and when the great Whig orator of this state, who was chairman of the Young Men's national committee, arose to call the meeting to order he was so impressed by the vastness of the assembly before him that instead of the usual formula he exclaimed, "The nation will please come to order!"—Baltimore Sun.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop

IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything.

From an

Election Sticker

to a

3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE COLOR PRINTING, ART CATALOGUES, EMBOSSED, HALF TONE WORK, IM. LITHOGRAPHY, IM. TYPE WRITER, &c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS, FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

It Will Be a
Happy New Year

If you use

**"COKE'S
BREAD."**

Made by W. H. Colclough &
Co., 102 Fifth Street.

PHONE 176-2.

N. B.—Leave your orders now for
Fruit Cake. Wedding Cake a specialty.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The Red Men will install officers this evening.

Frank Oyster, of Sixth street, was in Alliance today on business.

Councilman W. C. Stewart is visiting friends in Hancock county today.

J. W. Finley is able to be out after a severe illness with the grip.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Sebring will this evening entertain a party of friends at dinner.

John W. Harris has returned from a visit of a few days with Rochester friends.

The street force were busy today cutting ice in the hill streets so that teams could get up them.

John Means, of Steubenville, was in the city last evening, the guest of John S. Goodwin, of Broadway. He returned to his home this morning.

The number of strangers who have come to the city within the past few days has been almost without precedent and the hotels have been crowded.

The household effects of Mrs. Cora Watson were this morning shipped to New Brighton. It has been several days since any movings have been received.

Mrs. M. K. Zimmerman is seriously ill at her home in Market street suffering from a severe attack of the grip. Her condition yesterday was considered serious.

Mrs. Maria E. Carson, wife of Rev. P. M. Carson, is seriously ill at her home, 351 Lisbon street. Although the illness has been prolonged, her friends anticipate speedy recovery.

William Wilson, who sails Saturday for England, will take with him an exhibit of 30 pieces of fine American ware to Nottingham Castle. The ware is being sent by William Mayer.

The supreme court has decided that telephone companies cannot cut down trees bordering highways without the consent of property owners. The party who brought suit received \$1,200.

The funeral of Robert Reed took place this afternoon from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Daniel Southall, and was very largely attended. Rev. B. M. Carson officiated. Interment was made at Spring Grove.

John and James Seeley and William Hauck, the alleged river pirates who were suspected of having operated in this place, were detected in an attempt to escape from the Steubenville jail. They had sawed the bars of their cells.

The main line of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road, between Broadway and Walnut street, was improved today by the placing of several new rails in the place of the old ones. Foreman Hickey has placed this section in the best condition possible.

It was rumored this morning that a charge of keeping open after hours had been preferred against an uptown saloon keeper. Mayor Bough was asked about the matter this morning and said that he had not seen any such charge if one had been made.

Clerk Ed McClure, of the postoffice department today received the October examination papers from Washington. The successful persons who passed the examination are Miss Lillian McBane, clerk; Edward Gould, mail carrier.

Mayor Bough returned to his office last evening, after spending the day visiting his father, Stacey P. Bough, at Cannon's Mills. The gentleman has been very ill with the grip, and Tuesday it was feared he was taking the pneumonia. His condition last evening was much improved.

Matters continue slow at the freight depot, and yesterday very few cars were loaded and sent from the outbound platform. The clerks at the general office have business to do, but they are not rushed like they were in November. Receipts are fair, and a small increase is visible over those of last week.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

REMOVAL SALE.

A GENUINE REDUCTION. This accounts for the hundreds of pleased customers who have attended this sale. The low prices still rule; so almost anything you may need in the line of dry goods can be secured at this sale at a money saving to you.

Blankets.

Good blanket weather—good time to buy. This is a good place to buy them, as we not only carry good reliable blankets, but the prices are very low.

All wool colored blankets, 66x81 inches. regular price \$2.98; sale price, \$2.48.

The \$3.50 blankets at \$2.98.

The \$4.50 blankets at \$3.98.

The \$7.50 blankets at \$6.50.

And similar reductions on any other priced blankets we have in stock.

Comforts.

\$7.50 eider down comforts, silk top, satine lining, at \$6.25.

\$3 cotton down comforts at \$2.40.

\$2.75 extra size home made at \$2.40.

\$2.25 comforts at \$1.75.

\$1.75 comforts at \$1.40.

\$1 comforts at 85c.

Flannels.

All wool country made—

The 35c flannels at 28c.

The 21c flannels at 17c.

\$1 all wool flannel skirts at 80c each.

Lace Curtains.

Our entire stock of lace curtains, cur-
tainnets and curtain materials at a dis-
count of 20 per cent.

Furs.

A few nice fur scarfs at low prices.

Collarettes.

The \$2.98 collarettes at \$1.98.

The \$8.50 collarettes at \$6.25.

The \$15 collarettes at \$9.98.

Cloaks.

Selling coats every day now. Good
time to buy, prices are low and you have
about three or four months yet in which to
wear a winter jackee.

Women's Jackets.

The \$5 jackets at \$3.98.

The \$7.50 jackets at \$5.

The \$10 jackets at \$6.98.

The \$18 jackets \$11.98.

Low prices on plush capes.

33 1/3 % REDUCTION

on all children's cloaks, 1 to 12 years. It
will pay you to visit our Removal Sale.

D. M. Ogilvie & Co.

The First National Bank Of East Liverpool, O.

President—DAVID BOYCE.
Vice President—J. M. KELLY.
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

DAVID BOYCE, W. L. THOMPSON,
J. M. KELLY, O. O. VODREY,
B. C. SIMMS, JNO. C. THOMPSON,
JAS. N. VODREY.

Capital, - - - \$100,000
Surplus, - - - 50,000

General Banking Business.

Invite Business and
Personal Accounts

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

193 Washington Street.

FOR SALE.

Lot on east side of Avondale,
between Bradshaw and Mi-
nerva Street. Will be sold
cheap to cash buyer. Call on

**The Hill
Real Estate Co.**
105 Sixth St., City.

PIANO TUNING.

1st tuning.....\$3.00
2d tuning (within 1 yr) 2.00
3d tuning (within 1 yr) 1.00

J. P. HARRINGTON.
SMITH & PHILLIPS.

Our Fire Department

Received 17 calls during
the month of December.
The next call may be to
some of your property.
If not insured you should
at once. Apply for rates
to

GEO. H. OWEN & CO.,

General Insurance
and Real Estate Agts.,

First National Bank Building.

Phone 49.

BRIGGS

PIANOS
SMITH & PHILLIPS
EAST LIVERPOOL - OHIO
WITH W. L. THOMPSON & CO.

Watch Repairing.

A watch is a most delicate piece of
mechanism, and when out of order
should be placed in the hands of the
most skillful workmen.

Take It to PATTISON.

Our Is steadily growing. We
Optical make glasses that FIT, and
Business the materials are the finest
procureable.

**224 WASHINGTON ST.
Running and
Paid Up Stock**

now being issued in any
amount desired.

THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.,
Corner Fifth and Washington.

ALL the News in the
News Review.

PROTEST AGAINST NORTH.

A Resolution Was Adopted by the Ohio
Woolgrowers—Lawrence Re-
Elected President.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—The Ohio wool-
growers adopted resolutions asking
congress to revise the wool and woolen
goods schedule of the tariff law so as
to equalize the protection to manufact-
urers and to wool; advocating the es-
tablishment of depositories for market-
ing wool and opposed the appointment
of S. N. D. North, secretary of the Na-
tional Association of Wool Manufact-
urers, as superintendent of the census
for the alleged reason that his sym-
pathies were adverse to the woolgrowers.
Judge Lawrence of Bellefontaine
was re-elected president and W. N.
Cowden of Quaker City secretary.

After Columbus Gas Interests.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—Emerson Mc-
Millin of New York city is in this city,
and in an interview said that he was
representing a company recently in-
corporated by New York capitalists,
under the laws of West Virginia, with
a capital stock of \$5,000,000, which was
about to secure the control of the Co-
lumbus Gas company and the Central
Ohio Natural Gas and Fuel company.
The purpose was to prevent the depre-
ciation of the property, owing to fierce
competition. Mr. McMillin said, but
not to consolidate the two concerns.

Railroad to Be Sold.

COLUMBUS, Jan. 12.—The Hocking
Valley and Toledo railroad will be sold
in this city on Feb. 24, under the order
of the United States court, by the spe-
cial master commissioners. No bid for
less than \$3,250,000 will be considered
on the railroad property, and none less
than \$750,000 on the property of the
Hocking Coal and Railroad company, a
subsidiary concern. The sale is in fur-
therance of the reorganization plan.

Died About Two Hours Later.

CANAL DOVER, Jan. 12.—William
Spicher, aged 35, who lived near Beach
City, was watching laborers engaged in
blowing out stumps with dynamite,
when a heavy piece of timber struck
him. He died about two hours later.

FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS.

Women's Board For the United States
and Canada Met in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The third con-
ference of the women's board of for-
eign missions in the United States and
Canada opened here, in the Broadway
tabernacle. The following officers were
elected to serve during the conference:
President, Mrs. Judson Smith, Bos-
ton; treasurer, Miss Elgiman, Nor-
wich; secretaries, Miss Theodora
Crosby, New York, and Miss Mabel
Brown, Newark, N. J.

NEW THEOLOGICAL PROFESSORS.

Rev. Drs. Hall and Knox Nominated For
Places at Union Seminary.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—At a meeting of
the board of directors of the Union
Theological seminary the Rev. Dr.
Thomas C. Hall, formerly of Chicago,
was nominated professor of Christian
ethics and the Rev. Dr. George W.
Knox of Rye, N. Y., formerly of the
University of Tokio, Japan, and for
some time lecturer of apologetics at the
Union seminary, was nominated pro-
fessor of the philosophy and history of
religion.

Under the rules of the board the nom-
inations will be confirmed at a special
meeting 30 days hence.

REV. DR. VAN DYKE CALLED.

Clergyman Asked to Take Chair of Litera-
ture at Johns Hopkins.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The Rev. Dr.
Henry Van Dyke, pastor of the Brick
Presbyterian church, received a call to
the chair of literature of Johns Hop-
kins university at Baltimore.

Dr. Van Dyke was seriously consider-
ing the offer, it was said, but a strong
effort was being made by the congre-
gation to retain him as pastor.

Bills Spoke in Plymouth Church.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The Rev. Dr.
N. D. Lillis, pastor of the Central
church of Chicago, who had been called
to fill the pastorate of Plymouth church,
received his first introduction to that
congregation, when he lectured to an
audience that crowded the church.

AGAINST CURRENCY LEGISLATION.

House Committee Voted to Withdraw the
Bill on the House Calendar.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The banking
and currency committee of the house
unanimously directed the withdrawal
of the bill revising the banking and
currency laws now on the house calen-
dar.

Representative Mitchell of New York
gave notice that at next Wednesday's
meeting of the committee he would
move that the bill be re-reported to the
house and Mr. Van Voorhees of Ohio
gave notice that he would move to sub-
stitute the recommendations of the
president's message on the subject.

MAKING STEADY PROGRESS.

American-Canadian Commission Was In
Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The Ameri-
can-Canadian commission was in ses-
sion, but its work was devoted to mat-
ters of detail. The members of the
commission report, however, that they
are making steady progress.

In the sixteenth century fencers held
the sword in their right hand and a
dagger in the left to ward off blows.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 11.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 68¢@69¢.
CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, old, 42¢@43¢; No.
2 yellow, shelled, 41¢@41½¢; high mixed,
shelled, 39¢@39½¢; No. 2 yellow shelled, new,
40¢@40½¢; No. 2 yellow ear, new, 42¢@42½¢.
OATS—No. 1 white, new, 33½¢@34¢; No. 2
white clipped, 33¢@33½¢; extra No. 3 white,
32½¢@33¢; light mixed, 31¢@31½¢.
HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$3.75@3.90; No. 2, \$3.00
@3.25; No. 1 clover mixed, \$3.00@3.25; wagon
hay, \$9.00@9.50 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 65¢@75¢
per pair; small, 50¢@60¢; spring chickens, 50¢
@60¢ per pair; ducks, 60¢@75¢ per pair; turkeys,
10¢@11¢ per pound; geese, \$1.00@1.15 per pair.
Dressed—Chickens, 10¢@11¢ per pound; ducks,
10¢@11¢; turkeys, 12¢@14¢; geese, 9¢@10¢.

GAME—Rabbits, per pair, 12¢@15¢; quail, per
dozen, \$1.25@1.50; squirrel, per dozen, \$1.00@
1.25; pheasants, \$1.00@7.00; prairie chickens,
\$5.00@6.00 per dozen; wild turkeys, \$1.00@1.50
each; venison saddle, 17¢@18¢ per pound.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23½¢@24¢; extra
creamery, 22¢@23¢; Ohio fancy creamery, 18¢
@19¢; country roll, 14¢@15¢; low grades and cook-
ing, 11¢@12¢.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, 10½¢@11¢; three-
quarters, 9½¢@10¢; New York state, full cream,
October make, 11¢@11½¢; Ohio Swiss, 11¢@11½¢;
Wisconsin, 13¢@14¢; 20-pound brick, Swiss, 12¢
@12½¢; Limburger, 11¢@12¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and
Ohio, in cases, 25¢@26¢; candled, 2¢@27¢; south-
ern, fresh, 23¢@24¢; storage eggs, 21¢@22¢.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 11.

CATTLE—Supply today light; market
steady. We quote: Extra, \$5.40@5.60; prime,
\$5.15@5.35; good, \$4.90@5.10; tidy, \$4.5¢@4.75;
fair, \$4.00@4.35; common, \$3.20@3.75; feeders,
\$3.80@4.35; stockers, \$3.00@3.75; heifers, \$3.25@
4.40; oxen, \$2.50@3.75; bulls, cows and stags,
\$2.50@3.80; good fresh cows, \$4.00@5.00; fair,
\$3.50@3.80; bologna cows, \$10.00@20.00.

HOGS—Receipts light, about 10 double-
decks; market active and 5¢ higher. We
quote: Prime heavies and assorted mediums,
\$3.85@3.90; best Yorkers, \$3.80@3.85; light
Yorkers and pigs, \$3.70@3.75; skips and com-
mon pigs, \$2.75@3.25; roughs, \$2.50@3.40.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply 4 loads; mar-
ket steady. We quote: Choice wethers, \$4.45
@4.55; good wethers, \$4.25@4.40; fair mixed,
\$3.70@4.10; common, \$2.50@3.50; choice lambs,
\$5.50@5.45; common to good, \$4.50@5.25; veal
calves, \$6.50@7.25; heavy and thin calves, \$4.00
@5.00.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 11.

HOGS—Market active and higher at \$3.17½¢@
3.75.

CATTLE—Market strong at \$2.50@4.85.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep
steady at \$2.25@4.00. Lambs—Market steady
at \$4.25@5.40.

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.

WHEAT—Spot market firm; No. 2 red, 80½¢
f. o. b. afloat to arrive.

CORN—Spot market firm; No. 2, 43½¢@43¾¢
f. o. b. afloat.

OATS—Spot market quiet; No. 2, 33½¢; No.
2 white, 35½¢.

CATTLE—Market active; steers firm to a
shade higher; bulls 15¢ higher; cows steady
to 1¢ higher. Steers, \$4.70@5.50; tail ends
\$4.30; oxen and stags, \$2.70@4.85; bulls, \$3.00@
4.10; cows, \$2.10@4.10.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep
steady to firm; lambs opened strong, closing
easy. Sheep, common to good, \$3.00@4.75;
no prime here; lambs, ordinary to choice,
\$3.25@5.85; Canada lambs, \$3.02½¢@4.70; culis
\$4.50.

HOGS—Market firm at \$3.85@4.10.

The News Review for news.